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TWO MEN DEAD, FOUR IN JAIL

MISSOURI TRAIN ROBBERS MEET WITH A WARM RECEPTION.

Attempt to Waylay the Express Out of St. Joseph Foiled by the Officers of the Law—Traitors in the Thieves' Camp—The Road Sends Out a Dummy Train Filled with the Police—A Bitter Fight—Threat of the Bandits to Blow Up the Express Car.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Sept. 25.—The train-robbing industry received a decided setback this morning. Two men dead and four in jail is the result of a plan which miscarried because there were traitors in the camp. The robbers expected to make a rich haul of money, as the regular express usually carries from $50,000 to $100,000 out of St. Joseph. Instead, they tackled a train loaded with armed police and detectives, and train robbing received its second and blackest eye within a week.

For several days the Chief of Police, the Sheriff, and the officials of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy have had information that an attempt was to be made to rob the Omaha express on the Kansas City, St. Joseph and Council Bluffs Road at Roys Branch, a secluded spot three miles north of this city. The bandits were home talent. Their names are: Frederick Kohler, aged twenty, who carried papers and who was the projector and Captain; N. A. Hurst, a private detective in the employ of the P. T. Lockis Agency; William Garver, a young fellow out of employment; Charles Fredericks, a paper carrier, aged nineteen; Henry Gleitze, the son of the proprietor of the Occidental Hotel, and Hugo Engel, a stepbrother of Gleitze.

Hurst was acting in his business capacity, and communicated every movement of the band to his chief, P. T. Lockis, and Garver unfolded the scheme to Chief of Police Broder last Friday. That night an attempt was to have been made. A number of police and Deputy Sheriffs secreted themselves in the express car. The robbers were stationed at the rendezvous, but the scheme miscarried because the passenger train pulled out on the time of a freight train, and the robbers discovered their mistake too late to signal for a stop. Last night was then set as the time for a second attempt.

In the meantime Fredericks had told Sheriff Garson of the plot. A dummy train was made up at the Kansas City, St. Jo and Council Bluffs round house and sent out on the time of the regular Omaha express. This consisted of a mail car, express car, and six coaches, two of the latter darkened to present the appearance of sleepers. Engineer Les Wright and Victor Wise were in the cab, and Conductor John Hardenstein had charge of the train.

In the baggage car were the following officers: Detective Retchie of the Police Department, John R. Martin, C. S. Scott, Dan Shea, W. H. Rice, Robert Mauer, George Hays, Edward Long, all policemen of St. Joseph. In the express car were Sheriff Garson, Deputy Sheriff John Brown, Patrolmen Joff. Carson, John C. Roach, William Halley, and Edward Kieffer. In the next car were Chief of Police Broder, General Manager W. C. Brown of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy; Superintendent Hohl of the Kansas City, St. Joseph and Council Bluffs; Superintendent Sanford of the Adams Express Company, and Patrolmen Edward Long, John Kendrick, and J. L. Clayborn.

All the officers were well armed with shotguns and Winchesters. Engineer Callicotta of the Kansas City, St. Jo and Council Bluffs was pressed into service as an expressman. He wore overalls, and an empty safe and some empty boxes were put in his car to give it the appearance of an express car. When the train reached Schutzen Park, a short distance this side of the water works, a man stepped out on the track and swung a red lantern. Engineer Wright stopped his engine and he and the fireman were at once covered by a masked man with a shotgun, who did not enter the cab, but stood on the ground outside. This was Gleitze.

He commanded the engineer and fireman to alight, which they did, and were then ordered to go back to the express car. When they reached the car they were joined by two more of the robbers, who pounded on the door with their guns and ordered the messenger to open it. After a short parley Callicotta threw open the door. Chief Broder and his men were concealed behind the safe and empty boxes. When the robbers ordered the express messenger to open the door they threatened to blow up the car with dynamite. One of them said:

"Open up here and be d—d quick about it, or we will blow up the car with dynamite. Open up or we kill you!"

They had two large sticks of dynamite, each wrapped in two or three copies of a newspaper. To each of the sticks was attached a fuse about three feet long. This fuse connected with a fulminating cap in the end of the stick, and would burn and explode the dynamite in about two minutes.

It was known to the officers that dynamite might be used, and it was at first proposed to let the robbers explode some of it before firing upon them. Before leaving St. Joseph, however, Chief Broder decided that it would be a very dangerous risk, and he concluded to take no chances. He therefore instructed Callicotta, the bogus messenger, to open the door before the robbers had a chance to explode the stuff. Chief Broder says there was enough dynamite to blow the car into splinters, and his action now proves to have been a wise one.

The first man to enter the car was Kohler. He was followed by Hugo Engel. Kohler stood for a moment upon the threshold of the car. He pointed two pistols at the bogus express messenger, and with an oath ordered him to open the safe at once. Callicotta said he would, but instead he slid behind a box. At this moment Sheriff Garson raised up his head to make an inspection. This movement might have been fatal had it not been for the quick work of Patrolman Roach. Kohler saw the Sheriff's head and in an instant realized that the jig was up. "Take this, —— you," he said, as he aimed both pistols at the Sheriff's head.

He no sooner spoke than Roach fired, driving two slugs into him, and he toppled back and out of the car, his pistols discharging into the roof as he fell. Hugo Engel was half way into the car by this time, and a load of buckshot sent him into the weeds. This was the signal for general firing.

By prearrangement, Fredericks, Garver, and Hurst dropped to the ground at the first fire, and they were easily captured. Engel took to the weeds, and chase was given, but he escaped the officers. Kohler was game to the last. He crawled into a clump of weeds, and from this ambush emptied every chamber of his two pistols before he died. Engel was likewise game and made a desperate fight before being taken. He was taken into the baggage car and died upon the platform of the Francis Street station, shortly after the train reached this city, in the arms of his agonized mother and stepfather.

Henry Gleitze was captured in this city this morning. Patrolmen Kieffer, Dixon, Weber, and Falks surrounded him in the house of Mary Elsinger. When the police entered the Elsinger house, Gleitze was sitting in a rocking chair, and they leveled their guns at him. He immediately threw up his hands and begged the officers not to shoot. When searched, Gleitze had no weapons upon him; but his pockets were filled with ammunition. The prisoner was conveyed to the county jail and was locked up in a cell, where he was interviewed by a New-York Times correspondent.

The prisoner denied having been in any way connected with the attempted train robbery, and said that he was not out of the city last night. Three of the fingers of his left hand, however, bear different testimony. The ends of them have been cut off by bullets, and several holes in Gleitze's clothing show that the balls did not miss him far.

Kohler was cool and deliberate throughout the fight. He was and has always been a bad boy and the terror of all North St. Joseph. Though only twenty years of age he was married. His widow claims to know nothing about his doings and was apparently ignorant of his intention to rob the train last night. Gleitze is an ex-convict. He was convicted of highway robbery about three years ago and was sent to the penitentiary for two years. Hugo Engel was the son of Mrs. Engel, a widow, who married Henry Gleitze, proprietor of the Occidental Hotel. His parents are respectable and honest people. He was known as "Plug" Engel. Gleitze was generally considered to be tough, but it was not believed that he had nerve enough to attempt train robbing. He was a heavy-set dark-complexioned man about twenty-two years old.

TIED TOGETHER WHILE ASLEEP.

Three Men Rob a Butcher, Frighten His Wife, and Carouse Until Stupefied.

Three of the most desperate members of the "Slaughterhouse gang" were prisoners in the Yorkville Police Court yesterday, having been caught under peculiar circumstances. They were Peter Gallagher, twenty-two years old, of 225 West Sixty-first Street; John McGovern, twenty years old, of 225 West Sixty-fourth Street, and Nicholas Lawrence, twenty-two years old, of 528 West Sixty-ninth Street. These young men and their associates have long terrorized the law-abiding citizens of the Twenty-second Police Precinct.

The story of the doings of the young men Sunday night and their arrest was told in court yesterday by Policeman Illich. About midnight they went to the rooms of George Bower, twenty years old, a butcher living in the basement at 553 West Fiftieth Street with his wife, Johanna, twenty-two years old. They seized Bower, bound him to a chair, and relieved him of his money. Mrs. Bower was frightened into silence.

The men then bought large quantities of beer with Bower's money, and entered upon a debauch in the presence of the frightened couple. After much drinking the men became drowsy and threw themselves upon a bed. The bed broke down under their weight, and they cursed and abused the Bowers for not having a stronger bed for their accommodation. Then they laid the mattress upon the floor and were soon snoring in drunken stupor.

When Mrs. Bower was convinced that the men were sleeping soundly, she moved softly to her husband and unbound him. The couple then went quietly out of the house, and while the husband guarded the door the wife went in search of a policeman. She found Policeman Illich. When the policeman entered the basement he recognized the sleepers as three of the worst members of the "Slaughter House Gang."

Taking the same clothesline with which the men had bound Bower the policeman quietly and quickly tied the sleepers together. Then he awakened them. On realizing the predicament they were in the men threatened and cursed the policeman and the Bowers, but they were too securely bound to be able to do any further harm.

Seeing that his prisoners could not escape, Policeman Illich left the house and called in Policeman Sweeney. Together they led the prisoners to the station house in a string.

In court yesterday they were remanded until to-day. When Justice Grady asked why the Bowers were not in court, Illich said: "Because they do not dare to testify against the gang." He was instructed to have them in court to-day.

THE ZULU PRINCE GOES TO JAIL.

Some of His Stories Are Doubted by New-Haven People.

NEW-HAVEN, Conn., Sept. 25.—The case of Borneo Moskego, the Zulu Prince arrested while making a missionary address at the Zion Methodist Episcopal Church last night, was investigated to-day. Agent Preston of the Associated Charities took the case in hand this morning and examined Borneo's diary, which was captured in the mêlée last night.

Spicy anecdotes of Borneo's exploits as a missionary lecturer abound. Recommendations from clergymen all over the country have been found. One from the Rev. Dr. Gaines, pastor of the Bethany Baptist Church, 525 Bergen Street, Brooklyn, says that "Prince Borneo Moskego is the son of King Cetewayo of Zululand, and his mother, Tip A Lou, is Queen of that land."

It has just been learned that Queen Tip A Lou is with her son on his missionary tour. She appears to be about as young as her son, but then, being a native Queen, she can easily be supposed to have preserved her complexion. She was scheduled to appear at the Foote Street Baptist Church to-night and accompany her son's address on benighted Zululand with Zulu national songs, but the performance was postponed.

According to Borneo's diary, he has more names than an Austrian. Some of them are: Tippoo Tib, Orlando Gibson, and Charles Harris. The secret alphabet to his alleged Zulu language has been discovered by Agent Preston, and, deciphered, it is a queer phonetic combination, manufactured on the 4-11-44 policy plan, and made up of a system of ingenious syllabic juggling.

Borneo had his case continued to Oct. 2 in order to allow Agent Preston to collect further evidence. He was taken to jail and his Circassian locks cropped. He begged lustily, but the clippers run over his cranium.

A startling discovery was then made. Underneath the auburn Zulu kinks lay thick roots as black as that of an ordinary African. Where the dye left off could be clearly discerned. Since the loss of his wool, Borneo has been remarkably meek.

He was advised by a local patrolman to cable to his father, King Cetewayo, to go bail for him, but so far the advice has been unheeded.

Patrick Smith's Second Trial On.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Sept. 25.—The second trial of Patrick Smith, one of the men indicted for participating in the election frauds here last Fall, will begin to-morrow. Smith was tried two months ago, and the jury at the end of a long session, at which many ballots were cast, stood nine to three in his favor, and found itself unable to arrive any nearer to a unanimous opinion.

An extra panel of fifty jurors has been drawn, and it is probable that the case will be decided before the end of the week. Smith was an election inspector in the Eleventh Ward. He is charged with having altered election returns to give a majority of the votes cast to William H. Love for Superintendent of Education and Herbert P. Bissell for District Attorney, whereas the ward gave a majority for Emerson and Quinby, the Republican candidates.

Suffering in Western Kansas.

TOPEKA, Kan., Sept. 25.—The people of Western Kansas are confronted with a very serious situation. It is not misstating the case to say that suffering bordering on starvation will come to the people unless they secure help. There are thousands of people now who need bread.

CALISAYA LA RILLA
is always up to standard in strength.—*Adv.*

ROBBED BY TWO EMPLOYES

ABOUT $13,000 TAKEN BY A CASHIER AND A BOOKKEEPER.

Reinhard Siedenburg & Co., Cotton Brokers, the Sufferers—Cashier Collins Secured $10,000 and Bookkeeper Greene $3,000—Collins Bought a House and Fast Horses and Greene Bet on the Races—The Money Obtained by Means of Fraudulent Checks.

The cashier and bookkeeper for the firm of Rienhard Seidenburg & Co., cotton brokers at 75 Cotton Exchange, have been arrested on charges of robbing their employers. The cashier is John F. Collins and the bookkeeper is Ernest Jennings Greene. Collins is twenty-four years old and has been living in good style at Scotch Plains, N. J., with his wife and child. Greene is twenty-three years old and lived at 719 Lexington Avenue. Greene admits having robbed the firm of $3,000, and it is thought that Collins's thefts will amount to $10,000.

A week ago Mr. Seidenburg, the head of the firm, informed Inspector McLaughlin that $500 in money had mysteriously disappeared from his office safe. The theft could have been committed, he said, only by some one familiar with the safe and office. The employes of the firm were watched by detectives, who soon discovered that Greene was living at a rate his moderate salary did not warrant, and that he was betting on horse races and keeping company with disreputable women. When these facts were reported, Greene's arrest was ordered.

When Greene was brought before Inspector McLaughlin he confessed that he had stolen the $500 from the safe, and also that he had robbed his employers of $2,500 by forged checks. George Dickson is a customer of the firm, and whenever Greene was short of money he would make out a check to the order of Dickson for profits due him. When this check was signed by the firm, Greene would either remove Dickson's name on the check by the aid of acids and write in "bearer," or he would write in "or bearer," and draw the money in person. When these fraudulent checks were returned from the bank he destroyed them. In this way he might have continued for a long time to deplete the firm's bank account, but he was tempted by the $500 cash in the safe. Greene was arraigned at the Tombs Police Court and was remanded until to-day.

When he was taken back to Police Headquarters he was closely questioned by the Inspectors, as they believed he must have an accomplice. There was something about Greene's manner which convinced the Inspectors that he was endeavoring to shield the cashier. Greene finally confessed that the cashier, Collins, knew of his thefts, was in collusion with him, and had been stealing also on his own account.

Collins, the cashier, was arrested yesterday afternoon while at his desk in the office. An examination of the books of the concern disclosed the fact that Collins's peculations would amount to at least $10,000. He was in the habit of drawing checks on the Corn Exchange Bank to the order of C. E. Rich, a customer of the firm, and when these were signed by Mr. Seidenburg he would indorse them with the name of C. E. Rich and deposit them to his own credit at the Seaboard National Bank. When the checks were returned he generally destroyed them. Two of these checks, however, have been preserved, and they are now in the hands of the police. One was drawn on May 31 for $837.90, and the other on June 13 for $1,550.64. Both had been paid and the money placed to Collins's account. Collins also kept an account in the Seamen's Savings Bank. These thefts have been going on for three years.

Collins owns a handsome house in Scotch Plains, which he bought with the proceeds of his peculations. He also owns four valuable trotting horses and a stage line in Scotch Plains.

Collins was locked up at Police Headquarters and will be arraigned at the Tombs with Greene to-day. Collins denies that he was in collusion with Greene.

ST. JOSEPH SWEPT BY FIRE.

The Business Centre of the City Destroyed—The Loss Will Reach $615,150.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Sept. 25.—The most destructive fire in the history of St. Joseph started this morning at 9 o'clock, and it was 2 o'clock this afternoon before control was obtained. The centre block and the immense department house of Townsend & Wyatt, the commercial block containing the Commercial Bank, the safe deposit vaults, the Central Savings Bank, and numerous offices, and the immense building occupied by the Regnier & Shoup Crockery Company, are all in ruins.

The Carby Block is badly damaged, as are also the Stone Building and the Muhle Building, and the new building of C. B. France, the Ballinger and the Zimmerman Buildings are badly scorched.

The burned district comprises the business heart of the city. Kansas City and Topeka sent assistance, but it was of little avail. Handicapped by the small pressure on the mains, the firemen fought at a great disadvantage, and slowly, but surely, the fire swept onward.

An estimate of the losses is as follows: Townsend & Wyatt Dry Goods Company; loss on stock, $270,000; insured for $220,000; Central Block, occupied by Townsend & Wyatt and owned by A. W. McAllister and S. C. Woodson; loss, $85,000; insured for $75,000. Regnier & Shoup Crockery Company; loss, $75,000; insured for $70,000. Hoagland Building, occupied by Regnier & Shoup Crockery Company; loss, $17,500; insured. Commercial Bank Building: loss, $40,000; insured. Commercial Bank Annex; loss, $20,000; insured. Carby Block; loss, $25,000; insured for $20,000. German-American Bank Building; loss, $2,500; insured. A. S. Scott, painter; loss by breakage, $300; insured. George Knapp, painter; loss by breakage, $1,000; insured. Kahn & Co., clothiers, plate glass broken; damage, $150. Homan's restaurant, damage by breakage, $1,500; insured for $1,000; Binswanger & Co., druggists, loss, $3,000; no insurance. St. Joseph Drug Company; loss, $2,000; insured. St. Joseph Book and Stationery Company, damaged by water, $2,000; insured. Spencer Cigar Company, damaged $1,000; insured. Hong Kong Tea Company, damaged $1,500; insured; Valiant Lodge, Knights of Pythias; loss, $1,200; no insurance; Ransome, Gerrett & Brewster, boots and shoes; loss from fire and water, $20,000; insured. Stone building, occupied by Ransome, Garett & Brewster, damaged $17,000; insured.

The loss in the commercial block by attorneys, dentists, and other office occupants is estimated at $25,000; no insurance. The loss by a number of small dealers is estimated at $10,000; no insurance.

The total estimated loss is $615,150 and the total insurance $507,450.

Indicted Recorder Dillon.

NEW-BRUNSWICK, N. J., Sept. 25.—The Grand Jury of Middlesex County adjourned to-day. Seventy-five indictments have been found. Recorder Henry Dillon and Marcus and Joseph Stricker of Perth Amboy, who were accused by a Hungarian of extortion, were indicted. Dillon pleaded not guilty. It is said on good authority that there is an indictment against Editor Boyd of The Home News for libeling Jerry Donavan.

ANARCHISTS EJECT SOCIALISTS.

Lively Meeting of the Independent Political Association—Appeal to Politicians.

Many east-side Anarchists met last evening at Golden Rule Hall, 125 Rivington Street, to complete the organization of an "Independent Political Association," with the avowed object of fighting the Socialists.

It was the second meeting held for this purpose, and S. Friedman, the proprietor of the place, while himself a Tammany Hall man, presided and explained the objects of the meeting. Then the minutes of the previous meeting were read, but before a vote could be taken on their acceptance, a man in the audience asked: "What do you mean by an independent political party?"

"We mean an association that will not affiliate with other political bodies, nor with trades unions," replied the Chairman.

"Is it to be a labor organization?" asked the man.

"No. Any how, you are too late to ask any questions. I declare the minutes to be adopted," shouted the Chairman.

The Anarchists are nearly all cigarette smokers, and the air in the room soon became thick with the smoke of cheap cigarettes of the "morgue" brand.

Then another Anarchist arose to speak. "I do not see the use of remaining simply Anarchists any longer. We have talked Anarchism for five years, and have only got clubbed and locked up for our pains. We cannot help ourselves very well, so we might as well see what the politicians will do for us."

Chairman Friedman then spoke again. "When Joseph Barondess was sent to prison," he said, "the Socialists of 91 Delancey Street tried to get him out, but they could not. Do you know who got him out of prison?"

"The politicians got him out," replied an Anarchist.

"Right you are," said the Chairman. "We do not pretend to nominate our own candidates, because we are not strong enough. We may become strong enough to do so several years hence, however. But now we might better get the politicians to nominate candidates that are agreeable to us. We will not vote for money, but for principle. We have 2,000 votes, and when the politicians find out our strength they will give us whatever we want."

"That is so," exclaimed a fourth Anarchist. "If an Anarchist gets locked up, and his wife offers the Judge $10 to let him off, the Judge says: 'It is not money we want, but votes.' So let us give the politicians the votes and they will help us."

A fifth Anarchist moved to appoint a committee of five to request the renomination of Judge Goldfogle. The motion was adopted by a vote of 122 to 10. The ten objectors protested loudly, and then the Chairman said that those who had voted in the negative were Socialists and should not be allowed in the meeting.

Then every one began talking at once, and Leitman, one of the ten objectors, was thrown out of the hall.

Julius Bogdansky, one of the Walhalla Hall stormers, made an attack upon the Socialists, saying that they were a bad set.

Leitman came in again and resumed his objections.

"I'll kick out any man who does not belong to this club!" shouted the Chairman.

The ten Socialists swore at the Chairman, and then the entire meeting got up and threw out the ten Socialists, who organized an independent indignation meeting outside.

BRIGHTER BUSINESS OUTLOOK.

Mills Long Shut Down Beginning to Resume Operations.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Sept. 25.—The effects of increased business are felt in this part of the State in the starting up of mills that have been running on half time and with only half the usual number of hands employed. In many cases to all the old hands who have remained in the city has been given work. There is a feeling of confidence among the merchants, and they are making preparations for a good Fall and Winter trade.

Reports from towns up the Naugatuck Valley indicate that the same condition of affairs prevails there. From this city to Winsted, in Litchfield County, a distance of about fifty miles, there are a dozen or more towns, all of which are hives of industry.

Torrington, the banner town of Litchfield County, suffered the most from the business depression. The Coe Brass Company, the largest concern of the kind in the United States; the Excelsior Needle Company, where nearly all the sewing-machine needles used are turned out, and half a dozen other concerns, each doing a large business, were forced to close their doors and wait until times were better. Now reports from that town say the mills have started up again and there is every prospect that there will be work for the thousands of employes who have had nothing to do for weeks.

NEWBURYPORT, Mass., Sept. 25.—The Newburyport Car Company's works, which have been closed for two months, resumed operations this morning.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Sept. 25.—All of the mills are running to-day except the American Linen and the Fall River. The former will start next Monday, or as soon as certain improvements now under way are completed.

TAUNTON, Mass., Sept. 25.—The Oakland Mill started up this morning.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Sept. 25.—The two large print cloth cotton mills of the Victoria Manufacturing Company at Schuylerville resumed work to-day after a suspension of seven weeks. They employ upward of 500 people.

KOKOMO, Ind., Sept. 25.—Six factories in this city, working 1,200 people, resumed operations last week after a long shut-down. Next Monday the Diamond Plate Company, with plants in this city and Elwood, will start its fires, giving work to 1,400 operators on half time.

WARE, Mass., Sept. 25.—The Otis Company's three mills in this town after being shut down two months, started up this morning on half time and with a reduction in wages of from 10 to 12 per cent., giving employment to 800 hands. The company's underwear department, employing 900 hands, will not start up at present.

CANAJOHARIE, N. Y., Sept. 25.—The Mohawk Valley Silk Fabric Company's mills resumed work to-day after being closed for nearly two months. The employes accepted the company's proposition to retain 10 per cent. of their wages pending the unsettled condition of the tariff. Should the present Congress increase the duties on raw silk, &c., the company will hold the 10 per cent., but if the tariff is not interfered with it will be paid to the employes as soon as the question is settled. The wages are the same as those paid before the shut-down.

Carnegie Mill Shut Down.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 25.—The Carnegie Thirty-third Street mill shut down to-day in all departments. On Saturday the laborers were all paid off in full. They were notified that their places would be open for them under different arrangements.

The new rules are that twelve hours instead of ten shall constitute a day's work, and the rate of pay be 10 cents per hour instead of $1.25 per day. There was a great crowd of men present to-day, but for some unexplained reason the mill was not started.

Chicago and Return, via Erie, $18.00.
Next special excursion leaves Chambers St., 10:15 A. M., Saturday, Sept. 30. Limit ten days, with privilege of returning via Niagara Falls. Similar excursions on Oct. 5, 9, and 18.—*Adv.*

WEEKS WILL BE RETURNED

MINISTER BAKER READY TO FACILITATE HIS EXTRADITION.

THE LEGAL FIGHT WILL NOW BEGIN.

The Costa Rican Government to Co-operate with the United States.

DR. ANTONIO ZAMBRANA WILL HELP

Consul Williams Made a Sturdy Fight, Having No Diplomatic Precedent to Assist Him—He Had the Help of an Influential Minister in President Rodriguez's Cabinet—With His Cablegrams from the State Department and the History of the Crime Published in The New-York Times He Made His Argument—In Two Hours the Order of Arrest Was Given—The Government's Action Is Generally Upheld by Costa Ricans—Business Men Have No Sympathy for Weeks.

SAN JOSE, Costa Rica, Sept. 24.—Lewis Baker, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to Costa Rica, Salvador, and Nicaragua, is getting ready to facilitate the return of Francis H. Weeks to New-York.

The arrival of Minister Baker will at once precipitate Weeks's fight to regain his liberty. Upon his arrival here Weeks retained Don Mauro Fernandez as his lawyer, and consequently Consul Harrison R. Williams found that he had a very formidable opponent.

Don Mauro's perfect knowledge of English, his long experience in public affairs as Minister of Finance, together with his acquaintance with American jurisprudence, qualified him to give Weeks the best legal advice procurable in this country.

When Don Mauro took Weeks's case he was full of confidence in his ability to protect Weeks in the courts from any danger of extradition and was wholly taken by surprise when Weeks was arrested. The only danger he had anticipated was Weeks's expulsion from the country as a "pernicious foreigner."

But few persons here were cognizant of the intention of the Department of State of the United States to request Weeks's extradition. Consul Williams, however, used all his influence with the local Government and went to work to accomplish the task imposed upon him by his own Government.

He secured the services of Dr. Antonio Zambrana, one of the most eminent lawyers practicing here. Dr. Antonio is a Cuban by birth, and is a famous orator and an adept in political intrigue. He is well versed in international law, and is more or less in the confidence of the Government.

At first there was much opposition from some of the Ministers, and these had to be talked over. Costa Rica has hitherto refused extradition, and there was much objection to making a precedent. There was no diplomatic precedent to assist Consul Williams. He had no authority, so far as known here, to offer or intimate future reciprocity by the United States.

Sufficient influence was, however, used to win the support of the most influential Minister in President Rodriguez's Cabinet. So when the Cabinet meeting was held to discuss the question of Weeks's extradition the battle was almost won.

At the meeting, upon the presentation of the various cablegrams from Secretary of State Gresham and Minister Baker, also the story of Weeks's crime which was printed in The New-York Times of Aug. 16, after two hours' consultation the order was given to arrest Weeks.

The arrest was made by the Governor of this State, accompanied by Consul Williams, Dr. Zambrana, the Governor's secretary, and an interpreter. Two policemen were within call in case of need.

Weeks at once acknowledged his identity and was not in the least disturbed by the proceeding. His general bearing has excited a great deal of admiration. He was confined on the second floor of the Municipal Palace, and was allowed to secure any comforts he might desire to supply himself with.

Mrs. Weeks was not present at the time of her husband's arrest. Since then she has acted with a great deal of courage and dignity, but is beginning to show the strain she is under. Public opinion differs as to the policy of the Government's action, but generally it is approved. Business men here have no sympathy with the protection of a fugitive from justice. There is nothing to add to the defense Weeks may make in New-York beyond that indicated in his statement already cabled to The Times.

It was alleged by Don Mauro to-day that there are in Weeks's assets properties scheduled at nominal values, which, if nursed, would cover his indebtedness inside of two years. Don Mauro also claims that Weeks has no money and that he is traveling on funds supplied by his wife's relatives.

He also ventured the remark that Weeks's creditors would find it to their advantage to let him alone. Weeks claims that his principal persecutors pushed him to the wall on account of his standing in the way of their making $800,000 out of a deal in which they were mutually interested.

Don Mauro claims that, although Weeks is undoubtedly guilty of a breach of trust, his proof that funds were invested in what, in his judgment, appeared to be productive properties would put him beyond the reach of extradition.

But there need be no fear that Weeks will not be returned to New-York. The Costa Rican Government is pledged to give him up if the evidence of his crime is sufficient.

PROCLAMATION DETAINING WEEKS.

The Official Document that Evidences the Good Will of President Rodriguez.

The following is translated from La Gaceta of San José, Costa Rica. It is the proclamation under which Weeks is held in San José:

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS.
No. 39.

NATIONAL PALACE,
SAN JOSE, Sept. 13, 1893.

In view of the requests made to this office by the American Consul, Mr. Harrison R. Williams, by order of the Secretary of State of the Government of the United States of North America, W. Q. Gresham, to the Minister Plenipotentiary of the same Republic in Costa Rica, Mr. Lewis Baker, and in view of the request by this high functionary by telegram dated at Managua the day before yesterday, asking this Government to detain Señor Francis H. Weeks of New-York, who has been charged with swindling before the courts of that Republic, and in view of the documents that have been presented, the President of the Republic, in accordance with the Council of the Government.

Directs that the said Señor Weeks be temporarily detained for forty days, during which the North American Government will present the necessary documents in the case. The office of the Secretary of the Government will be charged with the execution of this order. To be communicated and published.

Signed by the Señor President,

JIMENEZ.

"DON'T MAKE MAMMA CRY."

Touching Appeal of a Little One Fatally Hurt by a Trolley Car.

Gussie Somers, the ten-year-old daughter of James Somers of 985 Myrtle Avenue, Brooklyn, while crossing the street in front of her home yesterday morning was run over by a trolley car and killed.

Two women in the car fainted as the child, her skull fractured and with her right arm and leg cruelly mangled, was taken from under the car wheels. Even thus terribly maimed the little one moaned: "Don't tell mamma, because it will make her cry."

When the news was carried to the mother she became almost frantic with grief. Little Gussie was taken to the Eastern District Hospital, where death ended her sufferings in a very few hours.

The motorman of the car, James McBride, was arraigned in the Lee Avenue Police Court before Justice Goetting, who lectured him severely on the general recklessness of trolley motormen. McBride was held in $1,000.

DEMOCRATS AT ALLENTOWN.

Assembling for the Convention of Clubs To-Morrow.

ALLENTOWN, Penn., Sept. 25.—A thousand prominent Democrats from all over the State have assembled in Allentown, and a thousand more will be here to-morrow, to attend the fifth annual assembly of the Democratic Societies of Pennsylvania.

There is not the fierce canvassing that accompanies a State or National Convention, yet even holiday politics entail an enormous amount of work. Delegates have been arriving by the hundreds on all the afternoon trains, and are still coming.

The most prominent of the arrivals are Chauncey F. Black, President of the General Assembly of National and State Democratic Societies; William F. Harrity, W. U. Hensel, James M. Beck, Frank C. Osburn, L. B. Duff, candidate for Judge, of the anti-Magee faction of Pittsburg, and J. B. Larkin.

There arrived this afternoon Vice President Stevenson, Congressmen Wilson, Bynum of Indiana, McMillin, Mutchler, and Erdman, Chief Clerk Kerr of the House and Lawrence Gardner, Secretary of the National Societies of Washington.

The Reception Committee, consisting of one hundred prominent citizens, met them at the station and escorted them to the Hotel Allen. Later they were taken to the rooms of the Livingston Club, where they held a reception. The convention will begin at 10 o'clock to-morrow morning.

FIGHTING AROUND SANTA FE.

Government Troops Joining the Rebels in the Argentine Republic.

BUENOS AYRES, Sept. 25.—There was desultory fighting all day yesterday around Santa Fe, the capital of the province of that name. It is not known that either side gained any advantage.

The rebels are gaining accessions to their forces. A large number of the foreign colonists have thrown in their lot with the insurgents and have been cordially welcomed by the enemies of the Government. A more serious feature of the outlook, however, is the disaffection among the national troops in the province. Desertions to the rebels are of frequent occurrence. In one instance, a whole regiment has gone over to the insurgents, carrying their arms with them. These defections are causing the Government considerable anxiety.

Gen. Pellegrini, who is in command of the Government troops, has been reinforced by national troops from the provinces of Buenos Ayres, Cordova, and Santiago. These additions to the Government forces have more than offset the desertions and Gen. Pellegrini expresses himself as confident with the augmented force at his command, of being able to suppress the revolt soon.

The rebels in the province of Santa Fe have taken Rosario and the national troops have retreated upon San Nicolas.

A powder magazine exploded yesterday at Uruguayana. Twenty soldiers were injured, but nobody was killed.

Probable Tie-Up on the Big Four.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Sept. 25.—It is understood that the trainmen have decided to tie up the Big Four to-night at midnight.

There is some doubt as to where the vote on the question of retaliating on the road for making a reduction of 10 per cent. in wages is being taken.

It was supposed that the chiefs of trainmen were to decide at Cincinnati some time this week, but it is possible that the decision was reached here to-day, and that the tie up will begin to-night.

Stabbed in Both Sides with a Dirk.

Philina Mondazo, twenty-two years old, was stabbed with a dirk in the right and left sides by an unknown Italian in the rear part of the saloon at 10 Roosevelt Street late last night. The police know no motive for the crime.

Mondazo was taken to the Chambers Street Hospital. He may die of his wounds.

$17.00 to Chicago and Return
via New-York, Ontario and Western Railway on Thursday, Sept. 28, Oct. 2, Oct. 11, Oct. 17, and Oct. 21, via Niagara Falls. Full information at 371 Broadway, New-York.—*Adv.*

WHERE LAW IS TO BE DEFIED

INSIDE HISTORY OF THE CONEY ISLAND ATHLETIC CLUB.

SCENE OF THE PROPOSED $40,000 FIGHT.

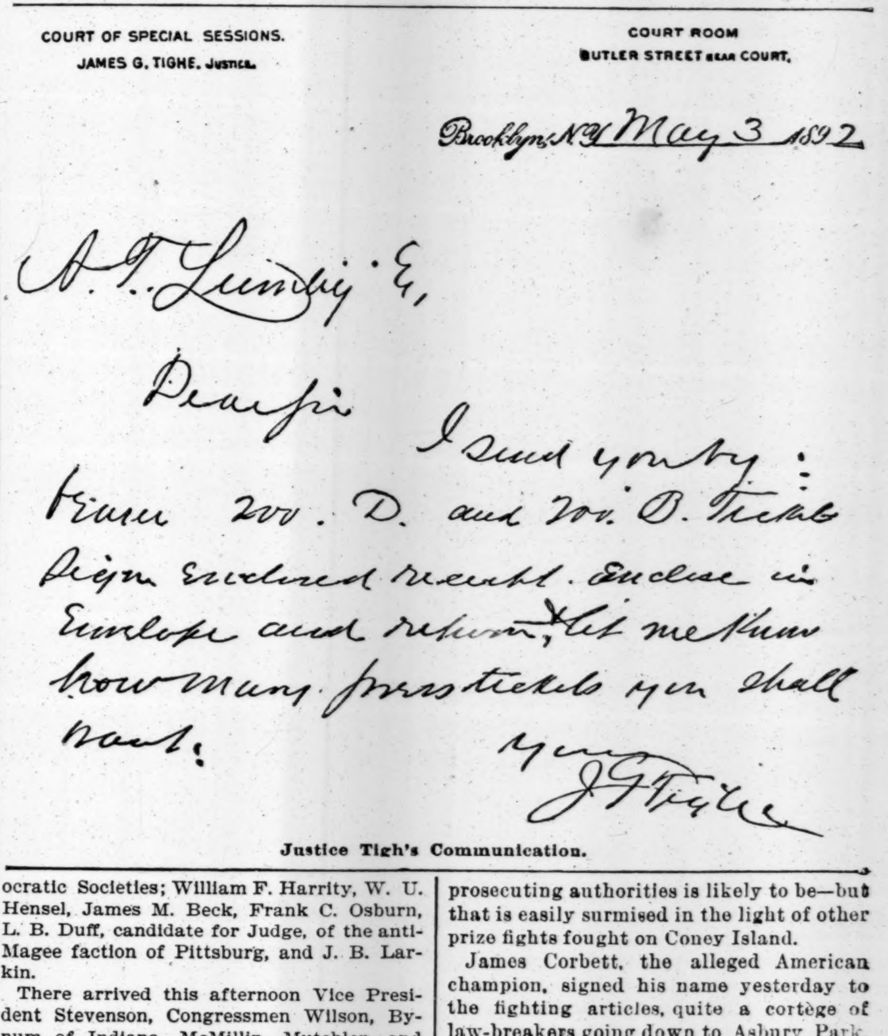
The Notorious Club Born and Christened with Wine and Flowers on Sunday.

PUBLIC OFFICIALS ITS SPONSORS.

Prominent Among Them Is Sheriff Courtney of Kings County, Sworn to Execute the Laws, Who Now Openly Favors the Brutal International Contest Between Corbett and Mitchell, Announces that He Will Attend, and Earnestly Hopes the Governor Will Not Interfere—Estimated Profits from Prize Fights of $100,000 a Year, Shared by Judges Tighe, Newton, and Sutherland, Chief McKane, and Other Officials—Arthur T. Lumley Tells of the Club's Inception—Mayor Gilroy's Emphatic Denunciation—Gov. Flower May Yet Take a Hand.

The "machine" Brooklyn Democracy has evidently decided to enter the Fall campaign handicapped by the opprobrium and denunciation attached to the forthcoming international prize fight between James Corbett and Charles Mitchell, pugilists.

The arrangements for this fight are now complete, so far as the principals and the Coney Island Athletic Club are involved. It is not known, of course, with any certainty what the action of the Kings County prosecuting authorities is likely to be—but that is easily surmised in the light of other prize fights fought on Coney Island.



COURT OF SPECIAL SESSIONS.
JAMES G. TIGHE, Justice.

COURT ROOM
BUTLER STREET near COURT.

Brooklyn, N.Y. May 3 1892

A. T. Lumley Esq,

Dear Sir I send you by bearer 200. D. and 100. B. Tickets sign enclosed receipt. Enclose in Envelope and return, & let me know how many press tickets you shall want.

Yours
J G Tighe

Justice Tigh's Communication.

James Corbett, the alleged American champion, signed his name yesterday to the fighting articles, quite a cortège of law-breakers going down to Asbury Park, in New-Jersey, to see them ratified. For it is in this quiet suburb, named after a famous Bishop of the Methodist Church, that Corbett resides and has his training quarters. There, in a neighborhood much sought by religious people in the Summer time, this pugilist makes ready for his battles and gets himself in condition to win prize money and side bets by vanquishing other celebrities of the ring.

In the meantime the indignation evinced by the clergy of Brooklyn—now that they realize the full measure and meaning of the impending international prize fight—is making itself felt everywhere. As reported in The New-York Times, ministers of all denominations unite in denouncing the international fight as a shameful outrage on the fame of Brooklyn and call upon the authorities to vindicate the law immediately.

These outspoken criticisms on the Coney Island Club, its work, and its relation to the "regular machine," have stung among others no less influential an officer of the law than Sheriff John Courtney, who has had a long interview with a reporter of The Sun, in the course of which he distinctly and emphatically proclaims himself a warm friend of the ring in general and of the Coney Island Athletic Club in particular.

This vigorous official apologist for the international fight is the same person to whom Gov. Flower, in a conversation with a reporter of The New-York Times, said he entrusted the repression of any lawlessness involved in the fight, with an absolute confidence that he would do his duty.

In his interview with the reporter, Sheriff Courtney takes pains to write himself down as one who is perfectly satisfied that the impending prize fight is not within his jurisdiction as an outrage on the law. He thinks a prize fight of that description is absolutely lawful, and he says:

"I sincerely hope no such orders [by the Governor to stop the men from entering the ring] will be issued, as I want to see the pugilists enter for the forty-thousand-dollar purse and decide which is the better man."

Sheriff Courtney, being a reasonably intelligent man, knows, of course, that Webster's definition of the word "pugilist" is as follows:

"PUGILIST—One who fights with his fists; especially a professional prize fighter."

This official, therefore, is self-inscribed as one in whose "estimation a contest for $40,000 between two professional prize fighters will not be a violation of law."

Continuing, the Sheriff said:

"I intend to see Dixon and Smith fight at Coney Island to-morrow night, and I shall take my two sons with me. I do not think these contests have a demoralizing effect on my boys, and I have bought them tickets regularly. I

BE CAREFUL

When ordering **Johannis,** "The King of Natural Table Waters," to examine the label and see that the cork is stamped *"Johannis Brunnen Zollhaus-Nassau."* The genuine label has *"Johannis"* diagonally across in red letters on white ground, the lettering above and below being white on black ground.

ACCEPT NO OTHER WATER AS A SUBSTITUTE.

think it is best to let them attend the fights, as it shows them a bit of the world, and I find it has not hurt them in the least."

Warming up as he fancied himself seated with his children gloating over a contest for money between two pugilists, Sheriff Courtney proceeded to recall other battles which he had attended in his dual capacity of officer of the law and patron of the ring. He ruminated thus:

"I have seen fights right here in the City of Brooklyn. Then it was that one man, cut and bleeding from mouth, nose, and ears, while staggering blindly about the ring, was vigorously punched by his opponent, who hadn't muscle enough to put him out of his misery."

The "science" involved in prize fighting, therefore, according to the Sheriff, is the possession by a vigorously-punching opponent of enough muscle to put his man, cut and bleeding from mouth, nose, and ears, "out of his misery."

Under these circumstances, it is the opinion of Sheriff Courtney, formally expressed, that the international prize fight will be "worth seeing."

This same expression of his views by Mr. Courtney gives him the right to be inscribed on the roll call of prominent Brooklyn officials who have personally and publicly adopted the Coney Island prize ring as one of the features of the "machine."

This list of Kings County officeholders courageous enough to announce themselves openly as patrons of the ring and sharers in its profits is now as follows:

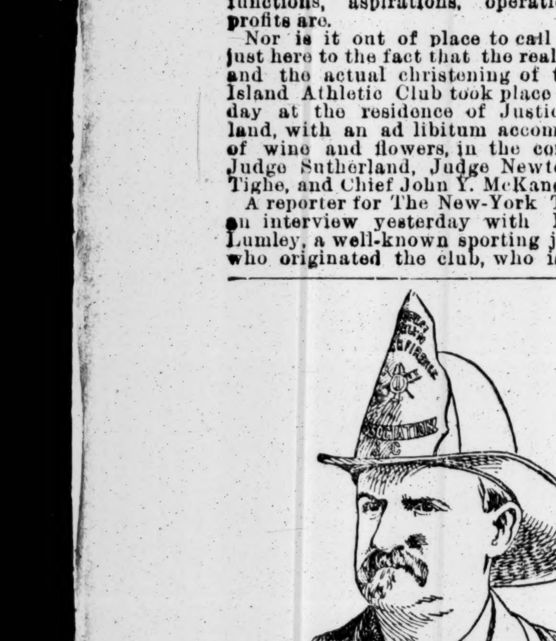
SHERIFF COURTNEY,
JUDGE JAMES G. TIGHE,
JUDGE KENNETH SUTHERLAND.
JUDGE RICHARD V. B. NEWTON,
CHIEF OF FIRE DEPARTMENT SUTHERLAND.

The attitude of Chief of Police John Y. McKane is not so well defined or so boldly declared, but it is none the less understood by the members and dependents of the "machine" Democracy.

In view of the positive manner in which these men have called attention to their keen interest in the Coney Island Club, it is just as well to understand what the club really is, of whom it consists, and what its functions, aspirations, operations, and profits are.

Nor is it out of place to call attention just here to the fact that the real birthday and the actual christening of the Coney Island Athletic Club took place on a Sunday at the residence of Justice Sutherland, with an ad libitum accompaniment of wine and flowers, in the company of Judge Sutherland, Judge Newton, Judge Tighe, and Chief John Y. McKane.

A reporter for The New-York Times had an interview yesterday with Mr. A. T. Lumley, a well-known sporting journalist, who originated the club, who is intimate with its most secret history, and who now, in the interest of his sporting constituents, denounces it as an unscrupulous device contrived and conducted to control and make inordinate profits out of prize fighting.



Sheriff Courtney.—"I Shall Take My Two Sons with Me."

"My idea," said Mr. Lumley, "was to organize a genuine bona-fide athletic club which should patronize and encourage all manly sports. Pugilism was to be only one of its numerous features. Rowing, racing, jumping, swimming, and all kinds of field games were to be encouraged and developed.

"Through the introduction of Judge Cropsey I got acquainted with Supervisor John Y. McKane, who is, as you know, the Pooh-Bah of Coney Island, and without whom nothing can possibly be done down there.

"Mr. McKane listened somewhat indifferently to my scheme until I began to dwell upon prize fighting as one of the features of the club. To my surprise, although he is Superintendent of a Coney Island Sunday school, he grew very interested at this point, and was both surprised and gratified to learn how much money could be made by managing fights and having them come off under private control.

"However, nothing came of our conversation, and I supposed that in the multiplicity of his business interests, and mindful, perhaps, of his relation to the Sunday school, Mr. McKane had given up all ideas of organizing a club to promote fist-fighting.

"Three years ago, however, in answer to a communication from Chief McKane, I sent Mr. Al Camacho, a well-known authority on ring matters, to see the Chief and come to a final understanding on the subject, McKane reviving all his old-time interest in fighting topics, and especially of the revenue involved in them.

"As an outcome of that conversation between Mr. Camacho and Chief McKane, it was agreed between the latter and myself that he should supply a building in which fights should come off and all forms of protection, his office of Chief of Police giving him full control of the matter.

"On the other hand, I was to furnish the 'talent' for the matches and make them.

"A contract was signed between myself and Mr. John W. Murphy, who is the agent and factotum of McKane, in which the club, so called, appointed me its general agent with full powers and sole and exclusive authority to make all matches and arrangements and to fix and determine the amount of money to be given as prizes for said contests.

"This arrangement was to run one year from May 1, 1892, and I was to receive $3,000 for my year's services."

The reporter at this point inquired: "Of whom did the athletic club consist?"

Mr. Lumley replied with a smile: "Of seven men. Most of these were dummies. They were John O. Murphy, McKane's man; 'Tim' Foley, Newton's man; Fred Baeder, a saloon keeper, whose name was put in to fill out the so-called Board of Directors; David Dunn, the so-called Secretary and Treasurer, who never handled a dollar of the club's money, and who only sees the fights on an employe's pass, and his brother, John Dunn, and a family representative of Judge Tighe. These were Directors. The other members were the Sutherlands, Kenneth and 'Bob.'

"I was at work under this contract making up some matches when I learned that Judge Newton had begun to make arrangements for a fight between Dixon and McCarthy. I naturally resented this and demanded an explanation from the Judge. He replied:

"'These things are different now. They are left to my discretion and McKane and the rest think we can run that end ourselves.'

"I accordingly dropped my negotiations and became a mere looker-on in Vienna for about three months. During that period Newton succeeded in making not one single match. In spite of McKane's financial standing, the fighters took no stock in the solvency of the club. The affair looked like a fizzle.

"So Newton called on me in my office one day and said:

"'See here, Lumley, McKane has sent me here to talk business with you. Let us all get together and straighten this matter out and get the club on its feet.'

"I replied: 'I don't want to do business with you or McKane either. Go and see Harding of The Police Gazette. He and his class are the men you want to deal with. They'll just suit you down to the ground.'

"Newton's answer was: 'You've got your "kidding" gloves on, I guess. What's the use of quarreling—with all that "stuff" [meaning money] in the deal for us?'

"John Dunn, who accompanied Newton as a conciliator, remarked:

"'We're here to make peace with you. Name your figure!'

"My response was: 'I can't do business with you. I want an assurance from better people.'

"To this Newton said:

"'Very well. It's a go. Come with me and meet Judge Tighe at the Astor House, where he is waiting to have this thing settled so we can go right ahead and make arrangements for fights, &c. All hands want to get at the "dust" [meaning money] as soon as possible.'

"I went over to the Astor House and met Judge Tighe, waiting, as Judge Newton said, to have the matter settled. After he had opened a bottle of wine, Judge Tighe said:

"'Arthur, you know my reputation in Brooklyn. I'm dead square, I am. I never throwed a man down in my life. What rake-off do you want?'

"I told him that all I wanted was money in bank in order to carry out my contracts with the fighters. Upon which Tighe, with some hesitation, called for another bottle of wine and said:

"'How much do want in bank?'

"I replied: 'I'll let you name the amount.'

"Tighe pulled his mustache and reponded: 'I guess we can raise $25,000 for you and put it in bank, too, as soon as you please.'

"Knowing that McKane was in the pool, I had no doubt of this, but I replied:

"'Ten thousand is plenty to start with. That will satisfy the fighters.'

"I may as well say right here," said Mr. Lumley, "that they never put up a cent. I had personally to guarantee every fight to the men who took part in it. Every participant took his winnings out of the receipts. The club started absolutely without a single cent of capital."

Then he went on with his story.

"'This is Thursday,' says Judge Tighe, 'and we want to have a match assured by next Sunday. We have been losing a great deal of valuable time when we ought to have been coining money. We want you to go ahead, Lumley.'

"That afternoon I telegraphed Joe Lannon, and we fixed a match over the wires between him and Godfrey.

"The next Sunday they sent a carriage to my house, filled to overflowing with flowers, and I was conducted as if I were the heroic savior of Coney Island to the house of Judge Kenneth Sutherland. There, all ready and eager to meet me and hear the news, were Judge Tighe, Judge Sutherland, and Chief John Y. McKane. They all shook me by the hand most cordially, assured me that I had earned their utmost confidence, and wine flowed like a fountain.

"They made me repeat the story of my negotiations with Lannon and Godfrey, and when they realized that at last a maiden fight, and a big one at that, had been secured for the new building, they were in ecstasies of delight.

"What a feast it was!" exclaimed the genial founder of the athletic club, as he recalled the event.

"Nothing was too good for me. They agreed to a man that it was one of the biggest things they had ever had a chance at, and they promised me every facility to carry out the plans of the fight.

"Tighe asked me to state, in an approximate way, what the profits of the club would most likely be.

"I replied: 'I don't think they can fall short of $100,000!'

"You never saw such wild delight in your life. They slapped me on the back, opened another basket of wine, and, if I remember aright, cheered me to the echo.

"At this point Chief McKane begged to be excused, saying that he hated to tear himself away.

"Mr. McKane probably remembered that he was overdue at the Sunday school of which he is Superintendent. The rest made no attempt to conceal their hilarious satisfaction. Tighe said:

"'Lumley, if we make $100,000 the first year, we will make you a present of as nice a brownstone house as there is in the whole of Brooklyn!'

"Our next meeting was on a Sunday also, that being the only day they could get together on which to arrange details, &c. It was upon that occasion that we went in a party to look over the club building and select the site of the ring and other things. I surveyed the spot and said in a joking way to Judge Newton:

"'I don't see any provisions for a Directors' box. Where are you going to put them?'

"Looking over at Murphy, the 'President' of the club, who, by the way, represents McKane, as he sat on a plank, Judge Newton said:

"'Directors be ——. Those duffers will be dead lucky if they are let into the building!'"

And Mr. Lumley smiled again as he recalled the vigorous reference of the matchmakers of the club to the gentlemen who enjoy the courteous title "Directors of the Coney Island Athletic Club."

"You see," resumed Mr. Lumley, "the men who owned the club really had no use for Directors or officers of any sort. The scheme was run on the simplest and most rudimentary lines to save both expense and trouble.

"They never even bothered about such a trifle as bookkeeping or a cash book. As soon as all the money was in and taken into a private room, Tighe and Newton and Sutherland and the other men's dummies, after the bills and printing and posting charges had all been subtracted and the managers of the pugilists had been settled with, would at once proceed to divide the cash on the spot and take their respective shares home in their pockets."

In reply to the suggestion that such a simple and immediate subdivision of profits closely resembled the manner in which dividends are declared by professional outlaws, Mr. Lumley replied:

"It certainly had that look. But I must do Sutherland the justice to admit that on one occasion he suggested it would be more convenient to divide the money the next day. He was immediatetely overruled by the two Judges, Newton and Tighe, who apparently thought that an instantaneous realization of profits was the safer plan.

"More than once the members sat up all night to make a division of their interest in the receipts. These have been enormous.

"For example, the Dixon-Johnson fight drew $33,000, of which the club took for its share to subdivide no less than $26,000."

"In fact, the money came in so fast and so easily that everybody's head soon swelled to double its size. Everybody wanted to be a sport. Everybody was crazy to make matches on his own account. Tighe and Newton were especially energetic in this direction.

"I stood the interference as long as I could, until Newton tried to steal a match from the Metropole Club in Providence. It was a cheap, insignificant match, but I put my foot down.

"Getting no satisfaction from McKane or any of the crowd, who had all become match-makers, I got out of the concern and filed a bill for my compensation, for the payment of which I am at present suing, and which, they boast, has been put upon the shelf in Kings County.

"But I have decided upon another plan of action," said Mr. Lumley, darkly, "and if they do not settle with me—why probably they will have to stand proceedings in New-York in which the Attorney General of the State will have something to say. When he does, Mitchell will have to get some more substantial 'guarantee' than Dick Newton's word."

"Judge Tighe is almost as vigorous an official as Judge Newton, is he not, so far as the club is concerned?" said the reporter.

"Quite. Only he concerns himself entirely about the financial end and looks after the tickets, &c. Here is a letter from him on public stationery paper, (which he generally used in his communications with me.) In this letter, and I have others equally characteristic, he sent me an invoice of tickets for a fight for me to sell, it being my duty to turn the receipts for the same over to his Honor."

This letter is printed in fac simile in The New-York Times this morning.

"He used to come into my office," Mr. Lumley went on, "and say, breathlessly, 'Got any cash?' And when I handed over to him the money I had obtained by the sale of tickets he would clutch the bills like a vulture seizing a piece of meat."

"How about McKane's active participation in the management of the fights?"

Mr. Lumley hesitated. Then he said:

"Well, this much I can safely say. Mr. McKane never so far forgot himself as to enter the building while a fight was going on."

The articles of incorporation of the Coney Island Athletic Club were filed March 3, 1892, in the office of the County Clerk of Kings County. They were as follows:

JOHN M. MURPHY of Gravesend,
FRED E. BAEDER of Gravesend,
TIMOTHY FOLEY of New-York,
DAVID F. DUNNE of Brooklyn,
ROBERT TOURY of Brooklyn,

all citizens of the United States and citizens of the State of New-York, residing in the City of Brooklyn, City of New-York, and Town of Gravesend, in the County of Kings, do hereby certify; That we desire to form a club for the purpose hereinafter mentioned, in pursuance of the provisions of an act of the Legislature of the State of New-York, entitled, "An act for the incorporation of clubs for certain lawful purposes," passed May 12, A. D. 1875, and the amendments thereto, and do hereby declare:

First—The name of the club is to be known as the Coney Island Athletic Club of Gravesend, New-York.

Second—The particular nature and objects for which said club is formed are athletic and social sports.

Third—That the place for conducting its business is to be in Coney Island, in the town of Gravesend, County of Kings, and State of New-York, with an office in the City of Brooklyn.

Fourth—The number of Directors of said club shall be five (5) and the names of the Directors who are to manage the concerns of said club for the first year of its existence are John M. Murphy, Fred E. Baeder, Timothy Foley, David F. Dunne, and Robert Toury.

Fifth—The duration of said society is to be for the term of twenty-five years.

The articles of incorporation were signed by the Directors on Feb. 29, 1892, in the presence of C. E. Morris. The acknowledgment was before Cornelius J. Bergen, a Notary Public of Kings County.

The names of the Brooklyn clergymen who have denounced, through the columns of The New-York Times, the proposed prize fight between Corbett and Mitchell are:

The Rev. LYMAN ABBOTT of Plymouth Church.

The Rev. REESE F. ALSOP of St. Ann's Protestant Episcopal Church.

The Rev. C. C. HALL of the First Presbyterian Church.

The Rev. T. DE WITT TALMAGE of the Tabernacle Presbyterian Church.

The Rev. GEORGE VAN ALSTYNE of the Sands Street Memorial Methodist Episcopal Church.

The Rev. A. J. F. BEHRENDS of the Central Congregational Church.

The Rev. S. A. ELIOT of the First Unitarian Church.

The Rev. R. R. MEREDITH of the Tompkins Avenue Congregational Church.

WOODBURY'S FACIAL SOAP
For the Skin, Scalp, and Complexion. A book on Dermatology with every cake. All druggists.

MAYOR GILROY WOULD STOP IT.

Would Head a Force in Person, if Need Be, to Prevent a Fight in This City.

If Mayor Thomas F. Gilroy had anything to do with affairs in Kings County, thuggish brutality, whether contemplated or actual, would find a stern, prompt, and inflexible opponent.

The proposed international prize fight could never take place in New-York City while he is Mayor. The quibbling articles of agreement would be no protection, because the common-sense Mayor knows that the "scientific contest" phrasing in the agreement is only a subterfuge under which the fighters and their judicial backers hope to evade the penalties of the law.

A reporter for The New-York Times found Mayor Gilroy in his office yesterday afternoon and asked him whether under any conditions it would be possible for Corbett and Mitchell to fight in this city.

"Never!" exclaimed the Mayor, thoroughly aroused at the mere suggestion of such a possibility. "There will be no prize fighting on Manhattan Island if the executive and judicial authorities know anything about it.

"The police would most certainly stop any such proposed brutality. The flimsiness of the articles of agreement signed by these two men, Corbett and Mitchell, is too apparent to for a minute deceive a man who has a duty to the community to perform.

"The expressed intention to have a 'scientific contest' is false, and weakly false, as every man knows who knows anything at all about the conditions under which these 'championship' fights are conducted.

"The 'champion pugilist' must do as his predecessors have done. He must, to win the prize, 'knock out' his opponent. Corbett and Mitchell are to fight for the 'championship,' and, no matter what the announced intention may be, brutality will be carried to the highest point—the putting into total disability and insensibility of one of the combatants.

"If any such thing were proposed here, I am entirely confident that the police would treat the parties to it very summarily.

"But," added the Mayor, his eyes gleaming significantly, "should there be any hesitancy, question, or quibble, I would at once take a hand in the matter and would see that the laws of the State were enforced, regardless of anybody in any position, who for reasons personal or political, might be found on the side of the brutal exhibition.

"I would head a force, in person, if need be, and march to the scene, and—there would be no prize fight!"

GOV. FLOWER MAY ACT.

Will Hold Sheriff Courtney to a Strict Accountability, He Declares.

ALBANY, Sept. 25.—Regarding the international prize fight arranged between Mitchell and Corbett, to take place at Coney Island, Gov. Flower said to-day that he believed the Sheriff and District Attorney of Kings County would do their duty.

"Have you seen the statement made by Sheriff Courtney of Kings, that he did not consider that the fight between Mitchell and Corbett would be in violation of law?" was asked of the Governor.

"No, I have not," replied the Governor. "The local officers are supposed to do their duty. If they do not, then I will act.

"They know the law as well as I do. I guess they will head off any intended violation."

"But, Governor, Sheriff Courtney says he will not attempt to prevent the fight unless you order him to do so."

"The law, as I have said, is plain enough," was the answer. "A prize fight is a flagrant violation of it, isn't it? Well, I will hold Sheriff Courtney and the other local officers to a strict accountability for the strict enforcement of the law."

"Justice Newton is the matchmaker for this fight. Are not his actions and part in the matter grounds for removal?" was asked.

"I will look into the matter thoroughly," said the Governor. "I have no official information that Judge Newton has taken the part you say he has. However, I will not take any action to-night on the accusation, which thus far is only by the newspapers."

The Governor looked at the carpet for some little time, shook his head as if he thought there was a queer state of affairs in Kings County, and finally said:

"The whole subject will be carefully looked into."

"STOP THE FIGHT!"

From Cities in Other States Comes Indorsement of "The Times."

* * * That Brooklyn, the City of Churches, should tolerate anywhere in its vicinity such a loudly-heralded and brutal affair seems almost incredible, and yet the fight is announced to come off within ten miles of its limits. Realizing the disgrace which threatens their community, the ministers and other law abiding citizens of Kings County, N. Y., have raised their voices in vigorous protest none too soon. All other civilized countries have tabooed the prize ring. This country cannot afford to become a refuge and dumping ground for the ostracized and unsavory characters who earn a disreputable livelihood inside the ropes. If those in authority in Kings County connive at the barbarous sport and seek to protect those engaged in it, Gov. Flower is morally bound to apply the remedy given him by the law. He should not hesitate until public opinion compels him to act. A wise and effective move at this time would be to put Corbett and Mitchell under heavy bonds not to violate the law.—Philadelphia North American.

Brooklyn Newspapers Do Not Protest.

The prospect that the Corbett-Mitchell prize fight will come off in Coney Island in Boss McLaughlin's bailiwick, isn't pleasing to the New-York and Brooklyn newspapers, which are already protesting in vigorous fashion. If these two Northern cities are any better than New-Orleans, now is a good time to show it.—Springfield Republican.

The Law Should Be Enforced.

The law against prize fighting should be strictly enforced, and the brutes who engage in it should be punished as they deserve.—Baltimore American.

Corbett Signs Articles.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., Sept. 25.—"Jim" Corbett this morning signed the agreement to fight "Charley" Mitchell. Manager Brady and Trainer William Delaney left here on the 10:50 train with the signed agreement to give to Judge Newton of the Coney Island Athletic Club. Corbett did not go to the Dixon-Smith match.

FAR ROCKAWAY, N. Y., Sept. 25.—"Charley" Mitchell has decided to recuperate for a few days before going into actual training. After breakfast this morning he and Harry Darrip, his trainer, took a drive for an hour through the local villages. Mitchell is delighted with the quietness and the grand opportunities the place gives for training purposes. It is believed that he will arrange to put a gymnasium in L. Carson's, where Frank Herald trained when he fought J. L. Sullivan at Boston.

One of the Robbers a Woman.

HACKENSACK, N. J., Sept. 25.—John Smith, Joseph Staber, and the latter's wife, Pauline Staber, were arrested this morning charged with assault and highway robbery. The victim was George Grady, Superintendent of brickyards at Little Ferry. His assailants felled him with a stone and stole $600. Justice Heath committed them to the Hackensack Jail. Grady's condition is critical.

IT SHARPENS the appetite, improves digestion, and restores health and vigor; all the organs of the body are roused to healthy action by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. More than all, the liver—and that's the key to the whole system. You have pure blood or poisonous blood, just as your liver chooses. The blood controls the health, the liver controls the blood, the "Discovery" controls the liver.

You can escape just about half the ills that flesh is heir to, by being ready for them. Brace the system up with this medicine, which *prevents* as well as *cures*. For all diseases caused by a disordered liver or impure blood—dyspepsia, biliousness, the most stubborn skin, scalp and scrofulous affections, the "Discovery" is the only remedy so certain and effective that it can be *guaranteed*. If it doesn't benefit or cure, you have your money back.

You pay only for the *good* you get.

THE OLD COLONY.

Figures and Statements in the Latest Annual Report.

The annual report of the Old Colony Railroad for the year ending June 30 announces that during the year 7,109 shares of the stock of the company have been sold, and the premium received on such sales ($632,685) has been credited to improvement account. Bonds of the company to the amount of $420,000, bearing interest at 4 per cent., have been sold at par and the proceeds applied to the reduction of the floating debt. A contract has been made for a further issue of $180,000 upon the same terms. This exhausts the power heretofore granted by the stockholders, except that given at the meeting of last year to issue $2,000,000 for refunding the outstanding bonds. These bonds have not yet been issued.

The lease of the Old Colony Road to the New-York, New-Haven and Hartford provides that debt contracted by the first-named company for improvements and additions shall be funded. About $2,000,000 of the outstanding bonds will become due within the coming year. The Directors ask for authority to issue additional bonds, not exceeding $1,000,000, to pay debts contracted for improvements and additions.

The statement of earnings and expenses for the year shows: Gross earnings, $9,408,886; operating expenses, $7,180,536; net earnings, $2,228,350; other incomes, $136,075; total income, $2,364,425; rentals paid, $606,745; interest, $729,045; dividends, $1,027,959; total disbursements, $2,363,749; surplus, $675.

McLeod's Proposed New Road to New-York.

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 25.—The continuation of the hearing in the matter of the application of the New-York, New-England and Northern Railroad for permission to construct its line was on before the Railroad Commissioners this afternoon. An adjournment had been taken from last week in order that some of those opposed to the building of the line might examine maps presented by the company. James Armstrong, the counsel for the proposed road, was present, as was Sherman Evarts, counsel for the New-York and Northern. Mr. Evarts called I. M. Allen, General Agent of the New-York and Northern Road, to the stand. He testified to his knowledge of the workings of the road, and he said that the manner in which the road had been operating was satisfactory to the patrons, and testified chiefly in rebuttal of evidence produced at the former hearing to the effect that the New-York and Northern was incompetent to attend to the business offered. He was questioned at some length by Mr. Armstrong regarding the stops made by the road between Brewsters and New-York.

George S. Randolph, General Traffic Manager of the New-York and New-Haven, and C. H. Goodrich, General Freight Agent of the same road, both gave testimony as to the inability of the New-York and Northern to handle the business presented for it, and also as to the traffic arrangements and the troubles which the express companies had had with the New-York and Northern.

Before the Commissioners took an adjournment, Mr. Evarts said that he would have some affidavits to present for the consideration of the board, he thought, as soon as he could have a consultation with the officers of the New-York and Northern Road.

East-bound Freight Shipments.

CHICAGO, Sept. 25.—There was a considerable falling off last week in freight shipments east from Chicago by both the all-rail and lake and rail routes. All-rail shipments aggregated 48,306 tons, against 52,493 tons for the previous week, and 63,001 tons for the corresponding week last year. Lake shipments fell away from 123,891 tons for the week ending Sept. 16, to 112,839 tons last week. This result was a good deal of a disappointment to the freight men, who had hoped the improvement of the previous week would be maintained. There was also a heavy falling off in through shipments of flour, grain, and provisions. Last week they footed up 22,607 tons against 26,495 tons for the previous week, and 23,809 tons for the corresponding week last year.

The proportions of through shipments carried by each of the competing roads last week were as follows: Baltimore and Ohio, 8.1 per cent.; Big Four, 3.6 per cent.; Chicago and Erie, 11 per cent.; Grand Trunk, 10.1 per cent.; Lake Shore, 16.8 per cent.; Michigan Central, 11.7 per cent.; Nickel Plate, 8.9 per cent.; Pan Handle, 8.7 per cent.; Fort Wayne, 11.5 per cent., and Wabash, 9.6 per cent.

Boston and Maine Rumors.

BOSTON, Sept. 25.—Gen. Samuel C. Lawrence said to-day that there was no truth in the rumor that a combination was to be arranged between the Boston and Maine Railroad and the New-York, New-Haven and Hartford. "When Mr. McLeod retired from the Presidency of the Boston and Maine," he said, "a committee, consisting of Mr. Jones, Mr. Pullman, and myself, was appointed to find another President. We agreed upon Mr. Tuttle, and the selection will be ratified unanimously by the Directors at the meeting Oct. 11. There is no alliance whatever. I have acted with Mr. Pullman and the American Express Company because we all agreed as to the policy upon which the railroad should be run. We might agree or disagree next time. It would be simply a matter of business judgment."

Railroad Notes and Personals.

—A conference of freight representatives of lines east and west of the Missouri River will be held in Chicago to-day for the purpose of making a more equitable basis of divisions of rates than now exists. About a year ago there were considerable reductions made in rates west of the Missouri River, but no change has ever been agreed upon in the matter of divisions. The reductions have fallen almost entirely on roads east of the river, and they have tired of bearing them. If a new basis be agreed upon the question will arise, Should it be retroactive? The roads east of the river claim it should be. They want to be repaid for the unequal portion of the losses they have borne.

—The Committee of Arrangements for Chicago Day at the World's Fair yesterday sent the Commissioner of the Passenger Department of the Central Traffic Association a copy of the proposition submitted to the Western Association for reduced rates on that day to be laid before the Eastern trunk lines for action.

—Under orders just issued by the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company one brakeman was discharged yesterday from the crew of each freight train on the Easton and Amboy and the Lehigh Divisions. Seventy men, most of them residents of Easton, Penn., were laid off.

—Fines of $29.25 and $11.50, respectively, were yesterday levied against the Denver and Rio Grande, and the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fé Road by the Chairman of the Western Passenger Association on charges of rate cutting.

—The State Board of Railroad Commissioners yesterday handed down a decision giving the Brooklyn City Railway permission to change its motive power from horses to electricity.

—A personally-conducted day-coach excursion to Chicago will be run by the Pennsylvania Railroad next Thursday, with an eighteen-dollar fare for the round trip.

—Albert W. Johnson will succeed General Superintendent Williams of the Nickel Plate Road on Oct. 1. Mr. Williams resigns on account of ill health.

—Stockholders of the Denver and Rio Grande Railroad will hold their annual meeting in Denver on Oct. 17.

—Third Vice President Webb of the New-York Central was on an inspection trip "up the road" yesterday.

—The Reading bondholders' committees are considering whether foreclosure proceedings are advisable.

Torpedo Net Tests Again Postponed.

NEWPORT, R. I., Sept. 25.—The comparative tests of the English and American torpedo-defense nets have been again postponed. The Government has ordered trials at the torpedo station of the Edison-Sims controllable torpedo, and after that the Cunningham torpedo, and both must precede the net tests. The Cunningham torpedo is fired from the Destroyer's submarine gun.

The projectiles for the net tests have arrived and are now being balanced by an expert. The spars and gear for hanging the torpedo nets from the vessel's sides passed a satisfactory test last Saturday.

DIXON WHIPS "SOLLY" SMITH

A HARD-CONTESTED PRIZE FIGHT AT CONEY ISLAND.

Prominent Kings County Politicians Watch the Two Contestants Punish Each Other Severely—Smith Was Arrested After Being Beaten, by a Sheriff From Indiana for Taking Part in a Fight With Griffin in That State—Judge Newton Befriends Him.

CONEY ISLAND, L. I., Sept. 25.—Standing room was at a premium at the Coney Island Athletic Club last night and the promoters of that institution for the promotion of muscular development reaped a harvest. It was the largest money crowd that ever assembled in the vast building, and it is estimated that the club officials cleared at least $10,000 on the fight. Kings County officials were well represented and it is evident that they are in sympathy with pugilistic encounters and their backers.

Among them were Senator McCarthy, Assistant District Attorney Clark, and "Jim" Shevlin. The fight was a vicious one, telling blows being put in and blood flowing freely.

The opening bout of the night was between "Jim" Burge of Australia, better known as the iron man, and Fred Morris, a colored man as black as the ace of spades, and known as Madden's Cyclone. They fought ten rounds of the barroom order. It was give and take from start to finish. The colored man appeared to be the stronger and did the most leading. For about seven rounds Burge appeared to have an advantage, but after that Morris's superior strength began to tell, and he was awarded the bout. Burge made strenuous objections to the decision, saying that he had done as much damage as his opponent.

When George Dixon and "Solly" Smith, the stars of the evening, made their appearance, they were greeted with an outburst of applause. They fought for a purse of $10,000, of which $9,000 went to the winner. Dixon was a 10 to 6 favorite, but the spectators wanted to see the Californian win.

After shaking hands, Smith began hostilities by forcing matters. He went to the centre of the ring and went at Dixon in a most lively manner and got in several telling punches. Dixon, however, only smiled and took the punishment in the most good-natured manner. Toward the close of the round Dixon, however, managed to get in some good blows, and honors were about even. The second round was a repetition, but Smith landed heavily at one stage on Dixon's eye, closing that organ. Dixon fought very viciously in the third round. A sharp left-hander sent the Californian to the floor in a heap, but he got up again, only to be sent down three times again in rapid succession. Once it was thought that he would stay down, but he arose slowly and was on his feet before the ten seconds were counted.

Little fighting was done in the fourth round. The boys evidently were taking matters easy. Dixon's nose, in the fifth round, came in contact with Smith's right hand, and the blood flowed from the darky as perhaps it never flowed before. He was strong, however, and only smiled. Again, in the sixth round, Smith put in some hard work. Dixon's injured eye was hit several times, and at the completion of the round it resembled a huge olive, the green and blue showing through the chocolate-colored skin.

At this stage Dixon appeared to have the better of the fight, but Smith was by no means a whipped man. He gave every evidence of possessing wonderful strength and stamina. When the seventh round began the odds appeared to be about even. Smith was strong and game, and many supposed that the fight would be a long one. After several easy passes, the darky's right hand shot out like a trip hammer, and down went Smith. He remained on the floor nine seconds and got up very "groggy." Then Dixon did the Doctor Jekyll and Mr. Hyde act. From a most passive colored youth he changed to a demon bent on doing mischief. His eyes flashed and he stood in front of the pugilistic member of the Smith family like a conquering hero.

Smith made one or two vain endeavors to change the tide of battle, but it was useless. Dixon had a big advantage, and he was going to hold it. As soon as Smith regained his feet he sent out his right hand and again Smith went to the floor. This time he was very weak and it was with the utmost difficulty that he managed to get on his feet. They clinched and broke away. In the break Dixon's right hand went out and caught Smith on the point of the jaw. Down he went, and several times he tried to get on his feet, but he was too weak, and Referee Eckhardt counted him out. The time of the fighting in the seventh round was 42 minutes and 42 seconds.

After the fight Dixon said that it was one of the easiest victories he ever had. "Why, this fellow Smith," he said, "is a cinch. I'd like to meet a man of his calibre every week. I wonder how ever he whipped Griffin. It must have been a fluke."

"There's no use of talking," said Smith, sorrowfully, "this man Dixon is a wonder. I'm a sad but a wiser man."

Hardly had the battle ended, and just as the participants of the contest were donning their citizens' clothes, when Smith was put under arrest by a Sheriff of Roby, Ind., for being a principal in a prize fight recently with John Griffin, which took place before the defunct Columbia Athletic Club. The official who made the arrest is not known. The officer, who is an elderly gentleman, probably sixty years of age, refused to give his name when asked. Before getting to his man the Sheriff had some difficulty with several of the officers who are usually placed at the dressing room doors, in the rear of the big arena, to prevent outsiders from bothering the pugilists. The officers at the time were not aware of the Sheriff's identity, but when he displayed his shield he was admitted.

The Sheriff had made all preparations to capture his man, and exhibited requisition papers. He then placed Smith under arrest, and at Judge Newton's suggestion he allowed Smith his liberty, under the promise that Newton would be responsible for the defeated fighter until to-morrow, when Solly will probably be taken into custody and brought to Roby to stand trial.

The Sheriff also had papers for Griffin, who was present at the fight, but the latter got the tip and evaded arrest.

TROTTING IN MUD AND RAIN.

New-England Breeders' Association Makes a Poor Start.

BOSTON, Sept. 25.—The seventh annual meeting of the New-England Trotting-Horse Breeders' Association made a poor start at Mystic Park to-day. Rain was falling when the horses were called at 1 o'clock, and the track was very soon muddy and slow, but as there is a long programme of stakes to get through this week, the day's card was worked off. Many of the horses were scratched in consequence, but, considering the condition of the track, good time was made. Gil Curry in the 2:15 pace going a first mile that was as good as 2:00 on a dry track.

Lady Alcy was a warm favorite for the yearling dash, but Princess Clara, owned by T. Greenwood, Secretary of the New-York Driving Club, beat her in great style through the mud, the favorite finishing ten lengths back. The Allan Farm youngster Unkamet was backed at 3 to 1 over the field, but Bither tired the slapping-gaited colt in the second heat when he drove Unkamet through the soft footing to a race record of better than 2:30. Zerbrino outlasted him, winning handily in slow time.

J. L. McCarthy, a Western starter who has never been East before, got the fields away in good shape with very little of the usual scoring.

Summaries:

Yearling Trotting Stake, $1,000.

Princess Clara, b. f., by Prince George-Reality, by Princeps, (Stinson)	1
Lady Alcy, r. f., by Alcyone, (Risk)	2
Perial, b. c., by Sciential, (Austin)	3
Monturo, b. c., by Edgemark, (Isabel)	4
Linwood, ch. c., by Maine Prince, (Chaplin)	5
Christopher Columbus, b. c., by Alcander, (Golden)	6
Sunset B., b. c., by Warrener, (Noyes)	7
Albert H., br. c., by Warrener, (Briggs)	8

Time—2:38¾.

Tyro Stake; 3:00 Class—Trotting; $1,000; best two in three.

Judge Austin, r. g., by McCurdy's Hambletonian, (Dore)	1	2	1
Howard L., r. g., by Allegheny Boy, (McDonald)	6	1	3
Enigma, blk. f., (Van Volkenburgh)	2	4	2
Shuck Wilson, r. g., (Middleby)	3	5	4
Sadie L., br. m., (Briggs)	4	3	5
Duellon, b. g., (Matthews)	5	6	6

Time—2:23¼; 2:22¼; 2:22½.

2:15 Class, Pacing.—Subscription stake, $1,500.

Gil Curry, gr. g., by Almont Boy, dam Thoroughbred, (Brock)	1	1	1
Ned Winslow, blk. g., (Baggs)	2	2	2
Alcyo, b. s., (Demarest)	3	3	3

Time—2:18¾; 2:16¼; 2:18¼.

Futurity Stake for three-year olds.—Value $815.

Zerbrino, b. c., by Woodbrino, dam by Abbott, (Marsh)	2	2	1	1	1
Unkamet, ch. c., by Lancelot, (Bither)	1	1	2	2	2
Clara Rene, b. f., (Gliven)	dis.				

Time—2:33½; 2:29; 2:41½; 2:36½; 2:40.

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Results at Gravesend.

FIRST RACE.—One mile and one furlong; handicap. Rudolph, 118 pounds, (Irving,) 6 to 5, won; Raceland, 114, (Sims,) 9 to 2, second; Terrifier, 90, (J. Lambley,) 25 to 1, third. Victorious, Comanche, and Picknicker also ran. Time—1:55.

SECOND RACE.—Five furlongs. Dobbins, 118 pounds, (Sims,) 1 to 5, won; Flirtation, 115, (Miller,) 20 to 1, second; St. Pat, 111, (Noble,) 40 to 1, third. Melody, Discount, and Pecksniff also ran. Time—1:02.

THIRD RACE.—Six furlongs; sweepstakes. Wah Jim, 114 pounds, (Overton,) 16 to 5, won; Chesapeake, 109, (Midgley,) 6 to 5, second; Fairy, 106, (Sims,) 3 to 1, third. Arab and Bolero also ran. Time—1:14¼.

FOURTH RACE.—Sweepstakes for three-year-olds. One mile and a sixteenth. Fidelio, 113 pounds, (Taral,) 8 to 1, won; Candelabra, 112, (Doggett,) 7 to 10, second; Longstreet, 112, (Sims,) 5 to 1, third. T. Blackburn also ran. Time—1:50.

FIFTH RACE.—Sweepstakes for two-year-olds. Five furlongs. Drum Major, 112 pounds, (Overton,) 6 to 1, won; Gordius, 114½, (Miller,) 3 to 1, second; Peacemaker, 109, (Littlefield,) 6 to 1, third. Innocent, Anawanda, Hartford, Enfield, Ouida, Florist, Nancy Lee, M. Primrose colt, The Jester, Nonsense, and Gramplan also ran. Time—1:03.

SIXTH RACE.—Sweepstakes for three year-olds. Six furlongs. Minnehaha, 104 pounds, (Penn,) 3 to 1, won; Red Banner, 106, (Sims,) 2 to 1, second; Shadow, 97, (Carter,) 6 to 1, third. Tiny Tim, Young Arion, Reginald, Saragossa, and Clio colt also ran. Time—1:15¾.

ENTRIES FOR TO-DAY.

FIRST RACE.—Six furlongs. Kingston, 122 pounds; Sirocco, 120; Pedestrian and Tormentor, 112 each; Clio colt, 90.

SECOND RACE.—One mile and a sixteenth. Strathmeath, 116 pounds; Don Alonzo, 110; Victorious, 95; Lizzie and Terrifier, 90 each.

THIRD RACE.—Holly Handicap; three-quarters of a mile. Dobbins, 120 pounds; Jack of Spades, 114; Prig, 103; Flirtation and Fa Juive, 100 each; Dalton, Rubicon, Curacoa, and Catindo, 90 each.

FOURTH RACE.—Sea Breeze Stakes. One and a sixteenth miles. Chattanooga, 108 pounds; Herald, 107; Wormser, 106; Deception, 103; Integrity, Hiram, and Emin Bey, 98 each.

FIFTH RACE.—Five furlongs. Little Pirate, 108 pounds; Patrician, 107; Oporto, 103; Katie colt, 102; Nahma, 100; Faetotum, 98; Torchbearer and Camden, 95 each; Doolittle, 90.

SIXTH RACE.—Five and a half furlongs. Stonenell, 125 pounds; Correction, 122; Racine and Sirocco, 117 each; Gertie, 88.

Winners at Clifton.

FIRST RACE.—Five furlongs; selling. Emblem, 118 pounds, (Hennessy,) 8 to 1, won; McCormack, 120, (W. Shields,) 5 to 1, second; Fan King, 119, (Ransom,) 10 to 1, third. Berwyn, St. Hubert, Gloriana, Transit, Tom Karl, Morning Glory, and Lumberman also ran. Time—1:04.

SECOND RACE.—Seven furlongs; selling. Romeo, 98 pounds, (Brooks,) 10 to 1, won; Connors, 106, (Blake,) 5 to 1, second; Fiction, 95, (Griffin,) 3 to 1, third. Marble, Eliza Ann, Sadie W., Clarus, Jakey Josephs, Mary Winifred gelding, and Floyd also ran. Time—1:30¾.

THIRD RACE.—Six and a half furlongs; selling. Queen Enid, 92 pounds, (H. Jones,) 25 to 1, won; Miss Bess, 92, (Griffin,) even, second; Little Nell, 90, (J. Daly,) 8 to 1, third. Sir Richard, Captain McChesney, Perrier Jouet, Darkness, Industry, and Bryan also ran. Time—1:24.

FOURTH RACE.—Five furlongs. Toano, 100 pounds, (Blake,) 2 to 1, won; Watterson, 97, (H. Jones,) 10 to 1, second; Mabel Glenn, 97, (Brooks,) 10 to 1, third. Little Fred, Tartarian, Gray Eagle, and Marguerite also ran. Time—1:02¼.

FIFTH RACE.—One mile; selling. Climax, 101, pounds, (Blake,) 3 to 1, won; Old Pepper, 100, (Donohue,) 5 to 2, second; Larghetto, 102, (Griffin,) 2 to 1, third. Tom Flynn, Miss Kitty, Brown Idle, Spartacus, Adjourn, and Baylor also ran. Time—1:44.

SIXTH RACE.—Four and a half furlongs. Glitter II., 105 pounds, (Lendrum,) 4 to 1, won; Tube Rose, 97, (Donohue,) 20 to 1, second; Ed Connolly, 103½, (McDermott,) 5 to 2, third. Halcyon, Cheddar, Gold Step, Elect, Willie McAuliffe, Mulhatton, Magic, and Nellie B. also ran. Time—0:57.

To Race at Guttenberg.

FIRST RACE.—Six furlongs. Max, 112 pounds; Jubilee, Madras, Oaklawn, Alexander, Jr., Dawn gelding, and Primus, 106 each; Fanny Beverly, 103.

SECOND RACE.—Six furlongs. Capt. Sinclair and Lady Mansfield, 108 pounds each; Briar gelding, Blue Garter, and Ed Kearney, 106 each; Eulalie, 105; War Lord, The Kelt, Jim Corbett, and Come Home, 102 each; Hypatia, 101; Carrie H., Blossom, and Anna Belle, 99 each.

THIRD RACE.—Six and a half furlongs. Helen N., Tom Watson, Polydora, Azrael, and Melanie, 102 pounds each; Tactician, Strathmaid, and Plenty, 100 each; Josie D. and Estelle, 97 each; Lismore, 93; Lita and Lemon Blossom, 90 each.

FOURTH RACE.—One mile. Eclipse, 122 pounds; Lotion, 113; Wampezo, 109; Riot, 107; Lord Motley, 102; Liselg, 99; Fox Glove, 92.

FIFTH RACE.—Seven furlongs. Harry Alonzo, Airplant, and Gettysburg, 113 pounds each; Peruvian and Canvass, 110 each; Kingstock, 107; Carmen and Lester, 104 each; Joe Carter, Detroit, Van Wart, Hampton, and Marmose, 101 each.

SIXTH RACE.—One mile and a quarter; five hurdles. My Fellow, 151 pounds; Lijero and Schnorer, 147 each; Margherita, 145; Hiawasse, 142; Prize, 134.

The Metropolitan Championships.

Secretary Sullivan of the Amateur Athletic Union says that the Metropolitan championships to be decided on the grounds of the New-Jersey Athletic Club on Saturday week will eclipse anything ever seen in this vicinity. The entries are coming in very fast, and, from present appearances, will number several hundred.

Great interest is being manifested in the quarter-mile run for the set of medals offered by The New-York Times. They are of a very pretty design and are being manufactured by Robert Stoll of 19 John Street. Allen, the New-York Athletic Club runner, may not compete in the race. He won the event at Chicago, and, if he decides to remain out at the Metropolitan championships, half a dozen men stand a good chance to win first place. Allen's retirement will add interest to the contest for The Times medals.

For the Farnum Cup.

PRINCETON, N. J., Sept. 25.—The first of the inter-class games for the championship of the college in baseball was played this afternoon between the seniors and the freshmen, resulting in a score of 1 to 0 in favor of the seniors. The batteries were, for the seniors, Van Nortwick and Lindsay; for the freshmen, Altman and Bradley, pitchers, and Case and Williams catchers. Both of the freshman batteries did very fine work, and it was not until the last inning that the seniors were able to win. Creigh made a triple and Drake a single, scoring the winning run. The contest is for the Farnum Cup.

Yonkers Tennis Tournament.

On the Yonkers Club courts, Yonkers, N. Y., the local club completed its Fall open tennis tournament Saturday. The events were men's singles, men's doubles, and mixed doubles. Only the final rounds were played, the other rounds having been finished earlier in the week. E. P. Fischer of the Knickerbocker Tennis Club accomplished the remarkable feat of winning first place in all three events. There were only a few out-of-town players among the entries, but Fischer was strong enough to win all the honors for the out-of-town contingent.

The summaries follow:

Men's Singles.—*Final Round*—E. P. Fischer, Knickerbocker TC, defeated C. C. Harmstad, Jersey City TC, 6—4, 6—1, 6—2.

Men's Doubles.—*Final Round*—G. T. Burr, Yonkers TC, and E. P. Fischer, Knickerbocker TC, defeated H. Hodgman, Yonkers TC, and S. A. Bogart, Yonkers TC, 2—6, 6—2, 6—3, 1—6, 6—1.

Mixed Doubles.—*Final Round*—Miss Fitch, Yonkers TC, and E. P. Fischer, Knickerbocker TC, defeated Miss B. Silver, Sleepy Hollow TC, and S. A. Bogart, Yonkers TC, 6—2, 6—2, 2—1, (defaulted.)

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Between City Hall & Chatham Square

As LONG CREDIT given as is consistent with the selling of GOOD GOODS at LOW PRICES and WITHOUT INTEREST charge. Extension of time in cases of sickness or inability to earn money.

League Baseball Games.

AT CHICAGO.

New-York ... 0 1 0 0 0 0 2 1 0—4
Chicago ... 1 0 0 0 3 1 0 0 0—5

Base hits—New-York, 7; Chicago, 8. Errors—New-York, 1; Chicago, 2. Batteries—Baldwin and Wilson; Clausen and Kittridge. Umpire—Mr. Lynch.

AT LOUISVILLE.

Boston ... 4 1 4 0 0 0 0 0 0—9
Louisville ... 2 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0—4

Base hits—Boston, 18; Louisville, 8. Errors—Boston, 1; Louisville, 3. Batteries—Nichols and Ganzel; Hemming and Grim. Umpire—Mr. Hornung.

AT CINCINNATI.

Brooklyn ... 0 0 2 0 0 2 0 0 0—4
Cincinnati ... 5 0 4 0 0 0 2 [illegible]—11

Base hits—Brooklyn, 10; Cincinnati, 12. Errors—Brooklyn, 6. Batteries—Sharrott and Lachance; Sullivan and Vaughn. Umpire—Mr. Gaffney.

AT CLEVELAND.

Washington ... [illegible]
Cleveland ... [illegible]

Base hits—Washington, 6; Cleveland, 13. Errors—Washington, 3; Cleveland, 4. Batteries—Stockdale and McGuire; Clarkson and Zimmer. Umpire—Mr. Emslie.

AT ST. LOUIS.

Baltimore ... [illegible]—17
St. Louis ... [illegible]

Base hits—Baltimore, 21; St. Louis, 11. Errors—Baltimore, 3; St. Louis, 4. Batteries—McMahon and Robinson; Hawley and Cooley. Umpire—Mr. McQuaid.

Bubear Meets His Match.

LONDON, Sept. 25.—Bubear was beaten by five lengths in the sculling match to-day with Sullivan, the New-Zealander. Bubear's style lacked dash and strength, Sullivan getting the lead and holding it.

Mr. Pidcock's Peach Farms Sold for $1 Each.

FLEMINGTON, N. J., Sept. 25.—Sheriff Hunter to-day sold the real estate of ex-Congressman J. N. Pidcock, consisting of seventy-three farm lots and houses, to Alvah A. Clarke of Somerville at $1 a tract or parcel. The property consists principally of peach farms, the richest in the county. Their yield this Fall reached 100,000 baskets.

Mr. Pidcock's failure was due to the money stringency.

Agony is annoyance concentrated.
Beecham's Pills
(Worth a Guinea a Box.)
(Tasteless)
are concentrated remedies for the annoyance of Indigestion or the Agony of Dyspepsia.
25 cents a box.
53

TOBACCO HABIT EASILY CURED
HILL'S
DOUBLE CHLORIDE OF GOLD TABLETS
will completely destroy the desire for Tobacco in from 3 to 5 days. Perfectly harmless, cause no sickness, and may be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the *knowledge of the patient*, who will *voluntarily* quit smoking or chewing in a few days.

DRUNKENNESS and MORPHINE HABIT may be easily cured at home by the use of Hill's Special Formula Gold Tablets.

IMPORTANT.

A remedy that requires the patient while taking it, to give up the use of Tobacco or Stimulants, has no curative powers. Beware of such nostrums. When taking HILL'S TABLETS the patient need make *no effort* in his own behalf, and we permit the use of Tobacco, Liquor or Morphine until such time as it is *voluntarily* given up.

HILL'S CHLORIDE OF GOLD TABLETS are for sale by all *first-class* druggists at $1 per package.

BEWARE OF FRAUD.

The wonderful success of Hill's Tablets has caused many worthless imitations to be placed upon the market. If your druggist does not keep Hill's Tablets, but offers you something "just as good," shun it—he is deceiving you in order to sell something in which there is a greater profit.

REMEMBER, we *guarantee* a complete and permanent cure, or failing, will refund the money paid.

FREE. A pamphlet of particulars together with testimonials from persons who have been cured by the use of our TABLETS, will be sent free on application.

If your druggist does not keep Hill's Tablets, send us $1.00 and we will send you, by return mail, a package. Address THE OHIO CHEMICAL CO., LIMA, OHIO.

COSTAR'S EXTERMINATORS DESTROY cockroaches, bedbugs, roaches, ants, fleas, rats, mice; infallible 68 years. 40 Clinton Place.

GOLD MAY SOON FLOW FROM US.

Opponents of Silver Repeal May Upset Confidence and Trade Again.

The banks retired $465,000 of Clearing House certificates yesterday and notice was given of the withdrawal of $650,000 more to-day. Balances against the Sub-Treasury, amounting to $821,000, were paid into the Clearing House in gold. The French steamer landed $150,000 in gold, which went to a banking house for transfer to Havana. There were no drafts of importance from other cities. The banks are thus adding to their stock of money.

Delay at Washington in repealing the silver law offsets the accumulation of money, however, both by imposing financial stagnation for the present and exciting the fear of gold exports for the near future.

Exchange has already risen to the point at which gold can be exported at a profit, and with Germany eager to gather it in and pay a premium for it, bankers say that the danger of losing gold can be counteracted only by legislative relief.

ARMY AND NAVY.

Army News.

LEAVES OF ABSENCE.—Major Henry McElderry, Surgeon, Omaha, one month from Oct. 1. Capt. Edmund K. Webster, Second Infantry, four days' extension. First Lieut. W. R. Abercrombie, Second Infantry, Fort Omaha, Neb., ten days from Sept. 18. Capt. Paul Clendenin, Assistant Surgeon, one month. Capt. H. H. Humphreys, Fifteenth Infantry, one month from Oct. 1.

FIRST LIEUT. BENJAMIN BROOKE, Assistant Surgeon, will proceed from Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, to Fort Brady, Michigan, and report for temporary duty during the absence on leave of Assistant Surgeon Clendenin.

CAPT. FREDERICK H. E. EBSTEIN, Twenty-first Infantry, is detailed as an additional member of the general court-martial, Fort Niagara, N. Y.

CAPT. ROBERT M. ROGERS, Second Artillery, Fort Preble, Me., will proceed to Fort Adams, R. I., and report to First Lieut. Smith, Second Artillery, Judge Advocate of the general court-martial, as witness before the court.

SECOND LIEUT. H. N. ROYDEN, Twenty-third Infantry, having completed his duty as witness before the general court-martial at Fort Sam Houston, will return to Fort Bliss, Texas.

CAPT. WILLIAM V. RICHARDS, Sixteenth Infantry, is relieved from further duty at Bellevue Rifle Range, Bellevue, Neb., and will proceed to Fort Douglas, Utah.

Naval News.

COMMANDER W. M. FOLGER, who recently resigned his office as Chief of the Ordnance Bureau of the Navy Department, has requested Secretary Herbert to revoke the year's leave granted him and send him to sea. Commander Folger's leave will expire Dec. 31, and he asks that it be revoked after Nov. 1.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

Miniature Almanac—This Day.

Sun rises...5 40 | Sun sets....5 38 | Moon sets..10 37 A M

HIGH WATER TO-DAY.

	Sandy H'k.	Gov. Isl.	Hell Gate.
A M	7 48	8 09	10 02
P M	8 12	8 32	10 24

LOW WATER TO-DAY.

	Sandy H'k.	Gov. Isl.	Hell Gate.
A M	1 36	2 05	3 33
P M	2 02	2 35	4 03

Outgoing Steamships.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
TUESDAY, SEPT. 26.		
Havel, Bremen	6:00 A M	9:00 A M
Kansas City, Savannah	......	3:00 P M
Miranda, Jamaica	......	3:00 P M
Philadelphia, La Guayra	11:00 A M	3:00 P M
WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 27.		
Lampasas, Galveston	......	3:00 P M
Paris, Southampton	3:30 A M	7:00 A M
Teutonic, Liverpool	4:00 A M	7:30 A M
Trave, Bremen	......	9:00 A M
Westernland, Antwerp	4:30 A M	6:30 A M
THURSDAY, SEPT. 28.		
Cienfuegos, Nassau	1:00 P M	3:00 P M
Columbia, Hamburg	4:30 A M	7:30 A M
Grecian, Glasgow	......	2:00 P M
Nacoochee, Savannah	......	3:00 P M
Orinoco, St. Kitt's	1:00 P M	3:00 P M
FRIDAY, SEPT. 29.		
Cherokee, Jacksonville	......	3:00 P M
Muriel, Bermuda	......	3:00 P M
SATURDAY, SEPT. 30.		
Elbe, Bremen	6:30 A M	9:00 A M
City of Para, Colon	11:00 A M	12:00 M
Alaska, Liverpool	......	9:00 A M
Campania, Liverpool	5:00 A M	8:30 A M
Devonia, Glasgow	......	9:00 A M
La Bourgogne, Havre	3:30 A M	7:00 A M
Amsterdam, Rotterdam	7:30 A M	9:30 A M
Maskelyne, Bahia	10:30 A M	1:00 P M
Yumuri, Havana	11:00 A M	1:00 P M
Prins Willem I., Port au Prince	11:00 A M	1:00 P M

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY, (TUESDAY,) SEPT. 26.—Brooklyn City, Swansea, Sept. 12; Elbe, Bremen, Sept. 17; Lydian Monarch, London, Sept. 10; Mohican, Swansea, Sept. 17; Noordland, Antwerp, Sept. 16; Orinoco, Bermuda, Sept. 21; Roland, Bremen, Sept. 13; State of Nebraska, Glasgow, Sept. 15; Schiedam, Amsterdam, Sept. 13.

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 27.—Dubbeldam, Rotterdam, Sept. 16; Amsterdam, Rotterdam, Sept. 18; Orizaba, Havana, Sept. 23.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 28.—Aller, Bremen, Sept. 19; Vega, Lisbon, Sept. 11.

FRIDAY, SEPT. 29.—Caracas, La Guayra, Sept. 23; Germanic, Liverpool, Sept. 20; Gothia, Hamburg, Sept. 14; Thingvalla, Christiansand, Sept. 15.

SATURDAY, SEPT. 30.—France, London, Sept. 14; Rugia, Hamburg, Sept. 17; Umbria, Liverpool, Sept. 23.

SUNDAY, OCT. 1.—Augusta Victoria, Southampton, Sept. 24; Ethiopia, Glasgow, Sept. 21; Francisco, Hull, Sept. 17; La Bretagne, Havre, Sept. 23.

Arrived—New-York, Monday, Sept. 25.

SS Yumuri, Hansen, Matanzas Sept. 2 via Havana, with mdse and passengers to J. E. Ward & Co. Arrived at the Bar at 4 40 A. M.

SS Alsenborn, Lewis, Baltimore, with mdse to H. C. Foster.

SS Amsterdam, (Dutch,) Stenger, Rotterdam Sept. 13, with mdse and passengers to Funch, Edye & Co. Arrived at the Bar at 3 10 A M.

SS Andes, (Br.,) Williams, Port Limon Sept. 16, with mdse and passengers to Pim, Forwood & Co. Arrived at the Bar at 7 A M.

SS Strabo, (Br.,) Fisher, Rio Janeiro Sept. 3 via Victoria, with mdse to Busk & Jevons. Arrived at the Bar at 4 A M.

SS Dorian, (Br.,) Bermpohl, Boston Sept. 23, in ballast to H. Dumois & Co.

SS Yemassee, McKee, Jacksonville and Charleston, with mdse and passengers to William P. Clyde & Co.

SS Mayfield, (Br.,) Vivian, Hamburg Aug. 30 via St. Johns, N. F., with sugar to order—vessel to Funch, Edye & Co. Arrived at the Bar at 12 30 P M.

SS Pawnee, Ingram, Georgetown and Wilmington, N. C., with mdse and passengers to W. P. Clyde & Co.

SS Mohican, (Br.,) Cook, Swansea 12 ds, with mdse to Arkell & Co. Arrived at the Bar at 5 P. M.

SS Alaska, (Br.,) Murray, Liverpool Sept. 16, via Queenstown 17th, with mdse and passengers to A. M. Underhill. Arrived at the Bar at 3 55 P M 24th.

SS John G. Christopher, Crawford, Jacksonville 3 ds, with lumber to W. Choate.

SS Devonia, (Br.,) Campbell, Glasgow Sept. 10 via Moville, with mdse and passengers to Henderson Brothers. Arrived at the Bar at 7 45 P. M.

SS Hudson, Kemble, New-Orleans with mdse and passengers to E. C. Allen.

SS British Prince, (Br.,) Thompson, Leghorn, &c., Aug. 11, with mdse to J. C. Seager. Arrived at the Bar at 5 30 P. M.

WIND—9 30 P M at Sandy Hook, W, moderate breeze, cloudy and hazy.

Naval Shipping.

French man-of-war Regnault de Genonilly, corvette Naiad, French man-of-war Nielly from Boston. They are all anchored in Quarantine.

Sailed.

SS Vesta, for Bordeaux; Suez, for Norfolk, Va.

Spoken.

Ship West Lothian, (Br.,) Smith, from New-York Aug. 9 for Calcutta, was spoken Sept. 9 in lat 11 N, lon 28 W.

Ship East Lothian, (Br.,) Ross, from Sligo Sept. 10 for New-York and Java, was spoken Sept. 10 in lat 50 N, lon 19 W.

By Cable.

LONDON, Sept. 25.—SS Peconic, (Br.,) Capt. Harnden, from Patras Sept. 7 for New-York, passed Gibraltar Sept. 19.

SS Taormina, (Ger.,) Capt. Koch, from Hamburg for New-York, passed the Isle of Wight yesterday.

SS Bergermeister Petersen, (Ger.,) Capt. Von Allworden, from New-York Sept. 9 for Dover, passed Dunnet Head to-day.

SS Chicago, (Br.,) Capt. Watson, from New-York Sept. 10 for Deptford and Antwerp, passed the Lizard to-day.

SS Dorset, (Br.,) Capt. Couch, from New-York Sept. 10 for Dunkirk, passed the Isle of Wight to-day.

SS Beacon Light, (Br.,) Capt. Anderson, sld. from Bremen for New-York Sept. 22.

SS Martello, (Br.,) Capt. Rea, sld. from Hull for New-York Sept. 23.

SS Peruvian, (Br.,) Capt. Nieman, sld. from Glasgow for New-York Sept. 23.

SS Pocahontas, (Br.,) Capt. James, sld. from Liverpool for New-York yesterday.

SS Ocean, (Dutch,) Capt. Cassens, from New-York Sept. 6, arr. at Ymuiden Sept. 23.

General Transatlantic Line SS La Gascogne, Capt. Santelli, from New-York Sept. 16, arr. at Havre yesterday.

SS Paula, (Ger.,) Capt. Reimers, from New-York Sept. 7, arr. at Cuxhaven yesterday.

SS Wells City, (Br.,) Capt. Savage, from New-York Sept. 9, arr. at Bristol yesterday.

SS Monomoy, (Br.,) Capt. Jenkins, from New-York Sept. 12, arr. at Avonmouth to-day.

SS Norwegian, (Br.,) Capt. Christie, from New-York Sept. 14, arr. at Glasgow to-day.

SS Zaandam, (Dutch,) Capt. Duit, sld. from Amsterdam for New-York at 4 P M to-day.

SS Strathesk, (Br.,) Capt. Fould, from New-York Aug. 19 for Hongkong and Yokohama via Suez, passed Perim to-day.

North German Lloyd SS Kaiser Wilhelm II., Capt. Stormer, from New-York, arr. at Southampton at noon to-day and proceeded for Bremen.

SS Maesland, (Belg.,) Capt. Bence, sld. from Antwerp for New-York to-day.

Situations Wanted—Females.

TIMES, UP TOWN OFFICE,

1,269 Broadway..........Near 32d Street

Open daily, Sundays included, from 5 A. M. to 9 P. M.

CHAMBERMAID, &c.—By a young girl as chambermaid and seamstress in private family; good references. N. H., Box 353 Times, Up Town.

CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—By a young girl as chambermaid and waitress; city reference; no cards. Call at 306 West 19th St.

When?

Your husband will quickly notice a great improvement in your cooking, *when* you use Cottolene.

Your house will not be filled with the unpleasant odor of hot lard, *when* you use Cottolene.

Your doctor will likely lose some of his long standing Dyspepsia cases, *when* you use Cottolene.

Your little children can safely eat the same food as yourself, *when* you use Cottolene.

Your money will be saved for purchasing other things, *when*

You use Cottolene

Cottolene is sold in 3 and 5 pound pails by all grocers. A trial will convince you of its great value. Accept no imitation. Genuine made only by

THE AMERICAN COTTON OIL CO.

DO YOU USE COTTOLENE?

N. K. FAIRBANK & CO., Chicago.
New York Office, Produce Exchange.

Situations Wanted—Females.

Chambermaids.

CHAMBERMAID, &c.—By a young girl as chambermaid and waitress or sewer in a private family; will be found willing and obliging, with best of city reference. Address N. A. D., Box 269 Times, Up Town.

CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—Lady giving up housekeeping would like to obtain a situation as chambermaid and waitress for thoroughly-competent and trustworthy girl. 61 West 74th St.

CHAMBERMAID OR WAITRESS.—By a respectable girl speaking German and English, in fine family, as chambermaid or waitress; first-class city references; wages, $18. At her parents', Mrs. Faust, 174 East 90th St.

CHAMBERMAID OR WAITRESS.—By educated North German girl in fine private family as chambermaid or waitress; best references; wages, $18. 813 2d Av. Janitor.

CHAMBERMAID.—By a young girl to do chamber work and assist waiting; no objection to a boarding house; best city reference. 19 West 24th St.

CHAMBERMAID.—By respectable girl as chambermaid and seamstress, or would assist with waiting in private family; good reference. 575 8th Av.; McAllister's bell.

CHAMBERMAID.—By respectable girl as chambermaid or parlormaid; good sewer; city or country; best city reference from last place. 304 East 34th St.; no cards.

CHAMBERMAID.—By a very capable servant; can take full charge of linen closet; willing and obliging; best city reference. Seen at 233 East 56th St.; ring Flannelly's bell.

CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—By young girl as chambermaid and waitress and do sewing in small family; good reference from last place. 339 East 59th St.; ring Bell 3.

CHAMBERMAID.—By a young woman as competent chambermaid or parlormaid in first-class family; best city reference if required. Call at 587 Lexington Av.

CHAMBERMAID.—By a neat girl as chambermaid and laundress in small private family; city reference. Call at 320 West 47th St.; Price's bell.

CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—By a girl as chambermaid and waitress or do housework in a small family; city reference. 384 8th Av., Peck's bell.

CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—By a first-class chambermaid and waitress; no objection to private boarding house; best city reference. Coyle, 1,160 3d Av.

CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—By a young girl as chambermaid and waitress or as chambermaid and seamstress, with reference. Call at 228 East 36th St., O'Connor's bell.

CHAMBERMAID AND SEAMSTRESS.—By a colored girl; or act as maid; best city references. Address J. C., 251 Columbus Av.

CHAMBERMAID.—By a Protestant as competent chambermaid and to do sewing; city or country; city reference. Call at 163 East 70th St.

CHAMBERMAID.—By a young girl as chambermaid and seamstress. 260 West 15th St., first floor.

CHAMBERMAID.—By a respectable girl as chambermaid and assist with waitress; has satisfactory city reference. Call at 47 West 19th St.

CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—By a neat young girl, in a private family; good references. Address N. C. P., Box 346 Times, Up Town.

CHAMBERMAID.—By a thoroughly-competent Protestant girl; seven years' reference from last place. 509 10th Av.; ring second bell to left.

CHAMBERMAID.—By young girl, lately landed, as chambermaid and waitress in private family; willing and obliging. 271 West 33d St.

CHAMBERMAID.—By a respectable woman as chambermaid in hospital; good reference for institution. Roberts, 844 3d Av.

CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—By a respectable young woman as chambermaid and waitress; city reference. 780 8th Av., first floor.

CHAMBERMAID.—By a young girl as chambermaid in private family; good reference. Call at 51 East 55th St.

CHAMBERMAID AND LAUNDRESS.—By a young girl as chambermaid and laundress; city reference. Call at 306 West 19th St.; no cards.

CHAMBERMAID.—By young girl as chambermaid and waitress in nice American family; good reference. 207 West 29th St.

CHAMBERMAID OR PARLORMAID.—By a young English girl; best city reference. Address M. W., Box 300 Times, Up Town.

CHAMBERMAID.—By a young girl as chambermaid and waitress; good city reference. Address F. R., Box 405 Times, Up Town.

CHAMBERMAID.—By a young girl to do chamberwork and waiting or chamberwork alone; best city reference. 200 East 39th St., first floor.

CHAMBERMAID.—By a girl as chambermaid and waitress; will go to the country. Call at 234 East 36th St.; ring three times.

CHAMBERMAID.—As first-class chambermaid; plain seamstress; good city reference. Address F., Box 327 Times, Up Town.

Companions.

RESIDENT COMPANION.—By a refined, quiet young lady as resident companion to lady; salary not so much an object as a good, quiet home; excellent reference. Address Post Office Box 125, Haverstraw, N. Y.

Cooks.

COOK.—By a respectable woman as excellent family cook; soups, meats, desserts, bread, pastry; willing to do coarse washing if required; best city reference. F. B., Box 351 Times, Up Town.

COOK.—By a first-class English Protestant woman as cook where kitchenmaid is kept; thoroughly understands her duties; city reference. Address A. R., Box 324 Times, Up Town.

COOK AND LAUNDRESS.—By a competent cook and laundress, work; daughter as waitress or nurse; neat sewer; together or separate; city or country. Best, 6 St. Mark's Place.

COOK.—By a Frenchman; understands cooking in all its branches; good references from first-class hotels in the city; moderate wages. Address S. G., Box 328 Times, Up Town.

COOK.—By a first-class cook; understands all kinds of French and Mexican cooking; best city reference; will go to country. Address A. M., Box 329 Times, Up Town.

COOK.—By a young girl as plain cook and do coarse washing, or would go as kitchenmaid; in a private family; good city reference. A. P., 120 East 25th St. Call Monday.

COOK OR LAUNDRESS.—First-class; by a respectable woman by the day; can do all kinds of work in gentleman's house; well recommended. Address N. H., Box 348 Times, Up Town.

COOK.—By an experienced and first-class cook; can give the best city references from last place. Address 322 East 36th St., first floor.

COOK.—By a young woman to go out by the day as cook; or by the week; first-class city references. 178 East 80th St.; ring Owen's bell.

COOK.—By a good cook; thoroughly understands her business; best city reference. 145 East 32d St.

COOK.—By first-class cook in private family; assist in washing; best city reference. Address C., Box 352 Times, Up Town.

COOK.—By middle-aged woman as first-class cook; in private family; soups, pastry, bread, &c.; best city reference. 221 East 36th St. Mrs. Kelly.

COOK.—By a girl as good cook and plain laundress; three years' city reference. 302 West 69th St.

COOK.—By a good cook in private family; good city references. 169 East 64th St.

COOK.—By first-class cook in a private family. J. Mueller, 9 Goerck St.

COOK.—In small family, or to do housework. Call, from 10 to 2, at 440 West 26th St., near 10th Av.

COOK.—By good cook in private family; has best city reference. 200 West 31st St.; ring Bell 1.

COOK.—By a young woman, lately landed, as first-class cook; has good reference. 443 West 30th St.

Situations Wanted—Females.

Cooks.

COOK AND LAUNDRESS.—A gentleman giving up housekeeping wishes to find a situation for a respectable young girl whom he can highly recommend as a good plain cook and laundress and do plain sewing and housekeeping in general; only respectable party. Apply at 208 West 43d St., Wednesday and Thursday, from 12 to 3 P. M.

COOK.—Experienced person; good plain cook, washer, and ironer; in small private family; will be disengaged Oct. 1 on account of present employer's discontinuing housekeeping. Call to-day, from 10 to 2, at present employer's. 57 West 83d St.

COOK.—By a young girl as first-class cook; understands French and German cooking; four years' references from last employer. Call, two days, at 627 Amsterdam Av., between 90th and 91st Sts., in laundry; no cards.

COOK.—By respectable woman as competent cook in all branches; excellent references; no objection to a first-class boarding house; none need apply unless they pay at least $30. 231 East 28th St., third floor.

COOK.—By an excellent young Swedish woman; expert in French, English, and American cooking; in private family, large or small; exceedingly high reference. L. M., Advertisement Office, 162 East 23d St.

COOK, &c.—By respectable woman as first-class cook and laundress; private family; understands all kinds of desserts and baking; best city reference; wages, $20. Address T. M., Box 325 Times, Up Town.

COOK.—By an experienced German cook; understands French and English cooking; in private family where kitchenmaid is kept; wages, $35; city reference. Address J. C., care of Mrs. Morrise, 864 6th Av.; ring three times.

COOK—CHAMBERMAID.—By two respectable young girls; one as good cook, the other as chambermaid and waitress; best city reference; present employer can be seen. Call at 209 West 31st St., first floor.

COOK.—By a competent cook; makes all kinds of desserts; good bread and biscuit maker; city or country; good reference. Call at 1,218 1st Av.; ring Hamilton's bell; no cards.

COOK.—By Protestant woman as good cook, washer, and ironer; good bread, biscuit, and pastry maker; no objection to country; best city reference. Call at 104 7th Av., in rear.

COOK.—By competent woman as cook; first-class; thoroughly understands cooking in all its branches; city references. Address Ellen, Box 306 Times, Up Town.

COOK.—By a first-class cook and laundress in a small American family; two years city references. Call at 204 West 60th St., first floor; no cards or flats.

COOK AND WAITER.—By a Frenchman; speaks English and German; as cook or waiter in a private family or in a private boarding house. Address N. T. W., Box 208 Times.

COOK AND BAKER.—By a Scotch girl as good family cook and baker; soups and entrées; assist washing; city or country; good reference. 434 2d Av., first floor.

COOK—CHAMBERMAID.—By two respectable young girls; one as first-class cook, the other as chambermaid and to assist with washing; first-class reference. 230 West 27th St., first bell.

COOK AND LAUNDRESS—CHAMBERMAID and Waitress.—By two young girls; one as cook and laundress, the other as chambermaid and waitress; city reference. 76 West 50th St.

COOK—KITCHENMAID.—By first-class Swedish cook and kitchenmaid; wages, $50 and $18; city or country; reference. Address Mrs. Peterson, 160 East 32d St.

COOK—CHAMBERMAID.—By two girls, together; one as cook and laundress, the other as chambermaid and waitress; best city references. Call at 169 East 33d St.; ring four times.

COOK.—By a young woman as cook in a private American family; understands her business thoroughly; has best of city references. 1,212 3d Av., between 70th and 71st Sts.; ring Sheridan's bell.

COOK.—By a young Welsh Protestant girl as plain cook and laundress; no objection to an apartment; city references given. Address S. E. T., Box 360 Times, Up Town.

COOK.—Where good family cooking is required; can take entire charge; do marketing if necessary; city or country; best reference. Address A. S., Box 252 Times, Up Town.

COOK.—By an excellent family cook; soups, meats, desserts, bread, and pastry; some coarse washing if required; best city reference. Address S. B., Box 359 Times, Up Town.

COOK.—By a young girl as good plain cook and laundress; eight years' city reference. Call, two day, at 111 West 43d St.; no cards.

COOK.—By a young girl as good cook and laundress in private family; best reference. 250 West 30th St.

COOK.—By respectable girl as good plain cook and laundress; good references. Call at 242 East 46th St.; ring fourth bell.

COOK.—By a woman as first-class cook in private family; best city reference. 204 East 56th St., first floor.

COOK.—By an American woman as first-class cook and baker; no washing; reference; city or country. 211 East 28th St.

COOK.—By a good cook willing to assist with the wash. Can be seen at present employer's, 348 East 78th St.; ring first bell.

COOK.—By a first-class cook: understands all its branches; seven years' reference. 223 East 59th St., first flight, left.

COOK.—By a good family cook; excellent baker; nice deserts; good meat and poultry cook; city reference. Address E. M., Box 265 Times, Up Town.

COOK.—By a respectable young girl as cook in a private family; would do coarse washing; good reference. 471 Columbus Av.; ring twice.

COOK.—By neat young Frenchwoman; first-class cook; has friend nurse; speaks English; city or out; no cards. 223 East 59th St.; hall bell, left.

COOK.—By a first-class cook; understands her business thoroughly; good references. 422 East 16th St., fancy store.

COOK.—By a respectable young woman as cook and to do plain washing; best city reference. Address H. E., Box 358 Times, Up Town.

COOK.—By a neat young girl as a good cook and laundress; private family; good reference. 424 West 35th St.; ring Wholahon's bell.

COOK.—By a young woman as cook in small private family; lived with English nobility; good reference. 326 East 33d St., third floor.

COOK.—By a young woman as competent cook; small private family; excellent reference. 568 7th Av.; ring Carthy's bell; no cards.

COOK.—By a good cook; willing to assist with the wash; in a private family; best city references. 130 East 32d St.

COOK.—By a young woman as first-class cook and baker; soups, entrees, creams, jellies, ices; first-class city reference. 253 West 35th St., two flats up.

COOK.—By a young girl as good cook in a private family; good reference; wages, $20. Address S. S., Box 330 Times, Up Town.

COOK.—By a young girl as first-class cook; can give first-class city or country references. Call at 568 Lexington Av.; ring second bell; no cards.

COOK.—By an experienced woman in good private family; first-class references. Call at present employer's, 8 East 29th St.

COOK.—By a French person, lately landed, as good cook in private family; $30. F. F., 222 West 35th St.

COOK.—By a first-class cook in private family; city or country; first-class reference. A. B., Box 326 Times, Up Town.

COOK.—By a colored woman as plain cook in a private family or boarding house. C. G., 251 West 27th St., top floor.

COOK AND LAUNDRESS.—By a respectable young woman as good cook and laundress in private family; reference. 780 8th Av.; ring first bell.

COOK.—By a first-class cook; understands her business thoroughly; best city reference. Seen at 233 East 56th St., Flannelly's bell; no cards.

COOK.—By a good cook in private family; good city references. 188 East 64th St.

Situations Wanted—Females.

Cooks.

COOK.—By thoroughly-competent cook in all kinds of cooking; get up company dinners, luncheons, puff pastry; best reference; city or country; wages, $35. Address L. E., Box 298 Times, Up Town.

COOK.—By reliable Scotch Protestant; good cook, bread and biscuit maker; small family in country; good home preferred to high wages; references. Address Mrs. E. C., Box 324 Times, Up Town.

COOK.—By a competent cook in private family; thoroughly understands soups, meats, game, entrées; first-class bread and biscuit baker; three years' reference. Call, for two days, no cards, at 913 8th Av., second floor.

COOK.—By respectable woman as good cook; willing to do plain washing in private family; good baker; best city reference; last employer seen. 157 West 33d St.

COOK AND LAUNDRESS.—By a respectable Protestant woman as cook and laundress in small private family; good shirt ironer; good city references. 241 West 30th St.; ring bell twice.

COOK.—By a woman as good family cook; in private family; good baker; understands her business; good reference. Address E. L., Box 330 Times, Up Town.

COOK.—By a respectable girl as first-class cook; will assist with washing; best city reference from last place; no cards. 325 East 37th St.

COOK.—By a woman with good reference, to go out by the day, week, or month. 336 East 40th St., first floor, front.

Day's Work.

DAY'S WORK.—By a young woman; excellent cook; to go out by the day, or any kind of domestic work; understands her business; first-class references. Call or address Jane, 270 West 34th St.

DAY'S WORK.—By competent woman to work by day, week, or month; washing, ironing, cleaning; first-class laundress; good city reference. Mary Allen, 149 West 51st St.

DAY'S WORK.—By respectable woman as good cook by the day or week, or do plain washing. 129 West 33d St., Room 6.

DAY'S WORK.—By a respectable woman, to go out by day; cleaning or any kind of work; first-class city reference. Mrs. Ryan, 157 West 33d St.

DAY'S WORK.—By a young woman to go out by the day or week cooking; first-class city references. 178 East 80th St.; ring Owen's bell.

DAY'S WORK.—By a good laundress, or house-cleaning. 162 West 28th St.

Dressmakers.

DRESSMAKER.—Ladies' tailor wishes to recommend himself to ladies wishing perfect-fitting garments, well made; moderate prices; promenade and evening dresses, riding habits, jackets, mantles, &c.; Paris styles. Call and judge for yourselves at 820 6th Av., between 46th and 47th Sts., one flight.

DRESSMAKER.—By a Frenchwoman as first-class children's dressmaker; willing to fix over lady's dresses; by the day or the week. Address E. B., 224 West 35th St.

DRESSMAKER.—By first-class fitter and designer from leading New-York houses; will go to ladies' residences by the day; terms moderate. Address London, Box 361 Times, Up Town.

DRESSMAKER.—By the day; good skirt maker; will also fix over dresses and alter; a few more customers. Address Davis, 463 8th Av.

DRESSMAKER.—S. T. Taylor's system; $2.50 per day; reference from first-class families. Address E. S., Box 302 Times, Up Town.

DRESSMAKER.—By a first-class dressmaker more customers by the day; best of city references. Miss Flannelly, 233 East 56th St.

DRESSMAKER.—By the day; good skirtmaker; will also fix over dresses and alter; wishes a few more customers. Address Davis, 463 8th Av.

DRESSMAKER.—Customers on ladies' and children's dresses. D., 347 East 15th St.

SUITS STYLISHLY MADE AT SHORTEST notice; latest Parisian styles; moderate prices; dresses renovated and redraped equal to new; also competent person by day. Address French Dressmaker, 225 East 39th St.

Governesses.

GOVERNESS OR COMPANION.—By a young Frenchwoman; very well educated; excellent teacher; understands dressmaking; in private family; good references. Address M. A., 223 West 18th St., care of M. Cazassus.

GOVERNESS.—English; teaches English, music, (vocal and instrumental,) French, German, and rudiments of Latin; good testimonials and city references. Address G., 63 Court St., Brooklyn.

VISITING GOVERNESS.—By a Swiss lady, diplomée, afternoon engagement as visiting governess; English branches, French, German, music, drawing; highest references; twelve years' experience. Address Geneva, Box 208 Times.

Houseworkers.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK.—A lady wishes to find a place for her Welsh cook to do general housework in a small family. Apply Tuesday only, 209 East 39th St.

HOUSEMAID.—By a thoroughly-competent person in good family; long and satisfactory references; present employer can be seen. Call at 8 East 29th St.

HOUSEWORK.—By a respectable woman as first-class general houseworker; is a good laundress; excellent baker; would do the entire work of small private family; city or country; good city and country reference. 353 East 17th St., first floor.

HOUSEWORK.—By a competent Canadian to do general housework in a small family in a flat; city reference. Address A. M. W., Box 357 Times, Up Town.

HOUSEWORK.—By a respectable young Protestant girl to do general housework in small family. 2,305 8th Av.; ring McDowell's bell.

HOUSEWORK.—By a young girl lately landed, housework in small private family; willing and obliging. 488 6th Av., Room 8.

HOUSEWORK.—By a young American woman for general housework. Miss Kelly, 617 1st Av.

Lady's Maids.

LADY'S MAID.—By a Protestant who thoroughly understands her duties as a maid, having lived in first-class families; is a good hairdresser and dressmaker, and can furnish five years' city reference from last employer; no objection to wait on an invalid. Call or address, for two days, 636 3d Av., third bell.

LADY'S MAID AND SEAMSTRESS.—By a respectable young woman as lady's maid and seamstress; does not understand hair dressing, but would be willing to learn; good references. 239 East 94th St., Ryan's bell.

LADY'S MAID.—By an experienced person; competent in all her duties; good family seamstress; understands hairdressing and dressmaking; good packer and traveler; English; best city references. Address S. K., 258 West 36th St.

LADY'S MAID AND SEAMSTRESS.—By French Parisienne; understands dressmaking; good packer and traveler; obliging; city reference. Address Maid, care of Miss Josephine, dressmaker, 78 West 48th St.

LADY'S MAID.—French; competent in all her duties; a fine sewer and very good packer; first-class reference. Mme. Bouiron, 108 West 16th St.

LADY'S MAID.—By a competent lady's maid; good seamstress and hairdresser; good packer; good city reference. Address 202 West 83d St.

MAID AND SEAMSTRESS TO ELDERLY lady or nurse to an infant; thoroughly capable in every capacity; five and a half years' city reference from last employer; must be first-class family; no others need apply. Call Tuesday, from 10 to 4, 145 West 53d St.

MAID.—To old or invalid lady; understands marketing; good seamstress; city or country; good city reference. Call or address 107 East 31st St.

MAID.—By a French maid; competent in all her duties; three years' best reference. Address R. B., Box 384 Times, Up Town.

MAID.—By a young girl as maid; willing to assist with chamberwork or plain sewing; first-class references. 721 6th Av.; ring King's bell; no cards.

MAID OR NURSE TO ELDERLY LADY OR grown children, or to do light chamberwork; city references. Call or address 144 West 34th St.

Situations Wanted—Females.

Laundresses.

LAUNDRESS.—By a young girl as first-class laundress in a private family; willing and obliging; country preferred; first-class city reference; wages, $20. Address K. D., Box 323 Times, Up Town.

LAUNDRESS, &c.—Experienced; in private family; also chambermaid; willing and obliging; references. Call or address Bellwood, 634 East 138th St.

LAUNDRESS.—By a respectable woman as first-class laundress in a private family; best of city reference. Address M. N., Box 349 Times, Up Town.

LAUNDRESS—CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—By two respectable girls; one as laundress, the other as chambermaid and waitress; references. 220 East 70th St.

LAUNDRESS.—By experienced Swedish young woman; understands all kinds fine washing and ironing; wages, $20 to $25; excellent city reference. Address S. W., 106 West 42d St.

LAUNDRESS.—By a first-class laundress at home; good yard for drying; understands polishing and fluting; reference. Mrs. O'Brien, 255 West 39th St., basement flat.

LAUNDRESS.—By a respectable woman as first-class laundress; four years' best city reference from last place. Call, two days, at 27 Amsterdam Av., between 90th and 91st Sts.; no cards.

LAUNDRESS.—By respectable girl as first-class laundress; three years' city reference from last place; in private family; no cards. 210 East 56th St., first floor.

LAUNDRESS.—By a young girl as first-class laundress in small family; best city references. 323 East 39th St.

LAUNDRESS.—By a French person as first-class laundress in private family; good reference; city or country. 309 West 20th St., basement.

LAUNDRESS.—By a first-class laundress, in a private family; can give the best of city reference. 809 6th Av., in store.

LAUNDRESS.—First-class; private family; excellent cuff and collar ironer; present employer can be seen. E. L., 650 3d Av.

LAUNDRESS.—By a young German woman as first-class seamstress; by day; good cleaner; good reference. 454 West 45th St.

LAUNDRESS.—By a first-class laundress to take home washing. 210 East 59th St.

Nurses.

CHILD'S NURSE.—By a young woman as child's nurse; understands bottle feeding and capable of taking entire charge. 132 East 32d St., first bell.

CHILD'S NURSE.—By a young woman as competent child's nurse; reference. 101 East 63d St.

INFANT'S NURSE.—By a competent Scotch Protestant in private family as infant's nurse; can take entire charge of baby from birth; thoroughly competent; wages, $22 to $25; no cards. M. P., 2,138 7th Av.; call two days.

INFANT'S NURSE.—By an experienced infant's nurse where entire charge is required; thoroughly understands bringing up on the bottle; best city reference; German family preferred. Call, from 10 to 1, at 105 East 26th St.; no cards.

INFANT'S NURSE.—By an experienced person as infants nurse; can take full charge; no objection to the country; best city references. 40 West 10th St.

NURSE.—By a reliable young Protestant, North of Ireland, as experienced infant's nurse; can take entire charge and bring up on bottle; best city reference. 251 West 26th St.; ring Hetherington's bell.

NURSE.—By a trustworthy person as infant's nurse; competent to take entire charge and bring up on bottle; excellent city reference; American family preferred. 319 West 54th St.; ring Curtis's bell.

NURSE.—By a French Swiss Protestant girl to mind children; willing and obliging; best city references. Call or write M. Bovey, care of Mrs. E. Jacquet, 507 West 59th St.

NURSE.—A lady wishes a good place for her nurse, whom she can highly recommend to take charge of children. Call at 50 West 76th St., between 12 and 1.

NURSE.—By a first-class infant's nurse; competent to take charge of young infant and bring up on bottle; is a good sewer. Call at present employer's, 40 West 38th St.

NURSE.—By a German girl as nurse and assist with chamberwork; good sewer; best reference. Inquire at Mrs. Megging's, 108 8th Av.; top floor, back.

NURSE.—By a Protestant nurse to baby or grown children; city or country; would travel; will assist with light chamberwork; good city reference. Address M. R., Box 322 Times, Up Town.

NURSE.—By a young woman as nurse for infant or grown-up child; six years' best city reference. Call, from 10 to 3 o'clock, at 208 East 38th St.; ring Barker's bell.

NURSE.—By a young German Protestant woman as nurse to children from 2 years up; best city references. Address Nurse, Box 10, 101 West 42d St.

NURSE.—By a competent North German nurse with first-class references, a place to take care of one or two grown children; understands kindergarten. Address S. S., 201 West 80th St.

NURSE.—By thoroughly-reliable young woman as nurse to growing children; is a very good seamstress; can furnish first-class city references. Address M. S., Box 350 Times, Up Town.

NURSE.—By French Swiss girl as nurse; fond of children; wages from $12 to $15; just arrived from Europe; does not speak English. Address Y. M., Box 307 Times, Up Town.

NURSE.—By a competent nurse; German; takes care of a baby; good city reference. 357 West 37th St.; ring Laven's bell.

NURSE.—By a competent girl as child's nurse; best city reference. Address D. M., Box 355 Times, Up Town.

NURSE.—To growing children; good seamstress; assist with light duties; good city reference. Call or address 107 East 31st St.

Seamstresses.

SEAMSTRESS.—By a respectable person as seamstress; understands all kinds of family sewing and dressmaking; would assist in the care of children; or chambermaid; good references. Address 527 East 13th St.

SEAMSTRESS.—Is thoroughly-competent in all kinds of family sewing, embroidering, and fancy work; first-class references. Can be seen at 614 3d Av.; ring first bell.

SEAMSTRESS AND CHAMBERMAID.—By a young girl as seamstress and chambermaid; understands dressmaking; city reference. 212 East 81st St.

SEAMSTRESS.—Is thoroughly competent in all kinds of family sewing; can give first-class references. Call at 440 West 47th St.; ring Owen's bell.

Waitresses.

WAITRESS.—First-class; thoroughly experienced in carving and serving all courses, wines, salads, &c.; city or country; best references. Call 301 East 41st St.; ring twice.

WAITRESS AND PARLORMAID.—By a Protestant girl as waitress and parlormaid; best city reference. Call, Monday, at 46 West 52d St., present employer's.

WAITRESS AND CHAMBERMAID.—By an American girl in small private family; good city reference; state wages. Address M. A. C., Box 355 Times, Up Town.

WAITRESS.—First-class; willing and obliging; understands her duties; thoroughly experienced; best city references; wages, $22. Address S. S., Box 382 Times, Up Town.

WAITRESS OR CHAMBERMAID.—By a respectable girl as waitress or chambermaid in private family; fully competent; city reference. 1,313 3d Av., Powers's bell.

WAITRESS.—By a respectable girl with good city references as a first-class waitress, or as chambermaid in private family. Call or address Waitress, 102 Hicks St., Brooklyn; grocery store.

WAITRESS.—By first-class waitress; take full charge of dining room; serve all courses; make salads and carve; best of references; country preferred. Call at 301 East 41st St.; ring twice.

WAITRESS OR CHAMBERMAID.—By a young English girl as waitress or chambermaid; good city references. 322 East 57th St.

WAITRESS.—By a first-class waitress or parlormaid in private family; best city reference. Call at 780 8th Av., third floor.

WAITRESS.—By a young German girl as first-class waitress; don't object to chamberwork. M. Gleim, 1,685 3d Av.

WAITRESS.—First-class; in private family; is thoroughly competent; can fill a butler's place; good reference. 256 West 41st St., one flight, back

WAITRESS OR CHAMBERMAID.—By a competent young Protestant girl; has best city reference. Call or address 204 East 33d St.

WAITRESS.—By a young girl as first waitress; best city references. Call at 1,635 3d Av. Mrs. Gleim.

WAITRESS.—By a thoroughly-competent Protestant girl; good reference. 509 10th Av.; ring second bell to left.

WAITRESS.—In private family; thoroughly competent to fill butler's place; best city reference. Address S., Box 303 Times, Up Town.

WAITRESS.—By a first-class waitress or parlormaid. 156 West 73d St.

Miscellaneous.

CARE OF CHILDREN.—By a young girl to take care of grown children and do sewing or chamberwork and waiting. Call at 131 West 60th St.

HOUSEKEEPER.—By a lady as housekeeper in a refined widower's family where there are children; speaks German, French, and English; teaches music and needlework; good city references. Call, between 9 and 1, at 30 East 62d St.

KINDERGARTEN.—By a graduate of Miss Lucy H. Symonds's Normal School for Kindergartens, Boston, as assistant or governess; can teach elementary branches of English, French, and music; has some knowledge of German; capable of making herself very useful; city or country; references. Address I. C. H., Station J.

KITCHENMAID.—By a strong young girl, lately landed, in private family as kitchenmaid or chambermaid; willing and obliging. Call, for two days, at 19 West 24th St.; no cards.

KITCHENMAID.—By competent young woman as kitchenmaid in private family. 200 West 33d St., first floor.

KITCHENMAID.—By a young girl as kitchenmaid. Address 463 West 42d St.

MASSAGE.—Young Englishwoman, certificated as experienced masseuse, to ladies and children only; references from past patrons. Miss Williams, 132 West 34th St., from 12 to 2 and from 5 to 6.

SEAL SACQUES REDYED, REPAIRED, OR made into fashionable capes. Mrs. Barker, 116 West 39th St; 17 years with George Smith, London, and Gunther's Sons, 5th Av.

Situations Wanted—Females.

Miscellaneous.

WET NURSE.—By healthy young woman as wet nurse; can be well recommended; baby two months. Address Mrs. Nolan, 305 East 105th St.

Situations Wanted—Males.

Butlers.

BUTLER.—By middle-age man; single; thoroughly competent to take full charge of his duties; good valet; understands all about gentleman's wardrobe; strictly sober; seventeen years' best city reference; last employer can be seen. Address E. G., 225 West 36th St.

BUTLER.—Englishman; in private family; thoroughly competent in every respect; first-class city references. Address W., Box 277 Times, Up Town.

BUTLER—MAID.—By young English couple; best of city references; thoroughly competent; city or country. Address A. B., Box 276 Times, Up Town.

BUTLER AND VALET, OR TO TAKE CARE of Bachelor's Apartments.—By a competent American; age 34; first-class reference; good nurse. Address Scarboro, 397 5th Av.

BUTLER.—Experienced; single-handed; or where parlormaid is kept; several years' city references; Protestant. Address James, Box 301 Times, Up Town.

BUTLER AND VALET.—By English-trained single man; thoroughly understands the duties of gentleman's house; satisfactory personal reference. Address H. T., Box 334 Times, Up Town.

BUTLER.—In private family; by an experienced man well up in his duties; willing and obliging; best city reference. Address W. M., Box 347 Times, Up Town.

BUTLER.—In private family; age 28; understands his duties; five years' references from leading families; last employer can be seen. Address J., Box 325 Times, Up Town.

BUTLER.—By a man who thoroughly understands his business; has lived with some of the best families in this city. Address M. D., Box 304 Times, Up Town.

BUTLER.—By an experienced man; age, 37 years; thoroughly competent; good valet; excellent references from first-class families. Address A. B., Box 208 Times.

BUTLER AND VALET.—Only where second-man or parlormaid is kept; city or country; reference. Address A. C., Box 300 Times, Up Town.

BUTLER.—By an experienced man; well up in the duties; in private family; willing and obliging; excellent city references. Arthur, 214 East 41st St.

BUTLER—CHAMBERMAID.—By man and wife as butler and chambermaid; good references. Address F. Dahl, 480 3d Av.

BUTLER.—By an experienced man; well up in the duties; in private family; willing and obliging; excellent city references. Arthur, 214 East 41st St.

BUTLER.—English; where second man or parlormaid is kept; single; best city references. Address S. A., Box 318 Times, Up Town.

BUTLER.—First-class man; thoroughly understands his business; best reference; last employer can be seen. Call or address 407 5th Av.

Coachmen.

COACHMAN.—By Protestant man; strictly sober; first-class city driver; understands care fine carriage, fast horses; can take full charge of gentleman's place in country; twenty years' reference from last place; with first-class city family. Address J. P., 88 Prospect St., Brooklyn.

COACHMAN AND GROOM.—By young man; single; thorough horseman; understands care of harness and carriages; good driver; first-class reference from former and last employers; strictly temperate, which recommendation will certify; city or country. Address J. S., Box 321 Times, Up Town.

COACHMAN AND GROOM.—Single; understands the care of fine horses, carriages, and harness; highly recommended by first-class city families; careful city driver; willing and obliging; city or country. Address B. J., Box 305 Times, Up Town.

COACHMAN.—A gentleman going to Europe wishes situation for coachman whom he has had for ten years; honest, sober, careful driver; takes best care of horses, harness, and carriages; age, 30; married; employer can be seen. Address Donehue, Post Office Box 114, Irvington-on-Hudson.

COACHMAN.—A gentleman wants a situation for his coachman, who has been in his employ for the past twelve years; can cheerfully recommend him as capable, sober, and honest. Address M. B., Box 356 Times, Up Town.

COACHMAN.—By a young Swede; single; thoroughly understands the proper care of fine horses, harness, and carriages; careful driver; strictly sober and honest; reference. Address E. G., 165 East 34th St., care of Manson.

COACHMAN AND GROOM.—Single; long experience; careful driver; understands milking; furnace; generally useful; city or country; first-class city reference. Address Willing, 214 Times Office.

COACHMAN.—By a respectable young man as coachman who will be found a good, careful driver; strictly sober, honest, good man; can be seen with present employer. Address B. F. Frost, care of Mr. Clark, Riverside Drive, 90th St.

COACHMAN AND GROOM.—Single man; understands care of fine horses, carriages, and harness in every particular; just disengaged; nine years' city reference from one family; city or country; strictly temperate. Address J. P., 454 4th Av.

COACHMAN.—By a competent young man in first-class place; thoroughly understands his business; strictly sober; height 5 feet 9½ inches; good looking; best English and American reference; city reference. Call or address J. M., 134 East 40th St.

COACHMAN.—Experienced married man; no family; can give entire satisfaction; sober, civil, and industrious; eight years' city reference from last employer, who can be seen. F. D., Box 336 Times, Up Town.

COACHMAN.—First-class; understands his business thoroughly; careful driver; disengaged in a few days; reference from present employers. Call or address J. B., care of Mason & Co., 77th St. and Amsterdam Av.

COACHMAN.—By a single man; thoroughly understands the care of horses, harness, &c.; sober and industrious; first-class references; city or country. Call or address 107 West 37th St., private stable.

COACHMAN.—Lady for her coachman, (married,) whom she can highly recommend; competent, willing, obliging; best of reference; city or country. Call at present employer's, 28 West 37th St.

COACHMAN.—Single; thoroughly understands his business in all respects; has long experience; honest, sober, willing, and obliging; best references. Address Thomas, Box 270 Times, Up Town.

COACHMAN AND USEFUL MAN.—Over ten years' city references; understands care of horses and carriages; sober and honest. 305 West 140th St.

COACHMAN.—By a single young man; Protestant; experienced driver; will be found willing and obliging; best reference; country preferred. Address M. A., Box 299 Times, Up Town.

COACHMAN.—English; single; age 33; city or country; seven years' American references; thoroughly understands his business. Address A. B. P., care of Mrs. Connly, 140 West 28th St.

COACHMAN.—By a first-class man; thoroughly understands his business; married; best city reference. Call or refer to Dr. E. D. Fisher, 6 West 39th St.

COACHMAN.—Single; thoroughly understands his business in all respects; has long experience; honest, sober, willing, and obliging; best references. Address Henry, Box 271 Times, Up Town.

COACHMAN AND GROOM.—By experienced man; thoroughly understands his business; eight years' city reference from his last place, which will certify. Address, two days, M. L., 5 Greenwich Av.

COACHMAN.—By lady for her coachman, (married,) whom she can highly recommend; competent, willing, obliging; best of reference; city or country. Call at present employer's, 28 West 37th St.

COACHMAN.—Married; no family; thoroughly understands his business in all its branches; first-class references. Address E. F., 105 East 77th St.

COACHMAN.—By an experienced married man; thoroughly understands his business; sober and reliable; nine years' city reference. Address J. W., 107 West 37th St., private stable.

COACHMAN.—By single young man; thoroughly understands his business and thoroughly reliable; best city references. Call or address J. C., 102 East 40th St., stable.

COACHMAN.—Competent and reliable, to take care of gentleman's place; city or country; reference A1. 312 East 84th St. Hendrickson.

COACHMAN, GARDENER, AND USEFUL Man.—Good references; moderate wages. Address H., Box 202 Times.

COACHMAN.—Has long and satisfactory testimonials from last and former employers; in city; six years with last. Address E. D., 152 East 55th St.

COACHMAN.—By single German; age 30; first-class references. P. Schafer, 108 3d Av.

Gardeners.

GARDENER.—Married; thoroughly practical in all branches of the business; greenhouse, fruit and vegetables, and management of a gentleman's place; strictly sober and industrious; good city reference. Inquire or address Gardener, seed store, 35 Cortlandt St.

GARDENER.—By a Protestant, married man; no incumbrance; is a practical gardener; understands the care of greenhouses and graperies; take charge of gentleman's place; good references. Address J. H., Box 143, Cold Spring, Putnam County, N. Y.

GARDENER.—Married; no family; understands the business in all branches; greenhouse roses, graperies, and vegetable garden; care of fine stock, dairy, and poultry; four years in last place. Address C. U., Box 208 Times.

GARDENER.—Thoroughly practical with orchids, roses, plants, fruit, flowers, and vegetables; twenty-three years' experience; highest references; English; unmarried. Address E., 35 Cortlandt St., seed store.

GARDENER.—By a Swede; experienced in greenhouses, roses, graperies, and vegetables; small family; best of references. Address H. P., Box 354 Times, Up Town.

GARDENER.—By a first-class man; understands gardening in all its branches; hot and cold grapery; good references. Address W. D. Perry, Box 40, Tarrytown.

GARDENER.—Age, 30; married; no children; understands the business well; can milk and drive; wife a good laundress; good references. Address M. C., 268 West 21st St.

Grooms.

GROOM.—By a young man, a place as stable groom; good experience; reference. Apply to Isaac, 12 East 31st St.

GROOM.—Single; as groom or driver; understands the care of horses and carriages; good references. Address F. T., 162 West 56th St.

Situations Wanted—Males.

Grooms.

GROOM.—By young Englishman; height, 5 feet 9 inches; in private family; thorough stableman. Address G. D., care of W. B. Pond, 1,248 Broadway.

Second Men.

SECOND MAN.—By a young man; understands his business; tall, good appearance; has first-class city reference. Address E. J. J., Box 308 Times, Up Town.

Useful Men.

USEFUL MAN.—By a strong young man in private family as useful man; best reference can be given. Apply, for two days, at 19 West 24th St.; no cards.

USEFUL MAN.—On gentleman's place; a competent driver; good stableman; very best references. P. Kelly, 211 Hudson Av., Brooklyn.

USEFUL MAN.—In private family or as day or night watchman in store or office; good reference. Address J. Newland, 837 2d Av.

USEFUL MAN.—By a young Frenchman in a private family. Address Mr. Louvet, Box 251 Woodhaven, L. I.

Valets.

VALET.—To one or more gentlemen; can shave; would take care of chambers or batchelor's house; Englishman. Address Valet, care of Mr. Sherburn, Milton Point, Rye, Westchester, N. Y.

VALET, BUTLER, OR TRAVELING SERVant.—Speaks four languages; highest reference. J. Berger, care of Mrs. Zimmermann, 368 7th Av.

VALET OR TRAVELING SERVANT.—Accustomed to travel in Europe and America; highest references. J. Berger, 368 7th Av.

Waiters.

WAITER—LADY'S MAID OR COOK.—By a young French couple; the husband to wait at table or take care of horses, the wife as lady's maid or cook; good country references. Address 142 West 25th St.

WAITER.—By young man, after Oct. 3, in private family, as waiter or second man; city reference. Address E. J., 146 East 43d St.; no cards.

Miscellaneous.

AMERICAN, 40, IN WHOLESALE HOUSE; good penman; best references, and bond if required. Address Hotel Clerk, Box 350 Times, Up Town.

ATTENDANT, COMPANION, OR VALET.—By young man, 26, having good practice and unquestionable references. O. D., 100 East 29th St.

CLERK.—By a Cuban young man as clerk, or any other; good penman; good references. Address G. M. A., Box 215 Times.

COOK.—Colored man; just in from Summer hotel; hotel or private family; is experienced and has good references. Address J. W., 459 Adelphi St., Brooklyn.

COOK.—French; as chef or steward in private family or club; city references. Address Soffrey, 126 West 29th St.

HORSEMAN.—By a thorough horseman; sober, steady, and reliable; city or country; possessing considerable business experience; personal reference. Address D., Box 194 Times.

POSITION AS SECRETARY, LIBRARIAN, correspondent, translator, or similar work, by gentleman of education and experience; first assistant in large library; knowledge of literature and languages; willing to travel. R. Q. Darley, poste restante, Philadelphia.

SALESMAN.—For tin and terne plate trade; one who is positively acquainted with the near-by consuming trade. Address T., Box 141 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—By a competent, experienced stenographer; good penman; highest reference; present employer's. Address Prompt, Post Office Box 2,396.

Situations Wanted.

Care of Houses.

CARE OF HOUSE.—By a woman having long experience and good reference to take care of gentleman's house for a time while the family is absent. Apply at present employer's, 118 East 19th St.

JANITOR.—By man and wife; thoroughly understand the care of apartment house or office building; ten years' experience; can furnish best of reference. Call or address Janitor, 117 Leonard St.

Help Wanted—Females.

WANTED—A first-class cook for permanent place in the country, one hour from New-York; entire charge of kitchen; understand variety of desserts, entrees, &c.; baking; small family. Call, Wednesday, 10 to 1 o'clock; Mrs. T., Westminster Hotel, Irving Place and 16th St.

WANTED—Nursery governess, educated French or French Swiss, for two girls, (13 and 6;) must understand dressmaking and sewing; only those having best references apply 78 East 79th St., 10 to 3.

WANTED—A nurse for two growing children; must be a good seamstress, and willing to learn massage; references required. Apply Tuesday, between 12 and 1, 7 East 10th St.

WANTED—A neat, competent girl for general housework in small family in Hackensack, N. J.; willing and obliging; best reference. Apply at 222 East 31st St., New-York City, from 10 to 3.

WANTED—In apartment, two in family, first-class cook; also first-class waitress and chambermaid; competent and neat. Apply, with references, at 80 Madison Av.

WANTED—First-class waitress to assist with light chamberwork. Apply, Tuesday, between 9 and 11, at 57 West 56th St.

WANTED—A good cook, to assist with washing and ironing; best reference required. Call, Tuesday, after 10 A. M., at 137 East 71st St.

WANTED—A young girl as chambermaid in a small family; city reference required. 50 West 72d St.

WANTED—Neat, competent girl as chambermaid and waitress; personal city reference required. Call, between 11 and 1, at 302 Madison Av.

WANTED—A competent laundress to assist with chamberwork; city references required. 32 East 72d St.

Help Wanted—Males.

WANTED—Machinists, boiler makers, blacksmiths, blacksmiths' helpers, iron molders, and carpenters for freight-car repairs; for work out of New-York; good steady workmen can obtain permanent employment. Call, after 9 A. M., at first floor, 40 Fulton St., New-York; bring references from past employers certifying as to capability and character.

Legal Notices.

THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS FOR THE City and County of New York.—LEON ABBETT, plaintiff, against EDWIN H. PRICE, defendant.—Summons.

To the above-named defendant: You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service; and in case of your failure to appear or answer judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated July 25, 1893.

LEON ABBETT, Jr.,
Plaintiff's Attorney.

Office and Post Office address, No. 229 Broadway, N. Y. City.

To Edwin H. Price: The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of Hon. Roger A. Pryor, one of the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas for the City and County of New-York, dated the 25th day of September, 1893, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas for the City and County of New-York, at his office at the Court House, in said City and County, in the State of New-York.—Dated New-York, September 25, 1893.

LEON ABBETT, Jr.,
Plaintiff's Attorney.

Office and Post Office Address, 229 Broadway, N. Y City.

s26-law6wTu

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE CITY OF NEW-York.—THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW-YORK against THE CANAL STREET BANK.—To all whom it may concern: Notice is hereby given that I have been appointed by this court receiver of the property and assets of the Canal Street Bank, in the City of New-York; that I have duly qualified as such receiver, and I do require: 1. All persons indebted to such corporation to render an account to me at my office, No. 415 Broadway, in the City of New-York, of all debts and sums of money owing by them respectively to said corporation, and to pay the same on or before the 2d day of November, 1893. 2. All persons having in their possession any property or effects of such corporation to deliver the same to me on or before November 2d, 1893, at the place aforesaid. 3. All the creditors of said corporation to deliver their respective accounts and demands, and exhibit and prove their claims to me at the place aforesaid on or before November 2d, 1893. 4. All persons holding any open or existing contract of said corporation to present the same in writing and in detail to me at the place aforesaid on or before November 2d, 1893.

ANTONIO RASINES, Receiver,
415 Broadway, New-York City.

MICHAEL J. MULQUEEN, Attorney for Receiver, 165 Broadway.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER MADE BY the Hon. Leonard A. Giegerich, one of the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas for the City and County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against HARRY I. NICHOLAS, John S. Nicholas, Marcus Mayer, and Walter C. Taylor, individually or as copartners lately composing the firm of H. I. Nicholas & Co., and lately doing business in the City and County of New-York, to present the same, with the vouchers thereof duly verified, to the subscriber, the duly appointed assignee of said Harry I. Nicholas, John S. Nicholas, Marcus Mayer, and Walter C. Taylor, individually and as copartners under the firm name of H. I. Nicholas & Co., for the benefit of creditors, at his place of transacting business, No. 45 Wall Street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 17th day of November, 1893.—Dated New-York, September 1, 1893.

WILLIAM NELSON CROMWELL,
Assignee.

WILLIAM J. CURTIS, Attorney for Assignee, 45 Wall Street, New-York City.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER MADE BY the Hon. Roger A. Pryor, one of the Justices of the Court of Common Pleas for the City and County of New-York on the 19th day of September, 1893, notice is hereby given to all the creditors and persons having claims against Louis J. Diable, Wolf Blum, and Moses Loeb, lately doing business in the City and County of New-York under the firm name of L. J. Diable & Co., that they are required to present their claims, with the vouchers therefor duly verified, to the subscriber, the duly appointed assignee of the said L. J. Diable & Co. for the benefit of their creditors at his place of transacting business, Number 206 Broadway, Room 32, in the City of New-York, on or before the 11th day of December, 1893.—Dated New-York, September 19th, 1893.

WM. GROSSMAN, Assignee.

LOUIS J. VORHAUS, Attorney for Assignee, 206 Broadway, N. Y. City. s26-law6wTu

The New-York Times

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AMUSEMENTS THIS EVENING.

AMERICAN THEATRE, 42d, 41st St-8th Av—8:00—The Prodigal Daughter.
BIJOU, Broadway-30th St—8:30—The City Directory.
BROADWAY, Broadway-41st St—8:00—Panjandrum.
CASINO, Broadway-39th St—8:30—The Rainmaker of Syria.
DALY'S, Broadway-30th St—8:30—L'Enfant Prodigue.
DORÉ ART GALLERY, 7th Av-53d St—10:00 A. M. to 6:00 P. M.—Paintings.
EDEN MUSÉE, 23d St-6th Av—Day and evening—Vaudeville—Waxworks.
EMPIRE—Broadway-40th St—8:15—Liberty Hall.
FIFTH AVENUE, Broadway-28th St—8:15—In Mizzoura.
FOURTEENTH STREET, 14th St-6th Av—8:00—The Idea.
GARDEN, Madison Av-27th St—8:30—The Other Man.
GRAND OPERA HOUSE, 23d St-8th Av—8:00—Hands Across the Sea.
HARLEM OPERA HOUSE, 125th St-7th Av—8:00—Robin Hood.
HARRIGAN'S, 35th St-6th Av—8:00—Dan's Tribulations.
HERRMANN'S, Broadway-29th St.—2:00 and 8:00—Mrs. Gen. Tom Thumb.
IMPERIAL MUSIC HALL, Broadway-29th St—8:00—Vaudeville.
KOSTER & BIAL'S, 34th St-Broadway—8:15—Vaudeville.
LYCEUM, 4th Av-23d St—8:15—Sheridan; or, The Maid of Bath.
MADISON SQUARE GARDEN—8:30—English Military Tournament.
MADISON SQUARE, 24th St-Broadway—8:30—A Temperance Town.
NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN, 23d St-4th Av—7:30 to 10:00—Art Exhibition.
NIBLO'S, Broadway-Prince St—8:15—A Trip to Mars.
PALMER'S, Broadway-30th St—8:15—1492.
STANDARD, Broadway-32d St—8:30—Jane.
STAR, Broadway-13th St—8:15—Julius Cæsar.
THE CRYSTAL MAZE, Broadway-38th St—1 P. M. until midnight.

TEN PAGES.

NEW-YORK, TUESDAY, SEPT. 26, 1893.

The Weather Bureau report indicates for to-day, in this city, generally fair, cooler weather, northwesterly winds.

Self-praise is undoubtedly Chicago's strong point, and of late New-York has gotten in the habit of unquestioningly acquiescing in all the good things her Western sister says about herself. For the most part, too, the evil and unpleasant things she says about New-York are allowed to pass without protest or much notice here. In the London *Economist* of Sept. 9, however, we find a letter from Messrs. H. O. STONE & Co. of Chicago which calls for the immediate attention of the Loan Committee of the New-York Clearing House. The Messrs. STONE'S letter treats of the unruffled composure with which the Chicago banks passed through the recent currency famine and of the terrible things the New-York banks were compelled to do in those trying weeks. Nobody will find any fault with that. It does Chicago good and us no harm. But in the course of the letter the Messrs. STONE make the following statement: "In several instances the New-York banks have forwarded Clearing House certificates to the Chicago banks upon their orders for currency, which have been promptly returned." What New-York banks have sent Clearing House certificates to Chicago? The New-York Clearing House certificates are available only in transactions between the associated banks of this city. In other hands they are worthless. Besides, there is a fine of $100 and the further penalty of possible expulsion from the Clearing House for an attempt to use any of the certificates for payments outside of the association. The charge made by these Chicago gentlemen is one that should not pass unnoticed. We think they are mistaken. If so, that fact should be shown.

The doctrine was laid down in the last national platform of the Republican Party that duties for protection on imported articles should equal the difference between the cost of labor in producing the articles abroad and the cost of the same labor here. That looks like a fair measure of any real protection to labor, though there are other considerations which may make it quite unnecessary. Representative HARTER has sent a communication to the Ways and Means Committee calling attention to the duty of 45 per cent. on agricultural implements and that of 25 per cent. on wheat flour. He shows that in the former case 10 per cent. and in the latter 2 per cent. would amply cover the difference in labor cost of the foreign and domestic productions. But, as a matter of fact, in both cases there is no need of any protection, as we compete successfully in foreign markets in both these articles. There can, in fact, be no effectual protection of any article that we export, whatever the labor cost.

That is a very effective and, as SHAKESPEARE has it, a very "sportive" way of dealing with train robbers that has just been adopted in the old bailiwick of the JAMES boys. Of the six men who had conspired to rob a train, two were killed on the spot and four are in jail. Of course, such a stroke as this requires luck as well as skill, and a spy or an informer is needed for success in it. Nevertheless, Missouri railroads are not likely to be molested by train robbers for some time to come. Even when the crime has been successfully committed there is always somebody who is dissatisfied with his own share of the spoil who can be bought. It is the part of prudence for railroads and express companies to bid high enough to make sure of buying him. In the meantime the whole country is indebted to the officers of the Kansas City and Council Bluffs Road and to the police of St. Joseph.

An unaccustomed and savage joy pervades the comments of our old friend, the *Saturday Review*, upon the voting down of the Home Rule bill in the House of Lords. Things went quite to the satisfaction of the *Review* on that night when the Peers, as it gleefully remarks, condemned and "ignominiously kicked out" the "worst criminal in the way of a bill that has ever presented itself for judgment at the bar of the House of Lords." After covering with adulation the Peers who voted against the measure, the *Saturday Review* cockily turns to the Gladstonians and asks them what they are going to do about it. In its view the Government was called upon to do one of two things, either to dissolve Parliament and appeal to the people, which is certainly a preposterous suggestion, at least for the present, or else "to sit tight and say nothing." The Government, it appears, has accepted the latter alternative in part, but in carrying out the policy it has apparently adopted, while it may "sit tight," it will probably have something to say from time to time, and we fear it may give the *Saturday Review* further discomfort and the Lords more wicked bills to "kick out." Still, it is a pleasure to have seen the *Saturday Review* for once distinctly happy.

In deciding that the work of the Naval War College should be continued, Secretary HERBERT has met the views of many officers. The institution at Coaster's Harbor Island was started with a purpose of giving advanced instruction, which would be supplementary to that which is imparted at Annapolis, and perhaps might be better appreciated and more advantageously applied by those who had passed beyond the period of cadetship. In these days of high education for naval officers, when it is important for them to keep well abreast of their professional brethren in other countries, such institutions certainly have a claim to support if properly managed. Sometimes it is asked whether the instruction is "practical." Capt. MAHAN, the former President of the college, suggested in a public address that it was as intensely practical as the study of the architect before he undertakes to build a house. In naval strategy proper, one of his own branches of instruction, he showed how few text books there were in existence, and yet how vastly important the subject was. It may further be surmised that, as the Navy Department believes in the value of squadron manœuvres, the Secretary may see in the Naval War College a useful adjunct to those which he hopes to have established hereafter for the training of the vessels of the North Atlantic station.

SHALL THE BLUNDER BE COMMITTED?

It is evident that the managers of the Democratic "machine" in this State are planning for a complete control of the convention which is to meet at Saratoga within ten days, with the settled purpose, among other things, of nominating Judge MAYNARD for election to the bench of the Court of Appeals. They have been making no secret of this purpose, and in some of the counties where delegates have been chosen who are opposed to their designs contesting delegations are to be sent to the convention to suppress them. The making up of the roll for the preliminary organization will be in the hands of the State Committee, and it will practically control the choice and the action of the Committee on Credentials. It is the apparent purpose to seat contestants from Albany and some other "anti-machine" counties in order to suppress aggressive opposition in the convention and assure absolute control of the new State Committee. If the plan is carried out, the high-handed measures adopted will intensify the dissatisfaction which the nomination of MAYNARD would of itself create.

In very few counties thus far has there been any organized opposition to the "machine," but where it has appeared its success has been very significant. It indicates a deep and widespread feeling which a general organization would have brought out with great force, and which cannot be suppressed after the nominations have been made. As the high-handed methods which seem to be in contemplation have for their chief motive the desire to nominate MAYNARD without any vigorous show of opposition, so the resistance to the "machine," wherever it appears, is mainly induced by a revulsion against the intended nomination. It could have been avoided if no purpose of forcing the nomination had been harbored or avowed.

Considering the feeling which unquestionably exists with good reason throughout the State, the nomination of MAYNARD would be a colossal blunder, from the point of view of mere party expediency. It would be a disgraceful nomination on grounds of political morality, if it involved no peril to party success, but it plainly would involve such a peril. In our judgment it would mean almost certain party defeat. This is by no means a favorable year for the party in power to take risks, least of all in this State. The people are waiting with some apprehension for a fulfillment of its pledges, and many of them would not be averse to uttering a note of warning even now, and there will be nothing involved in this year's election that is likely to deter them if there is such a provocation as the nomination of MAYNARD forced upon the party with an arbitrary suppression of efforts to oppose it in convention.

And the opposition that would appear in the brief canvass of a month and take effect in the vote of Nov. 7 would not be directed against the candidate for Judge of the Court of Appeals alone. It would be leveled against the whole ticket of the party which had shown itself capable of making such a nomination through its regular organization and through submission to leaders who defied public opinion and the better sentiment of their own party. It would involve, not only the candidates for the minor State offices which are to be filled, but the control of the Legislature and of the convention which is next year to revise the Constitution of the State.

Now, it hardly seems credible that the leaders and managers of a political party, though they may be able absolutely to control the action of its nominating convention, should be so self-willed or so lacking in sagacity as to run counter to the better sentiment of the party to accomplish an object that is not demanded or desired by any element within its ranks. It is yet possible that those who have been carrying on their designs in other parts of the State may be forced to halt by the attitude of the organization in its metropolitan stronghold. New-York and Kings County can exercise a controlling influence in the Saratoga Convention, and the Tammany delegation alone can determine its action, if it will, by taking a firm stand. Tammany leaders have of late acquired prestige by the exercise of political sagacity as well as skill in party management, and their organization has much at stake of more importance to them than a Judgeship of the Court of Appeals. As a matter of fact, the candidacy or the election of MAYNARD is of no importance to Tammany, while Democratic success in the State may be of the greatest importance. It has worked with the State "machine" in more or less harmony, but it is not bound to it by any powerful ties. Of the State organization, in its true sense, it is a part and a powerful part. It can now exercise a decisive influence upon its action. Will it use that influence in promotion of a disastrous blunder, or will it use it in a manner to strengthen the party before the people, and give assurance of its success in the coming election? It has not many days in which to answer this question.

SENATOR STEWART AND THE PRESIDENT.

Senator STEWART made a fool of himself yesterday, and that is an encouraging sign. For the most part, the silver obstructionists have played their game well. They have been cool, self-possessed, and incessantly voluble. Senator STEWART, however, is plainly angry, and is for that reason obviously in great danger of being outwitted and overcome. If some one or several of the repeal Senators would make it their business to goad Senator TELLER also into a fury, stir up WOLCOTT, and enrage DUBOIS, the time of victory would be visibly brought nearer.

Senator STEWART undoubtedly construes aright the language used by the President on the day of the Capitol centenary, when he turned his face toward the Senate wing and, according to the Nevada Senator, "in angry and menacing tones used the following language":

> "'If the representatives who here assemble to make laws for their fellow-countrymen forget the duty of broad and disinterested patriotism, and legislate in prejudice and passion, or in behalf of sectional or selfish interests, the time when the cornerstone of the Capitol was laid and the circumstances surrounding it will not be worthy of commemorating."

Plainly enough, this was a rebuke to the public enemies in the Senate who, like Senator STEWART, are resisting repeal. The President's words were so "construed by a venal press," as Mr. STEWART says. But when he goes on to cite long passages from MACAULAY concerning the struggle with the Stuart Kings, he wanders from the field of profitable discussion, for President CLEVELAND, strangely enough, neglected to employ the army and navy of the United States to make his rebuke effective. The President would have done something less than his duty had he not embraced the opportunity of the Capitol celebration to give voice to the overwhelming wish of the country for a prompter obedience to its commands in the Senate Chamber. Senator STEWART'S tirade of abuse against Mr. CLEVELAND ought to be helpful to the repeal cause. No honorable Democrat could listen to that part of the Senator's speech and continue to act with him in obstruction to repeal unless, as we fear is the case with Senator MORGAN, he be so implacably and unreasoningly an enemy of the President that he subordinates the highest questions of principle and of the public interest to the gratification of private revenge.

To be sure, the Nevada Senator's speech killed time, and by that much put off the day of repeal. He might with less disadvantage, however, have talked upon some other theme. The losses we incur and the dangers we run through the inaction of the Senate are becoming more serious every day. Added to the other harmful consequences of obstruction there is now a prospect of renewed exports of gold. The continued and rapid rise in the rate of exchange makes it probable that gold may be shipped any day. It is not likely that the money market would at first be seriously disturbed by the exports. Should they continue, however, notwithstanding our recent rapid shipments of wheat, and should they reach a considerable volume, the strained conditions of two months ago would almost certainly return. English financial writers advise British investors to hold off from American securities of all kinds until the Senate has acted, but to this counsel they join the assurance that when the Sherman act has finally been repealed "Americans" will supply a promising field for investment. Foreign capital will undoubtedly come this way the moment we have put our currency system upon a sound basis. That, however, makes no difference with the obstructive silver Senators. They see no use in foreign capital any way, and would be only too well pleased to involve the entire business of the country in confusion and great loss if thereby they could secure the protection they desire for the silver product of their own States. The country is growing more and more impatient, not only with the silver minority, but with the repeal majority, which, in spite of reiterated excuses and exclamations about the rules of the Senate, continues to dwell in pitiable inertness and impotence without making any serious endeavor to use its strength against the small minority which holds it at bay.

A WORD TO FOREIGN ARTISTS.

Anything is good enough for Americans is the opinion, more or less openly expressed, of artists and dealers in art in Europe. This opinion is strong in Paris and has its firm adherents in Italy; Munich and other German art factories adhere with less obstinacy to the same idea. The masses of American tourists coming from all parts of the United States and Canada are sufficiently guiltless of knowledge and discrimination in the arts to encourage the belief, and the absorption by this country of vast quantities of poor works turned out by so-called artists seems to put the seal of certainty on the generalization.

That such a belief exists is our fault and misfortune, but it is a mistaken belief nevertheless. There is, it is true, a great market here for cheap art. It is this market which has played havoc with modern Japanese art, turning it into an industry in which Japanese workmen with their cheap labor and tireless output hold their own against the machinery of Europe and America. What the European artists and art dealers do not realize with clearness is the fact that America will pay only low prices for this flood of trash, imported under the guise of art. There is another market in this country for foreign works, but the buyers in this market are very different. They will pay huge prices, but only for the very best and choicest things to be procured.

These buyers are, for the most part, traveled men and women who have studied the fine arts in many countries and established for themselves standards by which they judge modern works and the products of old ages of artistic development. The foreign painters who send over their inferior canvases, and, when making portraits of Americans fail to give their best powers to the likeness, do so at their peril. Sculptors who think that an appeal to patriotism in the subject of their sculptures will sell their designs are likely to find themselves wofully mistaken. Those who get orders from America and turn the commission over to their young assistants will soon discover that a dishonesty like this, which is often held venial in artists, will be discovered, and that the knowledge of the trick will militate against further orders. We have in New-York, Washington, Richmond, and other cities examples of this error on the part of foreign sculptors for which they will be quietly held to account, because Americans travel so much, and there are so many ways of learning what the best work of each artist is, that such offers of second-class things will be detected and such dealings resented. There is nothing Americans dislike more than to find themselves fobbed off with an inferior article. It is a stigma on their acuteness as well as their knowledge of the fine arts.

There are many foreign artists here just now, and more are in the offing. A word of counsel to them should not be taken amiss. Nothing is easier than to misjudge Americans, proceeding from the commonplace as a basis that they are with few exceptions blind pursuers of the dollar, with whom the foreign artist can have his sport. Unless these gentlemen realize strongly that Americans demand the very highest product of their talents or genius, they are in the way of learning to their dismay that we will none of them as art producers. Alongside of the best from our own artists there is room for work by foreigners, but this work must be the best. And so with old and ancient art works. There is no demand here for poor and questionable things ticketed with the great names of the past, but the finest chance the world over for what is beautiful in itself, whether it is the product of ages when Greece and Asia led in the arts, or the handiwork of the marvelous workmen of Europe in the Middle Ages, or of China, Japan, and India at later dates.

WESTERN LITERATURE.

Mr. HAMLIN GARLAND, who is, we believe, the author of a number of very impressive sketches of prairie life, which they represent as extremely dismal, has just contributed to the *Forum* a paper on "The Literary Emancipation of the West." This paper recalls the memorable observation of Mr. CHARLES DUDLEY WARNER on the controversy whether the literary sceptre had passed from Boston to New-York. The observation was to the effect that the discussion had best be carried on softly, because if Chicago should get a notion that literary supremacy was a good thing to have, Chicago would have it within twenty-four hours. Chicago has already acquired a university in very much that sudden and impetuous way. Mr. GARLAND, although nobody would suspect it from his own tales of Western life, is an enthusiastic Westerner, who holds that nothing is necessary for the Western writer except to express himself freely, without reference to "Eastern" and still less to European models, in order to be recognized as the leading literary force of his country. He writes in a vein which seems to be familiar. Already Chicago claims to have pushed New-York from her seat as ruler of our commerce. Chicago equals, possibly outnumbers, her in population and certainly outspeeds her in enterprise. The rise of Chicago as a literary and art centre is a question only of time, and of a very short time. The founding of vast libraries and universities and art museums is the first formal step, the preparation stage; expression will follow swiftly. Magazines and publishing houses are to come—the writers have already risen.

This is the kind of thing that we are in the habit of seeing and disbelieving whenever we look at the editorial page of a Chicago newspaper, and we recognize it as mere meaningless brag. "The prairies lead to general conceptions. The winds give strength and penetration and alertness. The mighty stretches of woods lead to breadth and generosity of intellectual conception." And so forth, and so forth. This is quite in the vein of the late WALT WHITMAN, the while he used to demand an "autocthonous literature" and rebuke a following of the models of the rest of the world. And yet he was not a Westerner, but an effete New-Yorker. As a matter of fact, he was a lazy and half-baked kind of person, who made his literary theories subservient to his literary practice and permitted himself a slovenly and slipshod way of working because this was a big country.

The kind of aggressive complacency that Mr. HAMLIN GARLAND shows about Western literature is the worst possible frame of mind for the production of good work. Broadly speaking, the West has produced no literature; that is to say, there is no picture of Western life in words that has impressed disinterested critics as adequate, or that is entitled to the same rank with the pictures of life in the mining camps of the Pacific slope that BRET HARTE drew twenty years and more ago. The only Chicago novel that is worthy to rank among the best works of current American fiction is "The Cliff Dwellers," lately published. A remarkable and interesting novel it is, but its interest mainly lies in the vividness of the impression one derives from it of what an intolerable place of residence Chicago must be for a writer or an artist of any kind. This impression is so vivid that if the book had been written by an "Eastern" novelist, he would have been convicted of a satirical intention, and dealt with by the Chicago press in that just and civilized spirit that is characteristic of that remarkable institution.

The truth is that "the West" is in very much the same condition now in point of crudeness and provincialism that the East was in fifty years ago, when DICKENS visited this country and made the comments that were so fiercely resented. There is the same brag, and with it there is the same sensitiveness to Eastern criticism that there then was to European criticism. A signal proof of this is the manner in which the Chicago papers have been belaboring the New-York papers for the imputed hostility of the New-York papers to the fair, the fact being that, with perhaps one exception, the New-York papers have been extremely cordial and friendly to the fair. Another is the fact, to which everybody concerned will bear witness in private, that every "Eastern" writer who has had occasion to write so much as a magazine article about Chicago has felt obliged to deal with it in the most gingerly possible way, and yet has not succeeded in pleasing his subjects if he has interjected so much as a grain of criticism to a pound of praise. This supersensitive, irritable, and provincial state of mind is one out of which nothing genuine in literature or art can grow, and to confirm the patients in it is the worst service that anybody could do them. Meanwhile the Western writers, if any there be, would be very much better employed in producing some literature than in talking tall and empty talk about "The Literary Emancipation of the West."

PERSONAL.

—The youthful appearance of Mr. Eckels, Controller of the Currency, has frequently caused him annoyance on his travels. At a Milwaukee hotel recently he was mistaken for a messenger boy, and on other occasions people have expressed disappointment when he appeared, because they thought there must be some mistake. He declares that he is glad to get back to Washington, where they are accustomed to his youthful appearance.

—Dr. Frederick Andros of Mitchell, S. D., claims to be the first authorized practitioner of medicine not only in Dubuque, Iowa, but also in the immense region west of the Mississippi River to the Pacific and north of the Missouri River. He is a native of Massachusetts, now nearly ninety-one years of age.

—Col. D. R. Anthony of the Leavenworth (Kan.) Times says that Satan was the first Populist. "He taught the people to be dissatisfied with their lot and led them to believe that they were abused when they were not given the whole earth with a fence around it."

—Phil Armour, whose fortune is estimated at $50,000,000, is described as a short-set, broad-built, prosperous-looking man, with a ruddy, open face, darkly side-whiskered.

SMALL TALK.

—The palmy days of the Amalgamated Association, when John Jarrett was at its head and dictated terms to mill owners, seem to have passed. Its members are seeking work rather than the counsels of their organization's officers, and the resumption of mills on a non-union basis tells a significant story.—Pittsburg Bulletin.

—When an Armenian maiden attains her seventeenth year and is not engaged to be married, she must undergo a strange punishment. She is forced to fast three days; then for twenty-four hours her food is salt fish and she is not permitted to quench her thirst.

—Poisonous snakes are so numerous in Venezuela that snake bite is almost as common there as in India. But there are fewer fatalities, for the natives have discovered that a plant known as the ocumillo, when powdered and applied to the wound, results in a cure in almost every case.

—A Rochester man has devised a plan by which a trolley street car can be stopped almost instantaneously, or within a space of three feet, while the car is going at full speed. His device is operated by a lever in the motorman's cab.—From Electricity.

Renominate Surrogate Ransom.

It is the universal sentiment of this city that Surrogate Ransom should be renominated. His re-election will then take care of itself.—New-York Sun.

NEW BILLS AT THE THEATRES

"THE RAINMAKER" MAY MAKE RAIN, BUT WON'T MAKE MONEY.

No Future in New-York for the New Operetta of Rosenfeld and Aronson—"Julius Cæsar" Done at the Star—"The Idea" and the India Rubber Girl—Music Hall Incidents—Dwarfs at Herrmann's—"Robin Hood" in Harlem—Gossip of the Stage.

"The Rainmaker of Syria" is the title of a new operetta in two acts, of which the book is by the indefatigable Sydney Rosenfeld and the music by Rudolph Aronson, late manager of the Casino. This notable work was presented for the consideration of a New-York audience at the Casino for the first time last evening. A large audience, which had its enthusiasm all ready to let loose, attended the performance and applauded as often as it found opportunity. This is not saying a great deal. Nevertheless, "The Rainmaker of Syria" may be said to have succeeded last night. It certainly did rain.

Mr. Rosenfeld's book deals with the fortunes of an adventurer named Amosis, who, in the absence of some better opportunity, enters the lists for the prize offered by King Thesaurus I. of Syria to any person who will produce rain in his famished kingdom. The prize is the King's daughter, Nitocris, a vestal in the Temple of Oasis. Nitocris is forty or more and has hair of a pronounced burned sienna tint. While Amosis is preparing to produce rain, Hatshepu, King of Egypt, arrives. Hatshepu is a girl, brought up as a boy, after the manner of Francesca in "The Fencing Master." This young monarch falls in love with Amosis. It turns out that the adventurer did not produce the rain at all, but had studied the weather probabilities, and, knowing that it would certainly rain, seized the opportunity and posed as a wonder worker.

This story, it seems, ought to produce a remarkably funny libretto. It did not. Some of the dialogue was amusing, but the situations were extremely commonplace and prosaic. Mr. Rosenfeld is a man of ability and can do better work than "The Rainmaker of Syria." Mr. Aronson, when he composed the music, was evidently laboring under the delusion that the level of artistic taste in this public was strikingly low. His melodies are of the simplest and most elementary kind, and his harmony and his instrumentation are unworthy of comment.

The operetta is tolerably well mounted, and the performance was passable. Miss Bertha Ricci, as Hatshepu, was not in good voice and was not overfamiliar with her lines. She had but lately assumed the part, however, and her imperfections were, perhaps, pardonable. Mr. Harry Davenport made the most of his opportunities as King Thesaurus, and Kate Davis was really funny as Nitocris. As for the other members of the company it is kindness not to name them.

JULIUS CÆSAR MURDERED AGAIN.

A Performance of Shakespeare's Roman Tragedy at the Star Theatre.

The play last night at the Star Theatre, where Frederick Warde and Louis James are filling an engagement, but scarcely filling the pockets of Theodore Moss, was Shakespeare's "Julius Cæsar." It is a tolerably familiar play, and has been performed badly in New-York more frequently, perhaps, than any other tragedy of Shakespeare. It is a difficult task to do it well with modern actors.

In last night's performance the only portrayal of character that was steadily dignified and consistent in speech and action was the stately and sonorous Brutus of Mr. James, but the reasonably hungry (if not exactly lean) Cassius of C. D. Herman and the thoughtful and well-meant Cæsar of Howard Kyle (who, if he lacked the conqueror's mien, was earnest and not without force in the imperator's living moments, and thereafter a remarkably still and self-contained corpse) deserve more than a word of credit; for these players are not pretentious; they do their best with the rôles allotted to them.

A less effective and less inspiriting piece of heroic acting than Mr. Warde's Marc Antony has not lately been seen. This is partly due to the actor's present limitations, partly to the wretched setting of the stage, which puts the forum from which Antony speaks far over on the right-hand side, thus keeping the speaker in profile most of the time, while the centre is occupied by an unconvincing mob of supernumeraries clad in the odds and ends of an incomplete theatrical wardrobe.

The Antony of "Julius Cæsar" was the part with which Mr. Warde got his first chance. He took it up, in the illness of F. C. Bangs, during the Jarrett & Palmer régime at Booth's Theatre. Then his voice was clear and strong and he delivered his share of the text with direct force, if with little subtlety. Now his voice is husky, his figure is portly, and his elaborate "business" cannot be called effective.

The small part of Servius was allotted to the "soubrette," Miss Bowman, who was a pretty enough boy and recited her one speech with a too evident sense of its importance.

THE IMPERIAL MUSIC HALL.

A Long Programme with Several Novel Features Amuses the People.

The votaries of "variety" are no feeble folk to be made afraid by weather or any other of life's minor vicissitudes, so last evening, though a storm threatened and rain for a while fulfilled the menace, enough people went to the Imperial Music Hall to give an occupant to almost all of the many seats in the house and leave enough over to make a presentable fringe along the wall in the rear. The programme that rewarded the fidelity of these inveterate joy seekers was extremely long, including nineteen numbers, and the list included about every known variant of "variety," and one or two as yet unclassified.

Among the latter were the sisters Jonghmans, of whom there are three. They sing. She who stands in the centre, and therefore is a soprano, is small and soulful. At her right is the station of a French doll sister Jonghmans, who hasn't an expression to bless her pretty face with except the one always used by the makers of French dolls. The third sister Jonghmans is a person of a Lady Jane aspect, severely stately and deep of voice. When they began a song about the lakes and rills of Killarney, close observers decided that they were singing in English, and this was made sure by another song about excelsior, over which valuable material the sisters became extremely excited. They dressed in all the colors there are and the people liked them.

The programme's other feature was the posing of four young women of Mexican origin, the bill says, and who may very well be so, as they certainly produce a most XTL effect and are incredibly singular.

Most of the other performers have long been familiar here, and several of them favorites quite as long.

The Military Show at the Garden.

The English horses have become quite as much at home in the Madison Square Garden as have their military riders, and the tournament may be regarded now as almost ready for permanent adoption into New-York life. It is the kind of exhibition that grows in favor, for while it pleases the eye with brilliant color and intensity of effects, the object lessons it gives in camp and field life have furnished an element of practical instruction that the general public, accustomed to seeing the military only on parade, enjoys.

Last night's weather fairly tested the hold that the show has secured upon the public. The attendance scarcely fell below a very satisfactory average, and the interest among the spectators was appreciative throughout.

No change has been made in last week's programme. None, indeed, was required, for manœuvres such as are displayed by the visitors, while following well-defined rules, admit of a variety of embellishment almost kaleidoscopic, and skill that has become an art is as refreshing to watch in horsemanship and tactics as in directions less athletic.

"The Idea" of Hallen and Hart.

Nobody knows exactly what the idea is in "The Idea," the musical and acrobatic farce that Messrs. Hallen and Hart perform in, but, vague as it is, it seems to be liked. Those acrobatic and noisy comedians are now at the Fourteenth Street Theatre.

They are accompanied by Misses Fannie Bloodgood, Mollie Fuller, and Marguerite Lamar, Messrs. Larry Dooley, Al Wilson, and other diverting entertainers and by two grotesque female dancers, Misses Murray and Grovini, one of whom carries modern ideas of stage "dancing"—which we all know is the poetry of motion—so far that she converts herself into a ball and rolls from one side of the stage to another.

The effect of this feat depends altogether on the mind of the spectator. One who cherishes an exalted ideal of womanhood will not like it. It is certainly not pretty.

All the popular music of the day is sung in "The Idea" and the fun is not allowed to flag.

At Herrmann's Theatre.

Mrs. Tom Thumb and her diminutive husband, the Baron Magri, are at the head of a company that began an engagement last evening at Herrmann's Theatre. The little people appear in a sketch called "The Countess," and assisting them are a number of variety people, including the three Holdsworths, Lubin, Drawee, and Duncan, the ventriloquist.

Notes of the Stage.

—At Mr. Hammerstein's Harlem Opera House last night that splendidly-equipped comic opera company called the Bostonians appeared in the tuneful and ever-popular "Robin Hood" of De Koven and Smith. The cast was excellent, and all the now familiar melodies, the October ale song, the crossbow, the tinkers' chorus, the serenade, the armorer's song, and St. Swithin's chimes were heard again with pleasure. Business has been unusually good at the Harlem Opera House thus far this season, and all the plays given have drawn well; but "Robin Hood," sung by the Bostonians, would draw crowds in any theatre at any time.

—"The Velocipede Girl," a new and somewhat startling illusion, was introduced in the entertainment at the Eden Musée last night by Delprade. The entertainment, otherwise, was as varied and interesting as usual.

—The stirring melodrama called "Hands Across the Sea" was presented at the Grand Opera House last night with handsome and effective scenery and a competent cast.

—The statuesque and beautiful Harriett Vernon appeared in new tableaus at Koster & Bial's last night and sang new songs.

ANOTHER DAY WASTED IN TALK.

Senator Stewart Makes an Attack on the President.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—It was not expected that there would be any interesting developments in the proceedings of the Senate to-day. According to the programme agreed to last week, the session was to begin at 11 o'clock and continue until 6. This plan was partly adhered to, the adjournment being reached twenty minutes before the time scheduled.

Mr. Stewart of Nevada, whose interminable howling about silver and whose fierce denunciations of those who do not agree with him have wearied his own side, scolded the President to-day like an old fishwoman, taking for a text the resolutions he introduced last week, calling for the independence of the co-ordinate branches of the Government. The indifference of the Senators to this arraignment of Mr. Cleveland was appropriately almost unanimous.

Not more than a dozen Senators were in the chamber when Mr. Stewart began his diatribe, and a call of the Senate was necessary to save him from the embarrassment of addressing his peculiarities to the people in the galleries alone. After the call had been made, the Senators speedily disappeared again.

According to Mr. Stewart, the President of the United States has no business to show his interest in measures which affect the public welfare, or to make remarks which by any possibility may be construed into advice of the legislative branch of the Government. A man in his dotage would have made just such a speech. The absolute worthlessness of the rules of the Senate to abate nuisances is demonstrated by the repeated appearance of this man to "debate" a proposition with arguments that do not meet anybody, and which nobody cares to combat.

The remarks of Mr. Cameron of Pennsylvania against repeal, taken in connection with the utterances of Mr. Stewart, easily make this one of the most fruitless of many uninteresting days, since the repeal contest was transferred from the House to the Senate. It is not thought likely that there will be any sensational developments this week. The repeal leaders are of opinion that many speeches will have been disposed of by Saturday night. It has not yet been decided whether any attempt will be made for a continuous session next week.

There has been heard renewed talk about a compromise to-day, but, as before, it has proceeded from the silver men. Up to date Mr. Voorhees and his associates have paid no attention to it. The impression is gaining ground that the silver men are preparing for a surrender after they have talked to their satisfaction.

The Dutchess County Fair.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Sept. 25.—The city is filling up with strangers who have come to attend the fifty-second annual fair of the Dutchess County Agricultural Society which will begin to-morrow.

In the speed class there are 145 entries. There will be four races to-morrow: Stake race for foals of 1892, 2:24 class, stake race for foals of 1890, and the three-minute class. In the latter there are twenty-four entries.

Gov. Flower will arrive here at noon on Thursday, and will be received by the Nineteenth and Fifteenth Separate Companies. He will be escorted to the home of E. N. Howell, where a reception will take place. The Governor will go to the fair grounds accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Howell in their carriage.

It is expected that there will be 20,000 people on the grounds on that day. Later the Governor will hold a reception at the Dutchess Club.

Fidelity to the Truth.

A clever French journalist, on his way to the World's Fair, was commissioned by The New-York Times to write his impressions of Brooklyn. The work was done in the vividest French manner and without the least reserve. He admired the bridge as no American has ever been able to say he admired it; there is no other bridge in the world to match it; and the Prospect Park is worthy of all praise; but the horrors of the surroundings of the bridge at the Brooklyn end, and the scandalous misgovernment evidenced on every hand in that city, are set forth with a fidelity to the truth that must make an honest Brooklyn man wince.—Buffalo Commercial.

Scribner for October.

The October number of Scribner has a well-varied list of papers and a rather noteworthy array of contributors, since the list includes Stevenson, Howells, Joel C. Harris, and Edith M. Thomas. A paper on the mounted police of Northwestern Canada is striking, and Frederic Remington illustrates it. Mr. Stevenson's contribution is mainly a contribution from his grandfather, the builder of Bell Rock Lighthouse, whose account of a yachting trip with Sir Walter Scott is laid before us. Mr. Howells writes of the man of letters as a man of business, and contends that business is not his province and should not be.

British Investors Await Repeal.

Some of our readers ask us to be a little more explicit in our advice to investors. We would remind them that, although there has undoubtedly been a considerable improvement in the United States, there are still dangers ahead. Especially, the Senate has not repealed the Sherman act, and, though everybody believes that it will do so, yet it is often the unexpected which happens. Assuming, however, that the Sherman act is repealed, the worst dangers we may hope are over, and, therefore, investors may begin to buy, if they act with caution and judgment.—The Saturday Review, Sept. 16.

George C. Bookstaver Dead.

BALTIMORE, Md., Sept. 25.—George C. Bookstaver, who was sandbagged and robbed a few weeks ago at Baltimore just after receiving his pension, has died from the effects of his injuries. He never regained consciousness. The body will be delivered to relatives in New-York. Ex-Judge Bookstaver was a relative of the murdered man.

Utterances that Are Unreliable.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

Your paper seems to keep up as the best paper in the country. * * * In respect to your article on the Milwaukee banks published in The Sunday Times of Sept. 17, I want to say that I am sufficiently familiar with the facts contained in that article to assure you that it is in the main correct and that in publishing it you have done an essential public service. The only errors that I think your correspondent has fallen into are, first, to assume the innocence of the bankers already indicted, and, secondly, that none of the other banks, excepting the South Side Savings Bank, have been guilty of any fraud in managing their affairs. This last statement I have not much doubt the Grand Jury will refute in a few days by finding indictments against all of them. The local press in addition to being weak is so far involved as debtor or creditor of these broken banks that its utterances in the main are wholly unreliable.

H. E. Y.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Sept. 22, 1893.

BUSY DAYS FOR MR. SHEEHAN

HE IS LOOKING WELL TO LEGISLATIVE NOMINATIONS.

Western New-York Is Being Canvassed by Him Personally—After Visiting a District for Conference He Picks Out the Man and Slates Him—In This Way He Has It All to Say, and the Men He Marks as up to the Standard Will Have the Machine Backing.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Sept. 25.—These are mighty busy days for Lieut. Gov. Sheehan, and he is doing an enormous amount of traveling. He is making a personal canvass of the Assembly and Senatorial districts of Western New-York and picking his men for nomination.

In the last two weeks he has visited nearly every county in Western New-York. He has been heard from at Batavia, Jamestown, Dunkirk, Franklinville, Warsaw, and other places.

His methods are peculiarly his own. He does not announce his coming, and there are no welcoming hands outstretched to give him a greeting. He goes to a hotel, and from his room sends for the leaders with whom he wishes to confer. When they arrive the situation is canvassed thoroughly and from every standpoint.

After this is done the man is picked. His qualifications are looked into; not his legislative qualifications alone, but those which tend to endear him to the machine. Then his political strength is estimated, and if he is found to be up to the Sheehan standard, his nomination is slated.

That is what Mr. Sheehan is making trips out of town for these days. He is not willing that his lieutenants should have it all to say regarding the identity of the men who are to make the running on the Democratic ticket.

There is another peculiarity about Mr. Sheehan's visits. They are spasmodic. First he goes to a town from Buffalo, and then back to Buffalo he comes. Then off again and back again. This is because he does not care to lose sight of the running gear of his private machine in this city.

Tompkins Republicans in Convention.

ITHACA, N. Y., Sept. 25.—The Tompkins County Republican Convention, held to-day, nominated Edward C. Stewart for member of the Assembly, Charles Ingersoll for Treasurer, and Charles S. S. Seaman for Sheriff, also Frank E. Tibbetts for member of the Constitutional Convention.

The delegates elected to the State Convention were John W. Dwight, Frank E. Tibbetts, Leroy H. Vankirk, Frank Todd, Smith D. Stevens, and Hiram S. Hopkins.

The delegates to the Senatorial Convention are Frank J. Enz, Anson W. Knettles, Edward Camp, David M. Dean, John E. Beers, and Dana Rhodes. They were instructed for Charles M. Titus for Senator.

Yates Republicans Name Delegates.

CORNING, N. Y., Sept. 25.—At the Yates County Republican Convention to-day John D. Sheppard, Reuben A. Schofield, John T. Andrews, and Allen Loomis were unanimously chosen to represent the county in the State Convention.

As a result of the Democratic factional fight in Yates County, in which the Hillites were successful, this wing of the party, which is dissatisfied with the views of the Penn Yan Democrat, will start a machine organ. The paper will be edited by Thomas Carmody, Chief Examiner of the State Civil Service Commission, with Eli McConnell as assistant.

St. Lawrence Makes Choice of Men.

OGDENSBURG, N. Y., Sept. 25.—The Democratic County Convention for St. Lawrence, held at Gouverneur to-day, nominated Edwin H. Atwater for member of the Assembly, James Akin for District Attorney, and named George E. Van Kennen, John B. Whalen, and John H. Gannon as delegates to the State Convention.

Seneca County Democrats.

CORNING, N. Y., Sept. 25.—At the Seneca County Democratic Convention, held at Waterloo to-day, William H. Kinney was nominated for member of the Assembly.

D. C. Wheeler of Farmer, John H. Stevens of Lodi, and Chauncey L. Becker of Waterloo were elected delegates to the State Convention.

Want Mr. Alvord to be a Delegate.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Sept. 25.—A meeting of prominent citizens held this forenoon adopted resolutions asking that Thomas G. Alvord be sent as a delegate to the Constitutional Convention, because of his qualifications to serve the people and his experience in State affairs.

OBITUARY.

William D. Page.

William D. Page of Page & Taft, lawyers, died in his private office at 45 William Street yesterday afternoon.

Mr. Page never recovered entirely from a severe attack of influenza he had in 1890, and last year cardiac trouble appeared. Recently he had been constantly in the care of several physicians, and his death was not wholly a surprise to them.

For the last week Mr. Page had been worse than usual, and when he left his home at Audubon Park yesterday it was against the wish of his wife, who considered him to be unfit to go to business. On the way town town Mr. Page had two attacks of syncope in a Sixth Avenue elevated railroad car, and he was exhausted when he reached his office.

He rallied quickly, however, and set about examining some law papers. Shortly after 2:30 o'clock a strange sound in his room attracted attention, and he was found breathing heavily and unconscious. He passed away before a physician came. Deputy Coroner Weston gave a permit on which the body was removed.

Mr. Page was born at Bath, Me., in 1854. His father was A. G. Page, a country merchant. He was graduated at Yale College in the class of 1875, and afterward at Columbia College. His first occupation in New-York was as a clerk in Martin Smith's law office.

Afterward he went into partnership with Mr. E. H. Landon, at 45 William Street, and in 1888 became the partner of Henry W. Taft. Mr. Landon and Gordon Paddock were associates, but not members, of the new firm.

Miss Helen Grinnell, daughter of George B. Grinnell of Audubon Park, became Mr. Page's wife. She survives him, with five children, three of whom are boys. Mr. Page belonged to no club or political organization. He was a quiet student and a patient and conscientious legal adviser.

Jonathan Janes.

Jonathan Janes, seventy-six years old, one of the founders of the firm of Slote & Janes, dealers in stationery, 140 Nassau Street, this city, died at his home, 145 Taylor Street, Williamsburg, Sunday. He was a native of Berkshire, Vt. He came to New-York in 1844, and, from that time until 1854, worked as a bookbinder for Harper Brothers and for the New-York Bible House.

With H. L. Slote he, in 1854, organized the firm of Slote & Janes, with which he was connected until he died. In 1849 he married Abigail Webb, a sister of W. H. and Eckford Webb, the ship builders. He held the office of Warden of St. Mark's Episcopal Church for thirty-two years.

Philander K. Shaw.

Philander K. Shaw, Secretary of the Phoenix Fire Insurance Company, died at his home, 60 First Place, Brooklyn, last evening, of paralysis of the heart. He was taken suddenly ill at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon on Washington Street, and was taken to his home, where he died a few hours later. Mr. Shaw was seventy-seven years old, and had been connected with the Phoenix Insurance Company thirty years. He was a native of Providence, R. I. He leaves a wife.

Obituary Notes.

HARRY G. CLOCK of Islip, L. I., a leading Democrat in Suffolk County, died suddenly late Sunday night at the residence of his father, Hallett T. Clock, in Amityville, L. I. Mr. Clock has held the office of Justice of the Peace, and his name has been mentioned as a candidate for the Assembly. He was a lawyer. A widow survives him.

CAPT. WILLIAM L. NEALE died at Lexington, Ky., yesterday. He assisted Cassius M. Clay in editing The True American at Lexington, Ky., forty years ago, and was Treasurer of Kentucky and the holder of other important offices.

BANK SWINDLERS FOILED.

Tried to Cheat Western Concerns by Operating Through New-York.

Some of the Western banks have cause for gratitude to New-York through the promptness of Henry W. Cannon, President of the Chase National Bank, in defeating a scheme to enrich swindlers by the use of the name of his bank. The news which reached here yesterday showed that the game was tried in Kansas City and St. Joseph, Mo., with other places, no doubt, yet to be reported.

Under date of Sept. 15 President Cannon received a letter, with ornate head, informing him that the Southwestern National Bank of Perry, Oklahoma, desired to open an account with his bank, and had forwarded $50,000 in gold and currency. With this letter as a foundation, the operators at Perry wrote to banks at Kansas City and St. Joseph, inclosing drafts for $30,000 on the Chase bank for deposit, and asking that $5,000 be returned in cash to the depositors.

A bank officer in St. Joseph happened to mention the receipt of his draft last Friday to the officers of another bank, and was surprised to learn that the other bank had that morning received a similar draft and request. The two banks communicated with Mr. Cannon and learned that he had received nothing except a letter promising a deposit, which had not materialized.

Further inquiry led to the discovery that Kansas City banks had received similar drafts. This made it clear that a swindle was intended, and detectives were put upon the case. Up to yesterday they had reported merely that similar drafts had been mailed to banks throughout that section, and that there was no Southwestern National Bank at Perry. Mr. Cannon also learned from Controller Eckels that no application had been filed for such a bank.

JUST A SKIP, NOT A DANCE.

Mayor Gilroy Gives Permits to Two Juvenile Professionals.

Dot Clarendon, nine years old, and Gertie Boswell, ten years old, two of the well-known juveniles of the stage, gave a performance in the Mayor's office yesterday afternoon with the Mayor for an audience.

The two little ones had been engaged to appear this week at a Bowery theatre. The agents of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children objected on the ground that when the Mayor recently issued permits allowing the children to appear they had violated the law by dancing.

M. M. McDermott, manager for the children, took them to the Mayor's office yesterday and protested that they were not going to do any dancing. When the Mayor asked what they were going to do, Mr. McDermott locked arms with the little girls and did a "skip," three steps to the right and then three steps to the left. "That's all there is to it," said Mr. McDermott.

The performance was also witnessed by Col. George B. McClellan, Willis Holly, and Excise Commissioner Leicester Holme. The Mayor did not see anything out of the way in the performance and issued the permit.

WEDDINGS.

Sistare—Von Ellert.

The imposing chapel of St. Agnes at Ninety-second Street and Columbus Avenue was the scene of a pretty wedding last evening at 6 o'clock. The bride was Miss Mathilde Elizabeth Von Ellert, daughter of the late Dr. Theodore Von Ellert, a well-known druggist of this city, and the bridegroom was Horace Randall Sistare of 77 West Ninety-second Street. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. Bradley, the rector of the chapel.

Charles Lyra was the best man and Harry Hunneke, J. Alpuente, C. Hartridge, and Adolph Von Brandenstein were the ushers.

The bride wore a richly-embroidered gown of white satin and point lace. Miss Adele Lyra, the maid of honor, wore a gown of white silk, and Miss Emma Lehman and Miss Anna Rubino, the bridesmaids, were attired alike in Empire gowns of pink silk.

The bride was conducted to the altar by Arthur Engelberg of 139 West Seventy-first Street, and Mrs. Elizabeth Von Ellert gave her daughter away.

Mr. and Mrs. Engelberg gave the couple a reception at their home from 7 to 10 o'clock. Among the guests were Mr. and Mrs. George Lehman, the Misses Lehman, Mrs. Lyra, the Messrs. Lyra, Miss Lyra, Dr. and Mrs. Marvin S. Buttles, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick W. Conklin, Mrs. Sarah Smith, Mr. and Mrs. James Emmerson, Mr. and Mrs. E. Lessing, Mrs. Elizabeth Koehler, Judge and Mrs. Dugro, Dr. and Mrs. W. Goetz, Dr. and Mrs. J. Hoffman, Mr. and Mrs. F. Rubino, and Mr. and Mrs. Charles Miehling.

Ballou—Crossley.

RED BANK, N. J., Sept. 25.—Mrs. Belle Crossley of Red Bank and Charles C. Ballou of New-York were married this afternoon at the Globe Hotel in the presence of a large number of relatives and friends.

Misses Elsie Doig and Hortense Lichtenberg were the maids of honor. They wore pink and blue silk gowns, and strewed flowers in the path of the bride and bridegroom on their march to the wedding parlor. The decorations consisted of roses, chrysanthemums, and goldenrod.

The bride wore a beautiful costume of white silk, trimmed with point lace and ribbons, and diamond ornaments.

The Rev. F. R. Harbaugh, pastor of the Presbyterian Church, performed the ceremony, after which a luncheon was served.

Mrs. and Mrs. Ballou took the 4:20 train for New-York. After an extended trip they will live at 302 Macon Street, Brooklyn.

Pratt Institute Season Opens.

The Pratt Institute, Brooklyn, was opened yesterday for the Fall and Winter term. The classes this year are unusually large, and President Charles M. Pratt says the present term will undoubtedly be the most successful the institute has known.

Several changes have been made in the corps of instructors. Mrs. Elizabeth H. Spalding, formerly of the Girls' High School, has been placed in charge of the English studies; Miss Foster, from the University of Michigan, will superintend the scientific departments, and Frank Vincent Dumont and Herbert Denman of the American Society of Artists, will instruct the art students. A novelty just introduced is instruction in camp-fire cooking for men.

Lectures will begin Oct. 2. Jennie June, Dr. Stanton Coit, and A. D. Ketchum will deliver addresses.

The institute's free public library now contains about 40,000 volumes.

CITY AND VICINITY.

—Two parties will leave New-York, Monday, Oct. 16, for Autumn trips to California under the management of the tourist conductors, Raymond & Whitcomb. This will prove a very acceptable date for persons desiring to spend the entire Winter on the Pacific coast, the return tickets being good until next Summer. Both excursions will spend nine days at the Raymond & Whitcomb Grand Hotel in Chicago for a visit to the World's Fair. One will go thence by the Santa Fe route to San Diego, and the other through Colorado and Utah to Monterey. There is a choice of three returning routes, and the homeward journey may be made either independently or with scheduled parties. A descriptive book may be obtained of Raymond & Whitcomb, 31 East Fourteenth Street, New-York.

—The Seventeenth New-York Volunteer Infantry, known as the Westchester Chasseurs, held their third annual reunion at Sing Sing yesterday. They elected the following officers for the ensuing year: President—Major Waldo Sprague of New-York; Vice Presidents—John O'Mara of Yonkers, Col. John L. Burleigh of Brooklyn, Lieut. H. A. Dudley of Warsaw, N. Y.; Secretary—W. J. Charlton of Peekskill; Treasurer—W. W. Ryder of Sing Sing; Historian—Gilbert H. Deering of Sing Sing. They will hold the next reunion at Nyack.

—Patrolman John T. Lake of the Broadway squad found a one-thousand-dollar first mortgage bond of the Canada, Michigan and Chicago Railroad Company yesterday in front of the Manhattan Savings Institution, at Broadway and Bleecker Street. The bond is numbered 1,679 and bears interest at 7 per cent., payable in gold coin. The bond is in the hands of the property clerk at Police Headquarters awaiting a claimant.

—The woman who drowned herself from the Erie Railway ferryboat Erie Thursday night, it is thought, was Mrs. Mary Muldoon of this city. Her sister, Mrs. Elizabeth Scanlon, who lives at 182 Hutton Street, Jersey City, says Mrs. Muldoon left home at 5 o'clock Thursday to go to Jersey City, and has not been seen since. She also says the description of the woman who committed suicide tallies with that of her sister.

—Acting Probate Clerk Jackson took testimony yesterday in relation to the will of Alfred C. Cheney, late President of the Garfield Bank, which will be admitted to probate. According to the estimate of the testator's family the estate is worth $51,000, which is bequeathed to relatives.

—Stephen A. Hooker, Martha Pell, and Toussaint I'O. Vogelsang, all colored, were held by a Coroner's jury, yesterday, to answer for the death of John Doszler, who was struck with a brick in Minetta Lane, and died in St. Vincent's Hospital Aug. 17.

—Judge Cowing was confined to his home yesterday with a cold, and in consequence Part II. of the Court of General Sessions was adjourned.

—The Sinking Fund Commissioners authorized the Controller to renew the lease of Troop A's Armory in West Fifty-sixth Street for a year.

—The contract for flagging and curbing around the new Criminal Court House has been awarded to Thomas J. Dunn for $11,265.

CAMERON'S OBLIGING SPEECH

THE PENNSYLVANIA SENATOR DECLARES FOR FREE SILVER.

A Remarkable Argument that Is Likely to Astonish His Constituents—He Demands the Free Coinage of Silver, the Repeal of the Ten Per Cent. Tax on State Banks, a Duty on Sugar, and the Abolition of the Bounty on that Article—Talking for His Personal Friends

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—When James Donald Cameron of Pennsylvania was a candidate for re-election to the Senate in 1890, it was charged by his opponents that he would vote for free coinage if given the opportunity. This was indignantly denied by his friends. To-day Mr. Cameron deliberately announced in the course of a "speech" which he read to the Senate that he favored the free and unlimited coinage of silver and various other things to which the people of Pennsylvania object.

That Mr. Cameron has the utmost contempt for the people he is supposed to represent is shown by the fact that on Aug. 30 the Republican State Convention of Pennsylvania declared in favor of the unconditional repeal of the Sherman law, congratulated the country upon the "patriotic" action of the House of Representatives in passing the Repeal bill so expeditiously, and demanded of the Pennsylvania Senators that they support the repeal movement. The Keystone Republicans are now given a sample of the "patriotism" which animates Mr. Cameron and the respect in which their commands are held.

The Pennsylvania Senator is not in the habit of making speeches. He is supposed to think a good deal, but the public is seldom given an opportunity to hear his thoughts uttered. Not since he succeeded himself in 1890, in spite of the opposition to him in his State, has he addressed the Chair other than to announce his "pair" or the pair of his colleague, or to move an adjournment. His speech to-day is taken as an evidence simply of his desire to serve his friends in the Senate, who represent various interests, and to whom he is under obligations for good "turns" done in the past.

There is Mr. Butler of South Carolina, for instance. Mr. Cameron goes to the Sea Islands on shooting and fishing excursions with the gentleman from South Carolina, and he was brought up in a school in which he was taught to pay private obligations by the exercise of the opportunities of public office. Mr. Butler introduced a bill early in the session for the repeal of the 10 per cent. tax on State banks; Mr. Cameron is for the repeal.

Then there is Mr. Wolcott of Colorado, who would not feel comfortable sitting down to a little game in a committee room unless his friend Cameron was his vis-a-vis. Mr. Wolcott has long been regarded as one of the right bowers of the Pennsylvania statesman. Mr. Wolcott, as is well known, favors the free coinage of silver.

Then there is Mr. Vest of Missouri. Look for Vest and you are pretty sure to find Cameron; seek Cameron and the chances are more than even that you will run across Mr. Vest. There is a rumor which may or may not be true, that Mr. Vest is interested in Sugar; that he is a pretty good judge of Sugar stock.

Finally, there is Mr. Brice, another friend of Mr. Cameron, and it is understood that Mr. Cameron favors an issue of Government bonds because Mr. Brice is in favor of an issue of Government bonds.

To those who know something of the inclinations which rule Mr. Cameron's actions it seems not unlikely that he decided that the generous thing for him would be to make a speech advocating all the things his friends would like to see accomplished. Whether this be true or not, the public will have to judge from his utterances. Shorn of the verbiage which even Mr. Cameron can indulge in if obliged to, the "speech" contained these propositions:

First—A gold loan of as many millions as Congress may decide to be necessary. Mr. Cameron would buy at the market rate, and hold the gold in the Treasury as the gold reserve is held in the Bank of France.

Second—The free coinage of American silver, with a duty on imported silver.

Third—Repeal the tax on State bank circulation. This would help the South and be of no effect so far as the North was concerned.

Fourth—Improve American shipping.

Fifth—Reimpose the duty of 2 cents a pound on sugar and repeal the bounty; then wait a year to see how the thing works.

Sixth—Let our foreign exchanges take care of themselves.

It did not take Mr. Cameron long to read this wonderful presentment. All his friends were in the chamber, and it was remarked that they seemed to be amused at his effort.

How will the Pennsylvania Republicans and the other people who expected something "patriotic" from Mr. Cameron feel about this obliging speech?

WOMEN'S WORK A FEATURE.

Eight Hundred Competing Loaves of Bread at the Trenton Inter-State Fair.

TRENTON, N. J., Sept. 25.—The inter-State Fair, which draws exhibitors and patrons from the States of New-Jersey, New-York, Pennsylvania, and Delaware, opened to-day, 10,000 persons viewing the twenty miles of exhibits.

The exhibits are numerous, more so than during preceding years, and every Superintendent is clamoring for more room for his department. The live stock departments are tremendously crowded. The women's department is one of the strongest departments of the show, and, because of its liberality in management, attracts many exhibitors from Philadelphia and New-York. It takes a wider scope than the county fair and becomes a great show of woman's ingenuity and industry. An idea of the competition may be inferred from the statement that one special prize for the best loaf of bread has brought over 800 loaves to the department.

The racing began at 1 o'clock. There were but three races. The principal race was the 2:37 trotting class for a purse of $400, which was won by Warren McGregor in three straight heats. The summary of the races is as follows:

Class 1.—Yearlings; stake $300. Half-mile; best two in three.

J. Robbins, Jr.'s b. c. Jason	**1**	**1**
Maple Valley Farm's br. c. Guild	**3**	**2**
Belle Moad Farm's ch. f. Shed Wilkes	**2**	**3**
J. V. M. Willis's ch. c. Solitaire	**4**	**4**

Time—1:31¾; 1:30½.

Class 2.—Two-years-olds; stake $500. One mile; best two in three.

J. V. N. Willis's b. c. Salute	**1**	**1**
Trenton Stock Farm's b. f. Marguerite	**2**	**dis**
Maple Valley Farm's b. c. Maple Valley	**3**	**3**
J. Robbins, Jr.'s, b. c. Comas	**4**	**2**

Time—2:43¾; 2:39½.

Class 3.—2:37, trotting; purse $400. One mile; best three in five.

J. C. McCoy's ch. s. Warren McGregor	**1**	**1**	**1**
C. Nolan's b. m. Lulu Stanton	**2**	**2**	**2**
Samuel Walton's b. s. Leo Wilkes	**4**	**3**	**3**
S. R. Clark's s. s. Master	**3**	**4**	**4**
M. E. Ryan's b. m. Maud L	**dis.**		
William H. Blackwood's b. s. Sargeant	**dis.**		

Time—2:25½; 2:26¼; 2:25½.

ALLEGED SMUGGLERS ARRESTED.

One a Steamship Purser, the Other a Down-Town Saloon Keeper.

William Stampe, a saloon keeper at 84 Greenwich Street, and the purser of the steamship Norge, of the Thingvalla Line, are in Ludlow Street Jail, charged with smuggling.

It is alleged that on Sept. 16, the day after reaching port, the purser removed to Stampe's saloon 101 quart bottles of various liquors, which had not been entered on the ship's manifest. Word of the removal was sent to the Custom House by the Superintendent of the line and the Captain of the ship, thus relieving the ship and line of liability. Special Agents Britton and Jordan found the bottles at Stampe's.

In addition to this lot of liquors, a search of the ship brought to light the following contraband goods: 12 bottles of port wine, 48 bottles of punch, 12 bottles of kummel, and 12 bottles of brandy, all intended for one person.

The agents say they have evidence that liquors had been smuggled on the ship before under an agreement by which the purser received 50 cents for every bottle he brought over.

When baby was sick we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss she clung to Castoria.
When she had children she gave them Castoria.
—*Advertisement.*

FRENCH WAR SHIPS VISIT US.

Three Handsome Cruisers at Anchor in the North River.

The first break in yesterday morning's mist revealed the outlines of three foreign war ships off the New-York bar. A little later they crept in past Sandy Hook, and by 1 o'clock in the afternoon they had anchored in the North River above Twenty-third Street. The only American war ship in the North River is the monitor Miantonomoh.

The visiting squadron is French. It consists of the flagship Naiade, and the cruisers Nielly and Rigault de Genouilly. It is commanded by Rear Admiral Lallandrouze de Lamornaix, who made the passage from Boston to New-York under sail.

Rear Admiral Lamornaix flies his flag aboard the Naiade. To a reporter for The New-York Times he said yesterday:

"I have come into New-York in order to give my officers and men some little rest and recreation. This fleet is employed for the training of seamen. We have lately been actively engaged in cruising in the northern waters of North America. We have visited the St. Lawrence, and have cruised over the Newfoundland fishery grounds.

"We have used up the entire Summer in this fishery cruising, and my officers have had no opportunity for recreation, because the shores off which we have been on duty are, for the most part, desolate.

"I propose to remain in New-York nine days. During this time an opportunity will be afforded the officers to visit the exposition at Chicago. On the expiration of nine days the fleet will sail for the West African coast. Our stay there will be not less than ten months, and then we sail for France to exchange the present crews for new ones.

"We are all well on board and only tired somewhat by long cruising."

The chief of staff of Admiral Lamornaix is Capitaine de Frigate Farret. The Captain of the Naiade is Capitaine de Vaisseau Terrand. The Captain of the Nielly is Capitaine de Vaisseau Descamps. The cruiser Rigault de Genouilly is commanded by Capitaine de Frigate Testard.

The flagship Naiade carries a crew of 480 men. Her length is 246 feet; beam, 47 feet 2 inches; draught, 22 feet 10 inches; displacement, 3,500 tons. Her battery consists of two sixteen-centimeter and eighteen fourteen-centimeter breech-loading guns and ten machine guns. The Naiade is built of wood and iron, and is full ship-rigged.

The cruiser Nielly is also built of wood and iron; length, 262 feet 5 inches; beam, 37 feet 5 inches; draught, 18 feet 8 inches; displacement, 2,300 tons. She carries a battery of fifteen fourteen-centimeter breech-loading guns and eight machine guns. Her crew numbers over 250.

The cruiser Rigauld de Genouilly is built of wood, with iron topsides. Her length is 236 feet 3 inches; beam, 35 feet 5 inches; draught, 17 feet, and displacement, 1,710 tons. She carries a crew of 190 men, eight fourteen-centimeter breech-loading guns, and eight machine guns.

On entering port yesterday the French squadron fired a national salute, which was answered from Castle William and Fort Wadsworth. The flagship Newark, which lay off Stapleton, S. I., yesterday forenoon exchanged Rear Admiral's salutes with the visitors.

The French fleet will be open to inspection about the middle of the present week. Visitors can get on board by hiring river boats at the Twenty-third, Thirty-fourth, and Forty-second Street landings.

SENATOR AHEARN'S FRIENDS.

Despite the Cloudy Skies, They Had the Jolliest Kind of an Outing.

It takes more than gloomy skies and a sulking sun to daunt the adherents of Senator John F. Ahearn in the Fourth Assembly District.

As early as 8 o'clock yesterday morning the cohorts began to gather for the annual outing dinner of the John F. Ahearn Association. In every street of the five wards comprising the district flags and bunting fluttered.

The big iron steamboat Sirius awaited the excursionists at the foot of Clinton Street, ready to take them to Witzel's, Point View Grove, College Point.

Carrying bamboo canes and wearing purple badges, 1,500 men made an imposing start from the clubrooms of the association at 290 East Broadway. They marched in the four divisions led by Bernard Downing, President of the association; William H. Childs, Mortimer Flanagan and Samuel J. Berry.

Michael H. Looney was Grand Marshal, while five bands marked time for the paraders.

Senator Ahearn's house was almost hidden in flags, and as the men marched by all doffed their hats to Mrs. Ahearn, who stood at an open window surrounded by a bevy of beauties.

A sail up the river and Sound gave everybody an appetite for the breakfast awaiting their arrival. Outdoor pastimes were next in order. Many hastened to the baseball field to witness a game between the Flushing Club and Xavier nine of New-York, which was unfortunately stopped by a heavy shower.

When the rain ceased nines composed respectively of married and single men took possession of the diamond. They had just succeeded in choosing an umpire when another shower came along. The baseballists concluded that it was not their day, and gave it up.

Henry Sweeney won the quarter-mile run, C. Rugen came in first in the half-mile run, John Sullivan finished first in the fat men's race, Patrick Sweeney carried off the honors in the mile run, and Michael Sullivan won a second contest of half a mile. The potato race was a dead heat between Gus Redmond and Frederick Flay.

The greased pig race had to be abandoned, because some vandal had purloined the live pork.

Among the prominent guests on the outing were:

Judges McCarty and Newberger, Daniel E. Dowling, E. T. Fitzpatrick, Aldermen Eiseman, Noonan, Brown, and Tate, A. T. Dougherty, P. J. Scully, ex-Alderman Shields, Assemblymen Sullivan, Roche, Dinkelspiel, and Foley, Justices Divver, Ryan, and Goldfogle, ex-Assemblyman Thomas Brady, Commissioners Sheehan and Daly, Florence J. Sullivan, William L. Brown, Police Captains Doherty, Watts, Gallagher, and Devery, James Oliver, Francis O'Connor, John C. Fitzgerald, Dennis P. Sullivan, Thomas J. Bradley, T. J. Campbell, Jr., Ignatius J. Campbell, John J. Carroll, Edward T. Flynn, Senator Koesch, and Bernard Rourke.

After enjoying a substantial, as well as tempting, dinner, the Sirius's prow was turned homeward. Three bands and unlimited fireworks and bonfires welcomed the returning legions and turned the night of Sept. 25 into a Fourth of July.

News Vendor Covert's Good Fortune.

George L. Covert, the crippled news vendor at One Hundred and Thirtieth Street and Eighth Avenue, whose story was told in The New-York Times last Saturday, and for whom charitable people at once subscribed $153, received through The Times last night additional subscriptions of $22.

In addition to the money given to him directly through The New-York Times, the young man has received $24.50 from friends who either called on him or sent the money. The total amount so far secured for and by him is $199.50.

The subscriptions not previously acknowledged are: R. J. Mathews, Norwalk, Conn., $5; H. and W. Lowinson, $5; A. W. and H. L. T. of Mamaroneck, $1; J. E. S., $5; F. A. Guild, $5; Charity, $1.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

SOLOMON L. SIMPSON, banker at 50 Broadway, made an assignment yesterday to William S. Kelley. He has been in the banking business since 1881, having previously been in the wholesale liquor business for many years, in which he was unsuccessful. He negotiated commercial paper, made loans, and promoted various companies. He was reported to have accumulated considerable means, and in April last he claimed to be worth $800,000. He had the credit of promoting an alliance between several telegraph companies about nine years ago. He was considered the promoter of an elevated railroad scheme known as the People's Elevated Railway Company, which was presented to the Rapid Transit Commissioners ten days ago.

THE D. D. MERRILL COMPANY of St. Paul and D. D. Merrill, one of the largest book dealers and publishers in the Northwest, have made a voluntary assignment for the benefit of creditors. The Security Trust Company is named as the assignee in both cases. Mr. Merrill himself was seen this morning and confirmed the report. He said that no statement would be made in advance of the filing of the schedules.

ALEXANDER DAVIDOFF, manufacturer of diamond jewelry at 85 Nassau Street, made an assignment yesterday to Samuel Cohn, giving a preference to Anna Davidoff for $835 for money loaned. He said yesterday that the failure was the result of hard times and heavy losses which he had met with recently. The liabilities are less than $15,000.

THE RAW SILK TREATMENT COMPANY of this city, to wind up the corporation, has been placed in the hands of Peter T. Bellinger as receiver. The company ceased to do business some time ago. It was incorporated in March, 1886, with a capital stock of $1,250,000, to push a process for treating Tussa silk and flax.

FOWLER & LEONARD, doing business as the Long Island Button Company, who made an assignment on March 15 to Halstead P. Fowler, had their property reassigned to them by a deed which was filed yesterday, the firm having settled with creditors at 25 cents on the dollar.

THE GEDNEY HOUSE at Auburn, N. Y., William H. Brown, proprietor, was closed yesterday on chattel mortgages aggregating $3,500.

$18 Excursions to the Columbian Exposition.

Pennsylvania Railroad. Thursday, Sept. 28. Tourist agent on train. Special coaches for ladies and families. Allegheny Mountains by daylight. Only one night on train. Leave New-York 9:00 A. M. Other dates, Oct. 2 and 6.—*Adv.*

WISCONSIN CENTRAL LEASE

TO BE CANCELED BY ORDER OF THE UNITED STATES COURT.

The Northern Pacific Company Need No Longer Bear the Burden—A Million Dollars Lost and More Than a Million Still Owing from the Wisconsin Central's Chicago Terminals Corporation—An Important Accounting Now in Order.

News reached here from Milwaukee yesterday that Judge Jenkins, in the United States Circuit Court, had rendered a decision that would enable the Northern Pacific receivers to surrender the lease of the Wisconsin Central Railroad and discontinue the management of that unprofitable property. It has thus far caused a loss of more than $1,000,000 to the Northern Pacific Company.

The receivers of the Northern Pacific Road were asked by the officers of the Wisconsin Road to either return the lines or to ratify the terms of the lease which was made about three years ago to the Northern Pacific. This lease gave the Northern Pacific the use of the Central lines for a rental of about 36 per cent. of the gross earnings and $350,000 annually for the use of the Chicago terminals. The receivers told the court that they would surrender the Wisconsin Central lines.

At this juncture David S. Wegg, representing the Chicago and Northern Pacific Road, went into court with an intervening petition asking that the receivers of the Northern Pacific be compelled to ratify the lease. The Chicago and Northern Pacific owns the terminals in Chicago, and originally leased the terminal facilities in Chicago to the Wisconsin Central, and they were re-leased to the Northern Pacific. Mr. Wegg plaintively urged that the Wisconsin Central was "hopelessly bankrupt," and therefore should continue to be saddled on the Northern Pacific.

Judge Jenkins's decision was on the intervening petition, and was against Mr. Wegg, who, together with Edwin H. Abbot, Charles L. Colby, and Colgate Hoyt, had a hand in leasing the "bankrupt" Wisconsin Central to the Northern Pacific in April, 1890.

A question yet to be determined is the settlement of the debt of the Chicago and Northern Pacific Railroad Company to the Northern Pacific. That debt amounted to more than $1,000,000 last Winter, and it was carried on the books of the Northern Pacific Company in the form of an account current. The Chicago and Northern Pacific was included in the Wisconsin Central lease, and has received a fixed rental of $350,000 per annum from the Northern Pacific Company. The company owned at one time—and perhaps owns now—very valuable terminals in Chicago. It was capitalized at $30,000,000, and a little more than one-half of the shares of stock were, at the time the lease to the Northern Pacific was made, put into the hands of Henry Villard, Charles L. Colby, and Thomas F. Oakes in trust for the Northern Pacific Company.

There will have to be an accounting between the Northern Pacific Company and the Chicago and Northern Pacific corporation.

A REMARKABLE YACHT RACE.

At No Time During 120 Miles' Sail Were Navahoe and Britannia a Minute Apart.

The London Times of Sept. 14 printed the following account of the race for the Brenton's Reef Cup between Royal Phelps Carroll's Navahoe and the Prince of Wales's Britannia, which was won by the Navahoe, over a course of 120 miles. The distance was covered in 10 hours 37 minutes and 35 seconds.

Nothing in yacht-racing annals, says The London Times, can compare with the extraordinary close sailing of the two vessels, for, as a matter of fact, neither was at any time more than a minute ahead of the other, and for fully half the distance it may be said that there was not more than a couple of lengths between them. Altogether it was a race beating far and away in every particular anything yet recorded in yachting history. There have perhaps been matches sailed over short courses quite as exciting, but nothing to compare with the wonderful speed maintained through such a trying sea. There was not a "carry away" worthy of note to be recorded, although the masts of both when the wind laid on caused some anxiety. The match proved most conclusively that the racing yacht of the present season is as far ahead of the old type in regard to seagoing qualities as in speed.

The Navahoe was on her best point in having a broad reach over the entire course, while, on the other hand, the Britannia does not so much excel in that particular point as she does sailing to windward and to leeward. So heavy was the sea that for upward of 100 miles the two yachts were under two sails only, yet even then they were reaching 11 knots, pounding the water in a wonderful way, and it is not too much to say that the drift was flying 20 feet up the mast. Mr. Carroll made an objection that the starting vessel was not in the same position at the finish that she was at the start. The answer to this was that a vessel may not anchor in a fair way at nighttime. The times were taken directly each of the vessels came in line with the stream of the Needles Lighthouse, and this was better than being obtained in passing a floating mark.

The wind was blowing of full single-reef strength from the eastward when the two vessels got to the rendezvous, and both had the first earing hardened down in mainsails, third jibs out, and jib-headed topsails aloft. The Navahoe set her big working staysail, and the Britannia her reaching one. According to conditions, five minutes were allowed to cross the line, the time to be corrected at the finish. The Britannia was first to keep away, and the Navahoe soon followed, the official timing of the start being:

	H.M.S.		H.M.S.
Britannia	12 01 06	Navahoe	12 02 05

With the wind about two points free, they set their course across channel, a little having to be allowed for the ebb stream, which was just beginning to soak westward. The Britannia, on an eastern line, had the Navahoe on the lee quarter, and thus they ran in a rising breeze. On opening St. Catherine's, the full weight of the wind was felt and the sea began to get heavy. A slight pull was taken at main sheets, and with every prospect of worse weather big staysails were shifted for working ones and jib-headed topsails got on deck, but topmasts were kept on end. Both vessels were soon tearing along at a great speed and making a close match, the Britannia's early start being somewhat discounted.

When about 20 miles from the English coast, the Navahoe's jib topsail got adrift and she had four hands out to gather in the sail, which was badly torn. The vessels got off in midchannel about 2:30, and the wind was then blowing half a gale with a heavy run of sea, which the hard blow of the preceding hours had helped to get up. The Navahoe, however, began to travel the faster and got close up under the lee quarter of her rival. In running off and coming up she was first pointing for lee side and then the weather of her opponent, but at last she was given a sharp intentional luff across the Britannia's stern, and on keeping away drew up and eventually passed by to windward into first place. Topmasts were housed when they got within about two miles of the land, and on drawing near the breakwater sheets were rattled in with the weight of the wind. The Navahoe was not more than a clear length ahead when the pair began to draw up for the buoy at the western end of the breakwater. Here the last pull at sheets was being taken, and the Britannia, luffing sharp, made a clever inside turn and had her bowsprit overlapping the Navahoe, the latter at this time having to alter her helm a little to clear a French steamer.

The times the buoy at the western entrance was luffed round were as follows: Navahoe, 5 hours 1 minute; Britannia, 5 hours 1 minute 10 seconds. Both were sharp by the wind, but were just able to lay through Cherbourg Roads on port tacks. On the way the Britannia got her jib topsail in off the bowsprit end and both were got fit for the coming sea fight. The Britannia held her reach until she could just fetch to windward of the buoy lying off the pitch of the breakwater, and on coming round on starboard tack the Navahoe was a few lengths distant on the weather quarter of the leader. The western tide was running when a look out in the open was made, and before getting anything of an offing an ugly sea was met; indeed, the sea was so bad and the wind so heavy that it became compulsory to ease both vessels of their foresails.

The Britannia was beautifully nursed in regard to helmsmanship, the heaviest of the seas being met on the beam, while the Navahoe was also nicely sailed to shoulder the combers. Darkness closed in and the same close fight was kept up, the Britannia sailing about four cables' length distant of the Navahoe, which was almost broad on the lee beam. The wind was furious about 20 miles out, and the laboring of the vessels was terribly trying, but as they got off into midchannel things improved. When about five miles from the Needles, the Navahoe drew in the Britannia's wake, but she was not more than two lengths astern. In a lighter breeze the speed dropped a little, but both were tearing along foaming, and they now had foresails on to help them along. As the land was closed in the wind shortened and sheets were drawn a little aft.

Half a mile from the Needles the Britannia was quite on a wind, while the Navahoe was being sailed hard along. The Britannia was pinched up so as only to give the Goose Rock a clear berth, while the Navahoe was half a mile to the westward. Thus the two vessels crossed the line and finished a memorable race. The official timing of the finish was:

	H.M.S.		H.M.S.
Britannia (winner)	10 37 35	Navahoe	10 38 32

The Prince of Wales's cutter was thus 57 seconds ahead, and from this 54½ seconds had to be deducted for the difference at the start, the balance on the winner's favor accordingly being only 2½ seconds.

After the race had been awarded to the Britannia by 2½ seconds, as stated in the above account, Mr. Carroll protested on the ground that the stakeboat at the finish had been removed, and that when the yachts passed the point where it had been located at the start, the Navahoe was so close up that by a time allowance she really won the race. This protest was sustained, and the next day the committee announced that the Navahoe had really won, and Mr. Carroll was given the cup.

AT THE HOTELS.

—Martin A. Ryerson of Chicago is at the Holland.

—Sir Josiah Rees of Bermuda is at the Broadway Central.

—Commander Edwin White, United States Navy, is at the Everett.

—Gen. George S. Batcheller of Saratoga is at the Gilsey.

—Gen. A. L. Bresler of Venezuela is at the Plaza.

—Baron Saurma, German Ambassador at Washington, and Capt. A. Heese of the German Embassy, are at the Cambridge.

—Congressman Sereno E. Payne of Auburn, N. Y.; Asa P. Potter of Boston, Charles T. Yerkes of Chicago, and Gen. Anson G. McCook are at the Fifth Avenue.

TO-DAY'S SUPPLEMENT CONTAINS

Page 9.

Mr. McLeod's mismanagement of Reading property.
Arranging for a Manhattan Day at the Fair.
Differences of David J. and Henry Solomon.
Politics of Monmouth County, N. J.
Lawyer Burke to be tried for grand larceny.
Funeral of Mrs. Edward Fitch.
Lester Pasco's ninety-third birthday.
Mayor Trout asked to return to Roanoke.
Archbishop Kain made administrator.
Bar Association and constitutional revision.
New yellow fever cases at Brunswick.
Westchester Fair ready for opening to-day.
Medal of honor for Gen. Rodenbough.
Not The Petit Journal's correspondent.
State of Trade and Naval Stores Market.
Court calendars and referees.

Page 10.

The trial of Frank Ellison begun.
Commercial and other markets.
Post Office notice.
Railroad, Steamboat, and Shipping advertisements.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

This morning The New-York Daily Times consists of TEN PAGES. Every newsdealer is bound to deliver the paper in its complete form, and any failure to do so should be reported at the Publication Office.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25—8 P. M.—Forecast for Tuesday:

For *New-England*, showers to-night, clearing Tuesday, colder, northwesterly winds.

For the *District of Columbia*, *EASTERN NEW-YORK*, *Eastern Pennsylvania*, *New-Jersey*, *Delaware*, *Maryland*, and *Virginia*, generally fair in the interior, clearing on the coast, colder, northwesterly winds.

For *North* and *South Carolina*, showers, clearing Tuesday afternoon or night in west portions, much cooler, northwest winds. For *Georgia*, showers, clearing in north portion Tuesday afternoon, much cooler, winds becoming northwesterly. For *Eastern Florida*, generally fair, variable winds. For *Alabama* and *Western Florida*, generally fair, cooler, north winds.

For *Mississippi* and *Louisiana*, fair, clearing on the coast, cooler, except stationary temperature in extreme north portions, north winds. For *Eastern Texas*, generally fair, clearing on the coast, cooler, north winds. For *Arkansas*, *Oklahoma*, and *Indian Territory*, fair, northeast winds. For *Tennessee* and *Kentucky*, fair, slightly cooler in East Tennessee, northwesterly winds.

RIVERS—The rivers will change slightly.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.—The storm has moved from Upper Michigan to the mouth of the St. Lawrence, increasing in intensity. The high-pressure area has moved from the north of Montana to Northern Kansas, increasing in magnitude, and will dominate the weather over the whole country for the next thirty-six hours, except on the Gulf and Atlantic coasts, where the weather will clear.

Rain has fallen in Texas and light showers in the Ohio and Lower Mississippi Valleys, the lower lake region, the Middle Atlantic States, and New-England. The temperature has remained nearly stationary in the Atlantic States, and has generally fallen elsewhere.

The following heavy rainfalls (in inches) were reported: Texas—Corsicana, 1.80; Longview, 4.20; Tyler, 2. Arkansas—Prescott, 2.10. Mississippi—Aberdeen, 3.10; Okolona, 5.70.

The following shows the changes in the temperature for the past twenty-four hours, in comparison with the same date of last year, as indicated by the thermometer at Hudnut's pharmacy, 218 Broadway:

	1892.	1893.		1892.	1893.
3 A. M.	69°	60°	3:30 P. M.	81°	70°
6 A. M.	68°	60°	6 P. M.	78°	66°
9 A. M.	71°	62°	9 P. M.	73°	57°
12 M.	76°	66°	12 P. M.	73°	54°

Average temperature yesterday.........61⅞°
Average for same date last year.........73½°
Average for same date last fifteen years.........63¼°

ONE DAY'S FIRES IN NEW-YORK.

(From 1:30 A. M. Monday to 1:30 A. M. Tuesday.)

9:15 A. M.—1,357 First Avenue; Francis Linkie; damage to contents, $500; to building, $200; cause unknown.

8:40 P. M.—108 Lewis Street; Louis Frehleigh; damage trifling; insured; cause, curtain igniting from a candle.

12:15 P. M.—537 Hudson Street; damage trifling; cause, defective chimney.

9:50 P. M.—38 Ludlow Street; Herscowitz & Abramowitz; damage trifling; cause, overheated stove.

MARRIED.

ATHERTON—ALLEN.—On Monday, the 25th of September, 1893, at the residence of the bride's mother, by the Rev. Geo. H. Houghton, D. D., Miss ANNA MARY ALLEN and EMILE LOUIS ATHERTON, both of this city.

METCALFE — HUMPHREY. — In Stamford, Conn., at the residence of the bride's grandparents, Rev. and Mrs. R. B. Thurston, by the Rev. John H. Hincks of Atlanta, Ga., MARY HUMPHREY to CHARLES SANDARS METCALFE of Brooklyn, N. Y.

DIED.

Burrill, John E.
Cattus, John C.
Congdon, Lydia W.
Cromwell, Charles T.
Janes, Jonathan.
Mathews, John.
Maxwell, Dr. Elijah A.
Page, William D.
Simpson, Helen M.
Shapter, Margaret I.
Shaw, Philander.
Snowden, Arthur H.
Vought, Dr. Walter.

BURRILL.—At Lenox, Mass., on Sept. 23, 1893, JOHN E. BURRILL, in the 72d year of his age.

Funeral services at Trinity Church, Lenox, Mass., on Tuesday morning, Sept. 26, at 11 o'clock. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

CATTUS.—On Sunday evening, Sept. 24, JOHN C. CATTUS, in his 56th year.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend his funeral at his late residence, 312 Madison Av., on Wednesday evening, Sept. 27, at 11 o'clock. Interment, Greenwood.

CONGDON.—At Millbrook, N. Y., Sept. 24, 1893, LYDIA W. CONGDON, widow of Jarvis Congdon, in her 86th year.

Funeral Wednesday, Sept. 27, at 2 o'clock, at the Brick Meeting House.

CROMWELL.—At Mamursing Island, on Monday, the 25th inst., CHARLES THORN CROMWELL, in his 86th year.

Funeral services at his late residence, Rye, N. Y., on Wednesday, Sept. 27, at 11:30. Carriages will be in waiting at Rye station to meet the train leaving Grand Central Depot at 10:06, returning at 1:56.

JANES.—In Brooklyn, on Sunday, Sept. 24, 1893, JONATHAN JANES, aged 76 years.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services on Wednesday, Sept. 27, at 2 P. M. from St. Mark's P. E. Church, corner Bedford Av. and South 5th St., Brooklyn.

MATHEWS.—Suddenly, on Sunday evening, Sept. 24, JOHN MATHEWS, in the 60th year of his age.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services at his late residence, 3 South Elliott Place, Brooklyn, on Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. Interment private.

MAXWELL.—Sept. 25, Dr. ELIJAH A. MAXWELL, aged 47 years.

Funeral services at his late residence, 214 East 50th St., on Wednesday evening, Sept. 27, at 7 o'clock.

PAGE.—On Monday, Sept. 25, WILLIAM DRUMMOND PAGE, in the 40th year of his age.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

SIMPSON.—At Scotch Plains, New-Jersey, on Sept. 24, HELEN M. SIMPSON, widow of the late Alexander Simpson of Brooklyn, N. Y.

Funeral services will be held from her late residence, 63 Downing St., Brooklyn, on Wednesday evening, Sept. 27, at 8 o'clock. Friends are respectfully invited to attend. Interment private. Please omit flowers.

SHAPTER.—At Bergen Point, N. J., Sept. 24, MARGARET I. SHAPTER, in her 87th year.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend her funeral at her late residence, 120 West 8th St., on Wednesday, 27th inst., at 10 o'clock A. M. Train leaves New-York on Central R. R. of N. J., foot of Liberty St., at 9:15 A. M. for West 8th St. station.

SHAW.—Suddenly, on Sept. 25, at his home, 60 First Place, Brooklyn, PHILANDER SHAW, in the 75th year of his age.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

SNOWDEN.—At his late residence, Stratford, Conn., passed into eternal life, ARTHUR HENRY SNOWDEN, (formerly of New-York,) in his 92d year.

Friends are invited to attend his funeral from Christ Church, Stratford, on Wednesday, Sept. 27, 3 P. M. Carriages will be in waiting at the depot in Stratford.

VOUGHT.—On Sunday, Sept. 24, in this city, Dr. WALTER VOUGHT of No. 12 West 10th St., New-York City.

The funeral services will be held in Buffalo, N. Y., at the Church of the Ascension, on Wednesday, Sept. 27.

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FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

LOWER PRICES PREVAIL ON THE STOCK EXCHANGE.

Another Sharp Advance in Foreign Exchange Rates—Talk of Possible Gold Shipments Influences the Market—The Foreign Distrust of the Senate's Delay—More Clearing House Certificates Retired—Bonds Fairly Active but Weaker—Commercial Markets Generally Dull.

NEW-YORK, MONDAY, Sept. 25—P. M.

There was an increase in activity in Stock Exchange trading to-day, the total transactions exceeding 220,000 shares, but such liveliness as resulted was regularly in stocks which showed a loss for the day. The whole list was weak, and at the close the market was near its lowest prices.

Foreign exchange rates, which rose all of last week, again advanced to-day. Sterling rates in the afternoon were from ½c to 1c above Saturday's quotations, while Continental exchange also exhibited gains. Along with the higher rates was a renewal of the talk of gold exports, something of which was heard last week. One report had it that a leading house had arranged for a shipment, but this story was denied. The rise in exchange, however, was sufficient to increase the weakness in the stock market, serving to make the closing hour a time of continued declines. Wall Street impatience with the Senate's delay in acting on the repeal of the silver-purchase law has been great for weeks, but the present conditions of the exchange market point more sharply than ever the evil effects upon business of the long-drawn-out debate in the upper house. The uncertainty existing abroad as to the Senate's action has now brought rates close to the gold-exporting point, has effectually cut off European buying of American securities, and has increased anxiety on the other side of the ocean as to investments in this country.

Early in the day the stock market was weak and there were some sharp declines. Then came a period of dullness, followed, toward the close, by a renewal of activity and further losses. The grangers were picked out for attacks which generally succeeded very well. Chicago, Burlington and Quincy closed 2½ points down, St. Paul 1⅛, Rock Island 1⅛, and Northwestern 2. Sugar lost 1½ for the common and 1 for the preferred. Atchison was off ¾. Chicago Gas yielded to the extent of 3¼ points. General Electric dropped 1⅞, Lake Shore 2¼, Louisville and Nashville 2, Manhattan 4¾, National Lead and Missouri Pacific each 1⅛, New-England 1⅜, Northern Pacific preferred 3, and Western Union 2⅛. Chicago Gas, St. Paul, Rock Island, Chicago, Burlington and Quincy, and Western Union represented one-half of the total business of the day.

The money market showed little change from the conditions existing last week. Call loans were made as low as 2 per cent., and in time money and mercantile paper there was no change in rates. The Clearing House retired loan certificates for $405,000 and had notice that $400,000 more would be canceled to-morrow. The Boston banks lessened their issue of certificates by $880,000.

In the bond market there was more activity than was displayed at the close of last week, but the general tendency of prices was downward.

NEW-YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Stocks.

	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	—Closing.— Bid.	Asked.	Sales.
Adams Express	140	140	140	140	135	142	50
American Cotton Oil	33½	33½	32	32	32	32¼	1,640
American Cotton Oil pf	66	66	66	66	65	65½	460
American Express	108	108	108	108	107	112	23
*American Sugar Refining	86½	87⅜	85⅛	85⅛	85⅛	85¼	84,351
*American Sugar Refining pf	85	85	85	85	84	85½	204
American Telegraph & Cable Co	82	82	82	82	79	83	40
*American Tobacco	76	76	76	76	75	77	225
American Tobacco pf	90	90	90	90	90	95	35
Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé	19¾	19⅞	19⅛	19¼	19⅛	19¼	7,871
Atlantic & Pacific	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼	2½	100
Canada Southern	47	47	47	47	45½	46¼	100
Chesapeake & Ohio	16½	16½	16½	16½	16	16¼	188
Chicago Gas	57	57⅜	53¼	53¾	53⅝	53⅞	30,930
Chicago Gas, div. scrip	1.20	1.20	1.15	1.15			2,500
Chicago & Eastern Illinois	55½	55½	55½	55½	55½	56½	100
Chicago & Northwestern	99¼	99¼	97⅜	97⅜	97¼	97⅜	3,532
Chicago & Northwestern pf	138	138	138	138			5
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy	82⅞	83	80⅛	80½	80⅜	80⅝	17,462
C., C., C. & St. Louis	33⅛	33½	32⅝	32⅝	32⅝	32⅞	1,178
C., C., C. & St. Louis pf	83	83	83	83			50
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul	60¼	60½	59⅜	59⅜	59⅜	59½	22,230
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul pf	117	117	117	117	116	118	179
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific	64¾	64¾	63½	63⅝	63½	63⅝	4,565
Colorado Fuel & Iron	23⅝	23⅝	23½	23½	22¼	23	300
Columbus, Hock. Val. & Toledo	18½	18½	17¾	17¾	17½	18	340
Consolidated Gas Company	125	125	125	125	126	128	8
Delaware & Hudson	119	119½	119	119	119¼	119½	652
Delaware, Lackawanna & Western	143	143	142	142	142	142¼	2,960
Denver & Rio Grande	10⅛	10⅛	9¾	9¾	9½	10¼	420
Denver & Rio Grande pf	28⅞	28⅞	28⅞	28⅞	28⅞	29½	100
Distilling & Cattle Feeding	23	23½	22¼	22¼	22¼	22⅜	12,225
Edison Electric Illuminating	94	94	94	94	93½	95	100
General Electric	45½	45⅝	43⅝	43¾	43⅝	44	9,195
Great Northern pf	110	110	110	110	109½	112	100
Illinois Central	91¾	91¾	91¾	91¾	91	92	170
Iowa Central	7½	7½	7¼	7¼	7	8	250
Iowa Central pf	20	20	20	20	19	22	210
Laclede Gas	14	14	14	14	14	15	250
Laclede Gas pf	60	60	60	60	55	65	10
Lake Erie & Western	15½	15½	15	15	14¾	15½	450
Lake Erie & Western pf	68½	68⅝	68½	68⅝	67¾	68¾	210
Lake Shore	120⅛	120⅛	118¾	118¾	118⅝	119	1,619
Louisville & Nashville	54	54	52½	52½	52½	53	1,500
Louisville, New-Albany & Chicago	14¼	14¼	14¼	14¼	14	15½	30
Louisville, New-Albany & Chi., t. r.	14½	14½	14½	14½	14	15½	150
Manhattan Consolidated	128	128	123¾	124	123½	125	1,975
Minneapolis & St. Louis, t. r.	10½	10½	10½	10½	10	10¾	350
Missouri Pacific	25½	25½	24⅞	24⅞	24⅞	25	915
Missouri, Kansas & Texas pf	18¼	18¼	18	18	17½	17⅞	220
Nashville, Chat. & St. Louis	60½	60½	60½	60½	58	70	200
National Cordage, 2d as. paid	24	24	23½	23½	23½	23¾	1,030
National Cordage pf., as. paid	56	56	56	56	50	60	100
*National Lead Company	26	26¼	24¾	24¾	24¾	25	4,165
*National Lead Company pf	69½	69½	69	69	68½	69½	239
National Linseed Oil	19½	19½	19½	19½	18	19	100
National Starch	8	8	8	8	8	9	270
New Central Coal	10	10	10	10	8	10	35
New-Jersey Central	107¾	107¾	107¼	107¼	105	106	120
New-York Central	102	102	102	102	102	102¼	151
New-York & New-England	26¼	26⅜	25	25	24⅞	25	8,250
New-York, Lake Erie & Western	13	13⅛	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	12¾	4,465
New-York, Lake Erie & Western pf.	26¾	26¾	26½	26½	25½	28½	251
New-York, Susq. & Western	13½	13½	13½	13½	13¼	13½	110
New-York, Susq. & Western pf	42½	42½	42½	42½	41	43	20
North American	5⅛	5⅜	5	5	4⅞	5⅛	1,195
Northern Pacific	7½	7½	7	7	6⅞	7	2,250
Northern Pacific pf	22¼	22½	20	20¼	20¼	20½	6,415
Ontario & Western	14½	14½	14⅜	14⅜	14¼	14½	442
Pacific Mail	14¾	14¾	14	14	14	14½	410
Peoria, Decatur & Evansville	8	8	8	8	7½	8½	100
Philadelphia & Reading	18½	18½	18	18	17⅞	18	4,700
Pullman Palace Car Company	168	168½	168	168½	169	170	200
Rich. & West Point, 1st in. paid	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	1¾	2	200
Rich. & West Point, 2d in. paid	3½	3½	3⅜	3⅜	3¼	3½	400
Rich. & West Point pf., t. r	17	17	17	17	15½	19	200
Rome, Watertown & Ogdensburg	108	108	108	108	106	108	25
St. Louis Southwestern pf	8½	8½	8½	8½	7¾	8½	125
St. Paul & Omaha	33¾	33¾	33½	33½	33½	34	220
St. Paul, Minn. & Manitoba	105½	105½	105½	105½	103	108	5
Southern Pacific	18⅛	18⅛	18	18	17¾	18¼	300
Tennessee Coal & Iron	15	15	15	15	14¾	15½	1,410
Texas Pacific	6⅞	6⅞	6½	6½	6⅜	6⅞	310
Tol., Ann Arbor & North Michigan	9	9	9	9	8	9	700
Union Pacific	21½	21½	20⅞	20⅞	20¾	20⅞	2,710
U. P., Denver & Gulf	6	6	6	6	6	6¼	100
United States Express	50	50	50	50	50	55	36
United States Rubber pf	77	77	77	77	70	80	10
Wabash pf	14⅞	14⅞	14⅜	15⅜	14¼	14½	910
Western Union Telegraph	81½	81⅝	79⅜	79½	79¼	79½	19,718
Wheeling & Lake Erie pf	43	43	43	43	42	45¼	150
Total sales							220,558

*Unlisted.

Mortgages.

	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Amer. Cot. Oil 8s.	109	109	109	109	$4,000
At., T. & S. Fe 4s.	73	73⅛	73	73	33,000
At., T. & S. Fe 2d, 2½-4s., A.	41½	41½	41	41	51,000
At. & Pac. 4s.	57¾	57¾	57¼	57¾	19,000
Aus. & N. W. 1st.	83¼	83¼	83¼	83¼	7,000
Brooklyn E. 1st.	109	109	108	108	25,000
Can. South. 1st.	103½	103½	103½	103½	1,000
C. of N.J. gen. 5s.	108¼	108¼	108¼	108¼	43,000
C. & O. cn. 5s.	101¼	101¼	101¼	101¼	29,000
C. & O., R. & A. 1st cn. 2-4s.	77	77	76½	76½	30,000
Chi. & N. P. 1st.	41	41	40	40	68,000
C., B. & Q. cv. 5s.	99½	99½	99½	99½	1,000
C., B. & Q. 7s.	117	117	117	117	8,000
C., St.L.&N.O. 5s.	113¼	113¼	113	113	11,000
Col. & H. V. 5s.	85	85	84½	84½	2,000
D.&H.1st7s,'94,r.	101	101	101	101	4,000
Den. & Rio G. 4s.	74	74	74	74	10,000
East. Rio Gas 1st.	87	87	87	87	2,000
E. T., V. & G. g. 5s.	89½	89½	89½	89½	10,000
Ed. Elec. Ill. of N. Y. 1st.	104	104	104	104	2,000
Erie 1st cn.	128½	128½	128½	128½	1,000
Erie 2d cn.	68¾	69	68¾	69	21,000
Erie 1st	108	108	108	108	2,000
G. R. & I. gen. 4½s	99½	99½	99½	99½	2,000
Iowa Cent. 1st	81	81	81	81	5,000
Iron Mt. gen. 5s.	73	73	73	73	10,000
Kan.& T. 2d g. 4s.	38⅛	38½	37¾	38	21,000
Manhattan C. 4s.	92½	92½	92½	92½	2,000
Met. Elev. 1st	115	115	115	115	17,000
Met. Elev. 2d	105¼	105¼	105¼	105¼	1,000
Mich. C. 5s, 1931	110	110	110	110	2,000
Mich. Cent. 7s.	120¾	120¾	120¾	120¾	2,000
M., L. S. & W. 1st.	125	125	125	125	2,000
M. & Ohio gen. 4s.	51	51	51	51	8,000
M. & E. 7s of 1871-1901	113½	113½	113½	113½	1,000
N. Y. Elev. 1st.	110	110	100	110	3,000
N. Y., Ont. & W. rfdg. 4s.	80	80	80	80	3,000
N. Y., O. & W. 5s.	105½	105½	105½	105½	12,000
Norf. & W. gen.	118	118	118	118	3,000
North. Pac. 1st, c.	106	106	106	106	25,000
North. Pac. 2d, c.	90½	90½	90	90	6,000
*North. Pac. 3d, c.	72	72	72	72	14,000
North. Pac. cn. 5s.	35	35	33	33¼	96,000
N. Pac. & M. 1st.	48	48	48	48	1,000
Northwest ex. 4s.	91	91	91	91	3,000
Ohio So. gen. 4s.	49	49	49	49	1,000
Ohio South. 1st	101	101	101	101	1,000
Penn. 4½s, c.	108¼	108¼	108¼	108¼	3,000
Pitts. & W. 1st.	80	80	80	80	10,000
Read. 1st pf. inc.	32½	33¼	32½	33¼	26,000
Read. 2d pf. inc.	21½	22	21½	22	11,000
Read. 3d pf. inc.	17½	17½	16½	16½	22,000
Read. def. inc.	5½	5½	5½	5½	5,000
R. & W. P. T. col. tr. 5s., t. r.	23	23	22	22	14,000
Rio G. W. 1st	64	64	64	64	1,000
Rock Isl. deb. 5s.	90	90	90	90	6,000
Rock Island 5s, c.	93½	93¾	93½	93¾	5,000
St. L., K. C. & N. R. E. 7s.	100¾	100¾	100½	100½	10,000
St. L. S. W. 1st.	57¼	57½	56½	57	35,000
St. P. & Om. cn.	116½	116½	116	116	3,000
St. P. 1st, I. & M.	112	112	112	112	2,000
St. P. 1st, S. Minn.	109¼	109¼	109¼	109¼	2,000
St. P., C. P. W. 5s.	108	108	108	108	7,000
S. A. & A. P. 4s.	54	54	54	54	2,000
Sav. & W. 1st.	37¾	37¾	37¾	37¾	17,000
Sav. & W. 1st., t.r.	37	37	37	37	3,000
Texas Pac. 1st 5s.	70	70	70	70	2,000
U. P. 1st of 1898.	105⅛	105⅛	105⅛	105⅛	1,000
U. P., D. & G. 5s.	44	44	44	44	1,000
Wabash 2d	70¾	70¾	70	70	13,000
W. N.Y. & P. 2d.	21¾	21¾	21¼	21¼	45,000
West Shore 4s, r.	97¼	97¼	97¼	97¼	1,000
Total sales					$349,000

*Seller 20 flat. †Seller 30 flat.

Bid and Asked Quotations.

The following were the closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Alb. & Sus.	155	..	M. & St.L. pf., t. r.	28	31
Alton & T.H.	18	30	Minn. Iron	..	60
Al. & T.H. pf.	..	150			
Am. Coal	80	90	Mo., K. & T.	10½	11½
Am. Dist. Tel.	..	45	Mobile & O.	13	14
Balt. & Ohio.	68	71	Nat. St. 2d pf.	30	..
B. & S. Ill. pf.	..	120	N. Y. & N. H.	190	200
Bruns. Co.	4½	7	N. Y. & N. pf.	8½	10
B., R. & P.	25	28	N. Y., C. & St. L.	12	13¾
B., R. & P. pf.	59	76			
B., C. R. & N.	40	..	N. Y., C. & St. L. 1st pf.	52	58
Canadian Pac	74½	75½			
Central Pac.	19	..	N. Y., C. & St. L. 2d pf.	23	24½
Chi. & Alton	132	137	Norfolk So.	47	..
C. & E. Ill. pf.	91½	93½	Nor. & W. pf.	21	21½
Clev. & Pitts.	145	150	Ohio South.	25	50
Col. Coal & I. Dev.	8½	10	Ohio & Miss.	14	..
Col. F. & I. pf.	..	85	Ont. Mining.	7½	8½
Col. & H. Coal	8	8¾	Oregon Imp.	9	10½
			Ore. R. & N.	42	48
C., H. V. & T. pf.	..	69	O.S.L. & U.N.	8½	10½
Com. Cable	120	150	Penn. Coal	250	..
Consol. Coal	24	30	Peo. & East.	4	7
D. M. & Ft. D.	5¾	7¼	Pitts. & W. pf.	28	30
D. M. & Ft. D. pf.	20	..	P., C., C. & St. L.	14¼	15¼
*D., S. S. & A.	7	8	P., C., C. & St. L. pf.	48½	51
*D., S. S. & A. pf.	18½	20	P., F. W. & C.	145	..
E. T., V. & G.	¼	¾	Quicksilver	1½	2½
			Rens. & Sar.	155	163
E. T., V. & G. 1st pf.	6	15	St. L. So.	95	..
			St. L. S. W.	4	5
E. T., V. & G. 2d pf.	2½	5	St. P. & Dul.	25	27
Ev. & T. H.	83½	87	St. P. & D. pf.	95	100
G. B. & W., t.r.	6½	7½	St. P. & O. pf.	105	107
Homestake	10½	14	Sil. bull. cer.	74½	76
H. & Texas	2¼	3	So. Carolina	½	1
Kan. & Mich.	..	11½	So. Cot. Oil	40	50
K. & D. M.	..	5⅞	Tol. & O. C.	25	30
Long Island	93	96½	Tol. & O.C. pf.	65	75
L., St. L. & T.	..	7	U. S. Rubber	30	35
Man. Beach	4	4½	Wabash	7	7½
Md. Coal pf.	50	60	Wells-F. Ex.	130	140
Mich. Cent.	90	90½	W. & L. E.	13	13½

*Unlisted.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Stocks.

	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Am. Sugar Refs.	86½	87⅜	85⅛	85¼	11,060
Am. Cotton Oil	32½	32½	32	32	210
Atch., Top. & S. F.	19¾	19¾	19⅛	19⅛	2,760
C., C., C. & St. L.	33¼	33¼	32¾	32¾	500
Col., H. V. & T.	18¼	18¼	18¼	18¼	100
Chicago Gas	56⅞	57⅞	53⅝	53⅝	6,970
Chi., R. I. & Pac.	64⅝	64⅝	63⅝	63⅝	4,500
Chi., Bur. & Q.	82⅞	83⅛	80⅜	80½	6,750
Chi., M. & St. P.	60⅛	60½	59½	59½	13,760
Chi. & N. W.	99¼	99¼	97¾	97¾	750
Den. & R. G. pf.	29	29	29	29	100
Del., L. & West.	142½	142½	142¼	142½	220
Distilling & C. F.	22⅞	23½	22⅛	22⅛	1,880
General Electric	45½	45⅝	43⅛	43⅛	2,750
Iowa Central	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	100
Lake Shore	120	120	119	119	220
Louis. & Nash.	53¾	53¾	53	53	40
L. E. & West.	15½	15½	15	15	200
Manhattan	125	125	124	124	400
Missouri Pacific	25½	25½	25	25	30
Nat. Cordage	23⅞	23⅞	23⅞	23⅞	10
National Lead	25⅞	25⅞	25¼	25¼	280
N. Y., L. E. & W.	13	13⅛	12¾	12¾	1,220
N. Y. & N. E.	26¼	26⅝	25	25	1,780
Northern Pacific	7⅛	7⅛	7	7	300
North. Pacific pf.	22	22½	20	20⅛	2,730
Pacific Mail	14⅝	14⅝	13⅞	13⅞	200
Phil. & Reading	18⅜	18½	17⅞	18	620
Peo., Dec. & E.	8	8	8	8	50
Texas Pacific	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	200
Union Pacific	21½	21⅝	21⅛	21⅛	170
Western Union	81½	81⅝	79½	79½	3,920
Wabash pf.	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	200
Total sales					63,480

Bonds.

	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Am. Cot. Oil 8s.	109	109	109	109	$2,000
At., T. & S. F. 4s.	73	73	73	73	5,000
A., T. & S. F. 2d, A.	41¼	41¼	41⅛	41⅛	12,000
At. & Pac. 4s	60	60	60	60	3,000
C. & O., R. & A. 1st cn.	76¾	76¾	76¾	76¾	3,000
Chi., B. & Q. cn.	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	1,000
Chi. & N. P. 5s.	40	40	40	40	8,000
Erie 2d cn.	68¾	68¾	68¾	68¾	4,000
Edison El. Ill. 5s.	104	104	104	104*	2,000
Mo., K. & T. 2d.	38¼	38¼	38¼	38¼	5,000
North. Pac. 1st	106	106	106	106	2,000
North. Pac. 3d	70½	70½	70½	70½	2,000
North. Pac. 5s.	34	34	33½	33½	20,000
Read. 1st pf inc.	32¾	32¾	32¾	32¾	7,000
Met. Elev. 1st	115¼	115¼	115¼	115¼	2,000
R. & W. Pt. 5s.	22¾	22¾	22¾	22¾	7,000
Rio G. W., 4s.	64	64	64	64	3,000
Rock Isl. 5s, c.	93¾	93¾	93¾	93¾	5,000
Rock Isl. 5s, deb.	90	90	90	90	4,000
St. L. S. W. 1st.	57¼	57¼	57¼	57¼	2,000
Total sales					$99,000

Mining Stocks.

	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Best & Belch.	.60	.60	.60	.60	150
Ophir	.85	.85	.85	.85	100
Total sales					250

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC EXCHANGE.

The foreign exchange market was strong and sterling rates advanced ½@1c. Posted rates were $4.86 for sixty-day bills and $4.88½@$4.89 for demand. Actual business was done at $4.85¼@$4.85½ for sixty-day bills, $4.87¾ for demand, $4.88@$4.88¼ for cable transfers, and $4.84¼ for commercial.

In Continental exchange, francs were quoted at 5.19⅜@5.20 for long and 5.17½@5.18⅛ for short; reichsmarks at 94⅞ and 95¾@95⅞, and guilders at 40¼ and 40½.

Domestic exchange on this city was quoted as follows: Chicago—70c premium. Charleston—Buying, ⅛@¼ discount; selling, par. New-Orleans—Commercial, $1.50 premium; bank, $2 premium. San Francisco—Sight, 20c premium; telegraph, 30c premium. St. Louis—75c premium. Boston—25@10c discount.

THE MONEY MARKET.

Money on call loaned at 2@3 ꝑ cent. The last loan was made at 3 ꝑ cent.

Time money showed little change from the conditions of last week. The quoted rate for loans on choice collateral was 6 ꝑ cent.

Rather more was doing in mercantile paper, buying being largely by out-of-town banks. Rates ranged upward from 7½ ꝑ cent.

In London call money was quoted at 1 ꝑ cent.; short and three-months' bills at 1⅞ ꝑ cent.

The New-York Clearing House retired $405,000 in loan certificates and received notice that $400,000 more would be canceled to-morrow. The Boston Clearing House canceled $880,000 in certificates.

New-York Clearing House exchanges to-day were $60,048,339; balances, $3,452,009. The Sub-Treasury's debit balance was $821,111.

SILVER STATISTICS.

Silver bullion certificates were quoted at 74½@76. There were no sales on the Exchange.

Bar silver in London was quoted at 33⅞d ꝑ ounce. The New-York price for bars was 73½c.

Mexican silver dollars were quoted at 58½c.

The Mercantile Safe Deposit Company reports silver on hand 160,047 ounces; none deposited or withdrawn; certificates outstanding, 159.

CHANGES IN STOCKS.

ADVANCED.

National Linseed Oil 1½

DECLINED.

Am. Cotton Oil	1½	Lake Shore	2¼
Am. Cotton Oil pf	1	Louis. & Nash.	2
American Sugar Ref.	1½	Manhattan Con.	4¾
Am. Sugar Ref. pf.	1	Missouri Pacific	1⅛
Amer. Tobacco	1	National Lead	1⅛
Atch., T. & S. F.	¾	National Lead pf.	1
Chicago Gas	3¼	National Starch	2
Chicago & Northwest.	2	New-York Central	1
Chi., Bur. & Quincy	2½	N. Y. & New-Eng.	1⅜
C., C., C. & St. L.	1	N. Y., L. E. & W.	⅜
Chi., Mil. & St. P.	1⅛	Northern Pacific	½
Chi., R. I. & Pac.	1⅛	Northern Pacific pf	3
Col. Fuel & Iron	1⅛	Pacific Mail	1
Col., H. V. & Tol.	⅞	Phil. & Reading	¾
Del. & Hudson	¾	Pullman Car	2½
Del., Lack. & West.	1	R. & W. P. pf. t. r.	1
General Electric	1⅞	St. Paul & Omaha	1¾
Great Northern pf.	4	Union Pacific	1
Illinois Central	1	Western Union	2⅛
Iowa Central pf.	2	Wheeling & L. E. pf.	2
L. E. & Western	¾		

BIDS FOR BANK STOCKS.

City	400	Second National	300
Eleventh Ward	200	Seventh National	125
Mechanics'	160	Shoe & Leather	105
Park	265	State of New-York	107
Phenix	110	United States Nat.	190
Republic	160	Western National	109
Seaboard National	173		

RAILWAY AND OTHER BONDS.

The railway mortgage market was fairly active, but weaker. The principal changes were:

ADVANCED.

Ed. Elec. Ill. 1st	1	N. Y., O. & W. 5s.	1½
Iowa Central 1st	1	Pitts. & West. 1st	1

DECLINED.

At., T. & S. F. 2d, A.	1½	Ohio So. gen. 4s.	1
Canada South. 1st	1	Phila. & Read. 3d pf. in.	1¾
C. & O. 1st, R. & A. cn., 2-4s	2½	R. & W. Pt. 5s, t. r.	1½
		Rio G. West. 1st	2
Chi. & North. P. 1st	3½	St. P. & Omaha cn.	1½
Col., H. V. & Tol. 5s	1½	St. P. 1st, S. Minn.	1¼
Iron Mountain gen. 5s.	1	San A. & Ar. Pas. 4s.	1
N. Y., O. & W. ref. 4s.	1	U. P., Den. & G. 1st	1
North. Pacific 1st, c.	1	W. N. Y. & Penn. 2d	1¼
Northern Pac. cn. 5s.	1¾		

Government bonds were unchanged. There were no sales on call. The following were the closing quotations:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, 1891, r.	98	....	Cur. 6s, 1896	104	
4s, r.	110	111	Cur. 6s, 1897	106	
4s, c.	111	112	Cur. 6s, 1898	109	
Cur. 6s, 1895	102		Cur. 6s, 1899	111	

RAILWAY EARNINGS.

	1893.	Increase.	Decrease.
Kan. City Suburban Belt— 3d week Sept.	$5,058	$439	......
From Jan. 1	174,277	93,986	......
St. Paul— 3d week Sept.	708,640	......	$37,472
Tol. & Ohio Cent.— 3d week Sept.	44,947		1,897
Wabash— 3d week Sept.	309,000	......	4,000
Wheel. & Lake E.— 3d week Sept.	30,493	28	......

The Albany and Susquehanna's annual report shows: Earnings, $4,298,896; expenses, $2,280,178; charges, $1,182,774; net income, $835,949; total surplus June 30, 1893, $3,018,246.

The New-York and Canada's annual report shows: Earnings, $938,935; expenses, $750,664; charges, $312,730; net deficit, $124,459; total deficit June 30, 1893, $191,511.

The annual report of the New-York, Lake Erie and Western shows: Expenses, $30,638,078; earnings, $20,271,695; less due leased lines, $677,054; other income, $1,093,587; gross income, $8,782,916; fixed charges, $8,015,441; net income, $767,475. Total surplus June 30, 1893, $10,324,447; betterments, $105,465.

The annual report of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis Railroad for the year ending June 30 shows: Gross earnings, $5,131,779; operating expenses, $3,139,405; net earnings, $1,992,374; interest bonded debt, $891,915; taxes, $120,415; rent W. and A. R. R., $420,012; improvements, $51,354; total, $1,483,697; surplus, $508,676.

The annual report of the Rensselaer and Saratoga shows: Earnings, $2,501,381; expenses, $1,508,908; other income, $9,545; gross income, $1,002,017; fixed charges, $1,187,144; net loss, $185,127; total deficit June 30, 1893, $903,854.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES.

(Reported by Messrs. Tobey & Kirk, 8 Broad Street.)

	Bid.	Asked.
*American Bank Note	45	50
American Surety	166	200
*American Type Founders' pf.	..	80
Atlantic Mutual Ins. scrip of 1893	100	104
†Atlantic Trust	248	255
Bond & Mortgage Guarantee	..	100
‡Buffalo Street Railway 1sts	93½	..
Broadway & Seventh Avenue	160	..
Broadway & Seventh Avenue 1st	98½	..
Broadway & Seventh Avenue 2d	90	..
Broadway Surface 1st 5s	98½	..
Broadway Surface 2d	88½	96
Brooklyn City Railroad	..	160
Brooklyn Elevated	19½	21½
Brooklyn Traction	18	20
Brooklyn Traction pf.	68	..
California Pacific stock	6½	9½
Central & South American Tel. Co.	90	..
Central Cross-Town	145	..
Central Park, North & East River	129	..
Central R. R. & Banking of Ga. 1st 7s	100	104
Central Trust	900	980
Central N. J. Land & Improvement	..	75
Celluloid	..	88
Consolidated Electric Storage	..	3
Continental Trust	150	..
Dry Dock, East Broadway & Battery	135	140
Detroit, Hillside & S. W., (4 ꝑ cent. L. S.)	82	87
†Equity Gas of Williamsburg 5s	30	45
Equitable Gas, New-York	167	..
Equitable Gas 1st 6s of New-York	102½	..
†Eighth Avenue	220	..
Farmers' Loan and Trust	..	710
42d St., Manhattan & St. Nicholas Av.	..	69
*42d St., Manhat. & St. Nicholas Av. 1st	107	..
42d St., Manhat. & St. Nicholas Av. 2d	..	60
Gold & Stock Telegraph	97	102
†Georgia Pacific 1st	89	92
Georgia Pacific 2d	33½	..
Herring-Hall-Marvin pf.	78	83
Hecker-Jones-Jewell bonds	99	102
Hecker-Jones-Jewell Milling pf.	89	95
*Int. & G. N. 1st coupon scrip	90	..
Iron Steamboat	..	12
Iron Steamboat bonds	60	70
Journeay & Burnham	55	68
Journeay & Burnham pf.	92	97
Kings County Elevated	..	11½
Kings County Elevated 2d	..	38½
Long Island Traction	21¼	22
Mutual Gas, New-York	140	..
†Manhattan Elevated 4 ꝑ cent. scrip	85	88
†Madison Square Garden stock	..	15
Metropolitan West Side 5s	71	..
Mexican National Construction pf.	..	12
New-Jersey and New-York Railroad	1	..
North Shore Traction	..	18½
National Union Bank	200	220
New-Orleans Pacific land grant	15	..
New-York, Lackawanna & Western	100	..
New-York, New-Haven & Hartford	190	..
New-York, N. H. & H. cn. deb. 4s, (25 ꝑ cent. paid)	52	57
Natural Gas Trust	110	113
New-York Guaranty & Indemnity	300	..
N. Y. & N. J. Telephone	83	88
Northwestern Telegraph	100	..
†New-York Biscuit	27	31
New-York Loan & Improvement	45	53
New-York Security & Trust	200	230
Old Dominion Steamship	..	80
Oregon Pacific Railroad 1st	..	5
Pacific & Atlantic Telegraph	50	..
Pennsylvania Coal	260	280
Postal Telegraph & Cable	45	55
Pratt & Whitney pf	..	91
*Standard Oil Trust	144	146
Standard Gas	..	34
Standard Gas pf.	..	75
Second Avenue Railroad 1st 5s	100	..
†Second Avenue Railroad	110	125
State Trust	195	220
Staten Island	56	..
Southern & Atlantic Telegraph	75	..
Southern National Bank	..	99
Staten Island Rapid Transit 1st 6s	106	..
Third Avenue Railroad	140	145
Toledo, Ann Arbor & N. M. 1st cn. 5s	30	50
Toledo, St. Louis & Kansas City	1	4
Toledo, St. Louis & Kansas City pf.	..	14
Thurber-Whyland pf	37	..
Trenton Potteries pf.	..	78
Terre Haute & Indianapolis	100	..
Terre Haute & Logansport	22	..
Title Guarantee & Trust	145	155
United States Mortgage	..	175
Union Ferry	..	54
‡Union Ferry 1st 5s	90	96
Union Railway stock ("Huckleberry")	120	..
Union Railway 5s ("Huckleberry")	96½	100½
Union Elevated 2d	42	46
Union Trust	..	710
United States Trust	..	810
Valley Railroad (Ohio) 1st 7s	89	101
Wagner Palace Car	109	111
Winona & Southwestern 1st	..	48
Winona & Southwestern	2	4

*Ex dividend. †Nominal. ‡With interest.

THE COMMERCIAL SITUATION.

Lower Markets and a Dull Trade on the Exchanges.

Wheat declined ¾@⅞c and closed weak, with increased stocks and visible supply, together with local realizing and a weak West.

Corn was also influenced by the increased supplies and closed firm at ⅛@¼c loss for the day.

Cotton was active and lost 21 points early, on increased crop movement, but rallied on predicted frosts, and closed at 11@13 points decline for the day.

Coffee was quiet and failed to follow the improved cables through local realizing, and closed at 10@30 points decline.

THE BOSTON MARKET.

BOSTON, Sept. 25.—The market opened quiet and without special feature. It became more active shortly after noon and weak, closing heavy at about the lowest prices of the day.

The situation at the Clearing House remains very easy. New money between the banks is all at 5 ꝑ cent., and there is an excess of supply. A few loans, however, are still outstanding at 6 ꝑ cent. New-York funds sold at 25c and 20c discount for cash, and later at 10c discount for cash. A sale was reported at 17c discount for check. It is not unlikely that Boston may send money to New-York in order to effect the situation here if nothing else. In the outside market the situation is peculiar. Capital is still sensitive owing to the delay in the United States Senate. There is, however, more money than there are desirable investments. The general opinion seems to be that money rates will be lower, and, as a result, it is difficult to obtain the choicest grade of paper. Single-named paper is not in demand; while there is plenty of money, there is a very marked scrutiny of credit. There is a large line of commercial obligations maturing, and much of this will seek renewal.

Money on call ranges from 5 to 7 ꝑ cent. The strongest borrowers can easily obtain funds at the former rate, and even 4½ ꝑ cent. has been talked of. Rates are: Business paper, 6@8 ꝑ cent.; corporation loans, 5½@6 ꝑ cent.; collateral loans, 6@7 ꝑ cent.; call loans, 5@7 ꝑ cent. Clearing House certificates amounting to $880,000 were canceled to-day, leaving the total amount outstanding $7,210,000. Clearing House exchanges to-day were $10,330,769, against $12,288,606 for the same day of last year; balances to-day, $1,269,702; corresponding day last year, $1,553,113.

The bank statement shows: Loans decreased $619,700; circulation increased $66,700; individual deposits increased $254,900; due to other banks decreased $375,900; loan certificates decreased $3,570,000; due from reserve agents decreased $374,300; exchange for clearing decreased $90,200; due from other banks decreased $1,906,300; 5 ꝑ cent. fund increased $14,000; legal tenders increased $1,031,000; specie increased $956,200; excess of reserve increased $1,673,800; reserve excess (New-York) decreased $687,700.

Messrs. Spencer Trask & Co., 10 Wall Street, New-York, report closing quotations as follows:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Atchison	19	19½	N. Y. & N. E. pf.	..	63
At. Min.	8½	9½	Old Colony	..	174
Bay State G.	8½	9	Ore. S. L.	8	9½
Bost. & Alb.	201	202	Osceola Min.	27	27½
Bost. & Low.	..	179	Pull. Pal. C.	166	169
Bost. & Me.	152	154	Quincy Min.	106	108
Bost. & Prov.	250	..	Tam. Min.	140	145
B. & M. Min.	21	21½	Gen. Elec.	43¾	44¼
Bost. Land	3½	..	Gen. Elec. pf.	71	80
Bell Tel.	188½	189	West. Elec.	21	22
B. & B. Min.	7¾	8	W. Elec. pf.	40	42
C., B. & Q.	80⅜	80⅝	Wis. Cent.	6	6½
Cal. & Hecla	280	..	Water Power	1¼	1½
Cent. Mass.	14	..	W. E. Land	13¼	..
Cent. M. pf.	..	50	W. E. St. Ry.	57	57¼
Cleve. & Can.	½	..	W. E. St. Ry. pf.	78	78½
Cent'l Min.	2½	2¾			
Domin. Coal	19	..	Atch. 2d	39¾	40¼
Erie Tel.	40	40½	C., B. & N. 5s.	..	101
Frank. Min.	10¾	11			
F. & P. M. pf.	45	50	C., B. & Nor. 2d 6s.	..	99
Fitchburg pf.	79	80			
F. B. Land	..	3	C., B. & Nor. deb. 6s.	..	98
F. W. El. Co.	4½	5			
Kear. Cop.	6	6½	C., B. & Q. D., 4s	85½	..
Lam. S. S.	..	19	M. C. 1st inc.	..	14
Maine Cent.	114	..	M. C. 2d inc.	7	8
Mex. Cent.	8	..	W. Cent. inc.	..	13½
N. Y. & N. E.	24⅞	25½			

PHILADELPHIA PRICES.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 25.—The local market has been active, with a big drop in Traction stocks. Philadelphia Traction opened 2 points down from Saturday's closing, and made a further break of 5 ꝑ cent. to 71, with a recovery at the close of 1 ꝑ cent. At 72 the stock is selling at 44 ꝑ cent. premium, and, as it pays but 6 ꝑ cent., it is thought by many to be high compared with similiar stocks. Metropolitan closed 5½ points below Saturday. The break in this stock is largely in sympathy with Philadelphia. Baltimore was weak and very dull at 17. The Lehigh Valley Coal Company is holding another meeting to-day with their operators. Unless the company can come to terms with them it looks as though the present prices for coal could not be maintained.

Reading securities were absolutely without feature. Northern Pacific common was again bought by Philadelphia. There was an active canvass for proxies, and it looks as though the Ives party was making a strong effort to control the Philadelphia interests. Two large commercial houses are believed to have asked for extensions last week. Money rules easier, and the country banks are coming in as purchasers of paper and time loans. Clearing House certificates are being rapidly cancelled, but, as no statement has ever been given of the amount issued, it is impossible to tell now many are still outstanding. New-York exchange was in good demand at ¼ ꝑ cent.

The bank statement shows: Loans and discounts decreased $1,236,000. Reserve increased $557,000. Due from other banks decreased $341,000. Due to other banks decreased $102,000. Deposits decreased $337,000. Circulation increased $83,000.

Total sales to-day were 22,955 shares, of which 3,570 were in Reading, 3,408 in Philadelphia Traction, 2,770 in Metropolitan Traction, 2,771 in Northern Pacific common and 1,500 in the preferred, and 2,800 in St. Paul.

Dick Brothers & Lawrence, 30 Broad Street, New-York, report closing prices as follows:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Balt. Trac.	17	17¼	N. Pac. pf.	20¼	20½
H. & B. T.	34	35	Pennsylva'ia	50¼	50⅜
H. & B. T. pf.	48	50	Penn. Steel	..	50
Ins. Co. N.A.	18	18½	Peo. Trac.	13	13½
Lehigh Nav.	49	50	Phila. Trac.	71¾	72¼
Lehigh V.	32½	32¾	Phila. & Erie	25	27
Met. Trac.	85¼	86¼	Reading	9	9 1-16
Minehill	64	65	Rochester Ry	..	54
New'rk P. 5s.	82½	..	U. Co.'s N. J.	220	220½
North. Cent.	..	68	W. N. Y. & P.	4	4⅝
North. Pac.	6⅞	7			

ON THE LONDON EXCHANGE.

Americans Decline, Following the Lead of Northern Pacific.

Special Cablegram to The New-York Times.

LONDON, Sept. 25.—The markets were lifeless to-day.

Americans opened steady, but soon declined under the lead of Northern Pacific preferred, which began at 23¾ and finished 2 points lower on small sales, owing to the report that St. Paul had transferred its through business from the Northern Pacific to the Great Northern, continued bad earnings, and the Senate's delay over the silver repeal.

American railway securities were weak in the London market. The principal changes were: *Declined*—Lake Shore, 1, to 124; Northern Pacific preferred, 1, to 23¾; Erie, ⅞, to 13¾; Louisville and Nashville, ⅝, to 53⅝; Illinois Central, ½, to 95½; St. Paul, ½, to 62; Union Pacific, ½, to 22¼; Atchison, ¾, to 20¼; Kansas and Texas, ⅜, to 11¾; Canadian Pacific, ¼, to 77⅛, and Reading, ¼, to 9⅝. *Advanced*—Wabash preferred, ⅛, to 15½. Ontario and Western sold at 15¼. British consols were quoted at 98 1-16 for both money and account.

TREASURY STATEMENT.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—The statement of the United States Treasurer, showing the classified assets of the Treasury and demand liabilities to-day, is as follows:

ASSETS.

Gold coin and bullion	$173,499,974.76
Silver dollars and bullion	332,777,651.15
Silver dollars and bullion, act July 14, 1890	131,044,453.53
Fractional silver and minor coin	14,095,986.29
United States notes	16,592,447.81
United States Treasury notes	3,068,481.03
Gold certificates	116,660.00
Silver certificates	4,667,576.00
National bank notes	5,796,129.21
Deposits with national bank depositories:	
General account	12,292,951.01
Disbursing officers' balances	3,615,718.85
Total	$717,568,029.64

LIABILITIES.

Gold certificates	$79,982,869.00
Silver certificates	329,938,504.00
United States Treasury notes	150,979,280.00
Currency certificates	7,395,000.00
Disbursing officers' balances, agency accounts, &c	42,443,191.20

The receipts from internal revenue to-day were $845,958; from customs, $407,758, and miscellaneous, $22,970. The national bank notes received to-day for redemption amount to $552,918.

SILVER PURCHASES.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—There were 396,000 ounces of silver offered for sale to the Treasury Department to-day, of which 30,000 were purchased at 74¼ an ounce, and the same price offered for the remainder.

The purchases thus far this month aggregate 1,724,000 ounces.

CHICAGO STOCK MARKET.

CHICAGO, Sept. 25.—On the Stock Exchange to-day, West Chicago sold at 122@125, North Chicago at 204@205, Lake Street L at 21, Diamond Match at 116. Money, 7 ꝑ cent. Bank clearings, $13,696,158. New-York exchange, 75c premium.

FINANCIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

—Coupons of the Illinois Steel Company's non-convertible debenture bonds, the St. Louis, Jacksonville and Chicago first mortgage bonds, and the Mississippi River Bridge first mortgage bonds, maturing Oct. 1, will be paid Oct. 2 at the office of Cuyler, Morgan & Co., 44 Pine Street, New-York.

—The Directors of the Umbrella Company have declared a dividend of 2 ꝑ cent. on the debenture stocks, payable Oct. 2. Books close Sept. 26 and reopen Oct. 3.

—A dividend of $1 ꝑ share on the stock of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railway Company will be paid Nov. 1. Books close Sept. 29 and reopen Oct. 31.

—For the purpose of the New-York Central quarterly dividend payable Oct. 16, the transfer books of the company will close Sept. 30 and reopen Oct. 17.

"Angel Dancers" Plead Not Guilty.

HACKENSACK, N. J., Sept. 25.—Twenty-six prisoners were arraigned before Judge Van Valen this morning. Among them were Evangelist Huntsman T. Mnason, "John the Baptist," "Silas the Pure," Jane Howell, Eliza Berry, Mamie Stewart, and May Storms, the "angel dancers." They had all been indicted.

When asked to plead all replied in chorus, with hands uplifted, "Not guilty, before God." They said they had counsel, as Christ would take charge of their case. The charges against them are immorality, breaking crockery during an "Angel Dance," and burning Bibles.

Public Notices.

NEW-YORK WATER SUPPLY.

Public notice is hereby given to all persons who own or have or who claim to own or have estates or interests in or liens upon any lands or real estate bordering on the Croton River in the Counties of Westchester, Putnam, and Dutchess, and any of the tributaries of such river, or bordering on or being adjacent to any reservoir, lake, pond, or stream the waters of which are owned, used, or controlled by the City of New-York for its water supply; and public notice is also given to any and all persons who own or have or who claim to own or have estates or interests in or liens upon any real estate bordering on the Bronx River or Byram River, Kensico Reservoir, Byram Pond, or Rye Pond, Bear Gutter Creek, or either of their tributaries, or bordering on the storage reservoir known as William's Bridge Reservoir, in the City of New-York; that the State Board of Health of the State of New-York, for the purpose of protecting the water supply of the City of New-York from contamination, and acting under and in pursuance to the authority conferred upon them by Chapter 661 of the Laws of 1893, did hold a meeting at the City of New-York on the 25th day of August, 1893, at which meeting certain amendments to the rules and regulations for the sanitary protection of the Croton River and its tributaries were adopted; and public notice is further given that the following is a copy of the minutes of the meeting of the said State Board of Health, held as aforesaid, and a copy of the amendments to such rules and regulations:

Amendments to the rules and regulations for the sanitary protection of the Croton River and its tributaries in the Counties of Westchester, Putnam, and Dutchess, and of so much of the Bronx and Byram Rivers and their tributaries as are now used for the supply of water for the City of New-York.

The State Board of Health, at a meeting held in the City of New-York on the 25th day of August, 1893, a quorum being present, did then and thereafter having heard the report of a committee of the board, duly appointed for the purpose of examination into the subject, which committee was appointed at a meeting of the board held in the City of Albany, the 27th day of July, 1893, at which meeting a quorum was present, amend and alter the rules made by it for the sanitary protection of the Croton River and its tributaries in the Counties of Westchester, Putnam, and Dutchess, and of so much of the Bronx and Byram Rivers and their tributaries as are now used for the supply of water for the City of New-York, in accordance with and under the provisions of Article V. of Chapter 661 of the Laws of 1893, in the following particulars, to wit:

That, taking into consideration the character of the soil and of the sub-strata of the soil and the angle of the slopes, the distances at which privy vaults, slaughter houses, hog pens, barnyards, or any and all places or things which tend to pollute and render impure and dangerous water taken from the several sources enumerated and set forth in said rules may be maintained, is increased to three hundred feet, horizontal measurements, or the high-water mark in any lake, pond, or reservoir in said water shed, and to two hundred and fifty feet, horizontal measurements, of the high-water mark or precipitous bank of any spring, stream, or water course tributary to said lakes, ponds, or reservoirs.

FLORENCE O'DONOHUE, M. D., President.

[L. S.] LEWIS BALCH, M. D., Secretary and Executive Officer.

Dated New-York City, September 13, 1893.

MICHAEL T. DALY, Commissioner of Public Works, 31 Chambers St., New-York.

Elections.

OFFICE OF THE DENVER AND RIO GRANDE RAILROAD COMPANY.

NEW-YORK, Sept. 15, 1893.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company for the election of Directors, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before it, will be held at the principal office of the company in Denver, Col., on the third Tuesday of October next, (being the seventeenth of said month,) at 12 o'clock noon.

The transfer books will be closed from the evening of Oct. 2, 1893, until the morning of Oct. 23, 1893.

By order of the Board of Directors.

WILLIAM WAGNER, Secretary.

PROCTER & GAMBLE COMPANY STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of THE PROCTER & GAMBLE COMPANY, for the election of Directors and for such other business as may come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the Company, in Jersey City, on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 11, 1893, at 12 o'clock noon. Stock transfer books will close Sept. 21, 1893, and reopen Oct. 12, 1893.

D. B. GAMBLE, Sec'y.

Meetings.

CLEVELAND, CINCINNATI, CHICAGO AND ST. LOUIS RAILWAY COMPANY.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of this Company, for the election of Directors and for such other business as may come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the Company, corner of Third and Smith Sts., in Cincinnati, Ohio, on Wednesday Oct. 25, 1893, at 10 o'clock A. M. The stock transfer books will close Oct. 5, 1893, at 3 o'clock P. M. and reopen at 10 o'clock A. M., Oct. 26, 1893.

E. F. OSBORN, Secretary.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 12, 1893.

Auction Sales of Stocks and Bonds.

LOUIS MESIER, Auctioneer.

REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF STOCKS & BONDS

By ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON,

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 27,

At 12:30 o'clock, at the New-York Real Estate Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway.

By order of Executors.

$20,000 Texas & Pacific Coal Co. 1st Mtge. 6 p. c. Bonds, 1900.

For account of whom it may concern.

$20,000 Texas & Pacific R. R. 1st Mtge. 5 p. c. Gold Bonds, 2000.

100 shs. Del., Lack. & Western R. R. Co.

$10,000 Virginia Midland R. R. 5 p. c. Guar. Bonds, 1936.

100 shs. Morris & Essex R. R. Co.

$1,000 St. Paul, Minn. & Manitoba R. R. 6 p. c. Cons. Mtge. Gold Bond, 1933.

$500 Denver & Rio Grand R. R. 1st Cons. Mtge. 4 p. c. Gold Bond, 1933.

100 shs. Louisville, Evansville & St. Louis R. R. pfd.

200 shs. American Type Foundry Co. common.

50 shs. Bank State of New-York.

$6,000 Denver Water Co. 1st Mtge. 7 p. c. Bonds, 1895.

50 shs. New-York Mutual Gas Co.

10 shs. Standard Gaslight Co. pfd.

1,245 shs. Sheffield Water Co., Sheffield, Ala.

375 shs. Sheffield City Co., Sheffield, Ala.

$135,000 Security Corporation 1st Mtge. 6 p. c. Cons. Gold Bonds, 1911.

100 shs. Brooklyn Gaslight Co.

25 shs. Southern Nat. Bank.

$3,000 Fort Lee Ry. Co. 1st Mtg. 5 p. c. Bonds, 1932, hypd.

30 shs. Fort Lee Ry. Co., hypd.

150 shs. Brooklyn Gaslight Co.

15 shs. Edison Electric Ill. Co., Bklyn.

50 shs. Dry Dock, East B'way & Battery R. R.

200 shs. Brooklyn Gaslight Co.

1 share State Trust Co.

50 shs. Brooklyn Gaslight Co.

310 shs. 3d Avenue R. R. Co.

25 shs. do. do. do.

35 shs. do. do. do.

260 shs. do. do. do.

10 shs. Great Eastern Casualty & Ind. Co.

30 shs. Terrace Land Co., Orange, N. J.

200 shs. Veta Madre Milling and Mining Co.

$1,000 Lack. & Pittsburg R. R. Receiver's Certf.

128 shs. Union Nat. Bank, in liq.

$5,000 New-Paltz & Highland Electric R. R. 1st Mtg. 6 p. c. Bonds, 1933.

64 shs. Thurber-Whyland Co. common.

RICHARD V. HARNETT & CO.

HENRY W. DONALD, Auctioneer.

REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF STOCKS AND BONDS,

TUESDAY, Sept. 26, at 12:30 P. M.,

at the Real Estate Exchange & Auction Room, 59 to 65 Liberty St.

(For account of whom it may concern.)

10,600 shs. Sioux City and Northern R. R. Co., $100 each, (hypothecated.)

$2,346,000 Sioux City, O'Neill and Western Railway Co. 1st Mtg. 5 p. c. Gold Bonds, April, 1893, coupons attached, (hypothecated.)

10 shs. Real Estate Exchange and Auction Room, Limited, $100 each, (hypothecated.)

700 shs. National Water Works Co. of N. Y., $100 each.

15 shs. Tradesmen's National Bank, $40 each.

30 shs. Tradesmen's National Bank, $40 each.

50 shs. Third Avenue R. R. Co., $100 each.

$5,000 Columbus & Indianapolis Central R. R. Co. 1st Mtg. 7 p. c. Bonds, due 1904.

57 shs. Fourth National Bank, $100 each.

110 shs. Oriental Bank, $25 each.

Lists at Auctioneers', 71 and 73 Liberty St.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT, PURSUANT to the terms of a certain trust agreement between A. S. GARRETSON and the undersigned, as trustees, dated Dec. 31, 1892, we shall sell at public auction at the Real Estate Exchange and Auction Room, Nos. 59 and 61 Liberty St., in the City of New-York, by Richard V. Harnett & Co., auctioneers, on TUESDAY, the 19th day of September, 1893, at 12 o'clock noon, the following securities, held by us under said trust agreement as security for the payment of the principal and interest of certain promissory notes described therein, viz.:

10,600 shares of the capital stock of the Sioux City and Northern Railroad Company of the par value of $100 each, and

2,346 of the first mortgage 5 per cent. gold bonds of the Sioux City, O'Neill and Western Railway Company of the sum of $1,000 each, with coupons for payment of semi-annual interest from and including April 1, 1893, to the maturity of the bonds attached thereto.

Terms will be announced at time of sale by the auctioneer.

Dated New-York, Aug. 29, 1893.

J. KENNEDY TOD & CO., Trustees.

STRONG & CADWALADER, Attorneys, 36 Wall St., New-York.

The above sale has been adjourned until TUESDAY, Sept. 26, 1893, at 12:30 P. M. at the same place designated in the foregoing notice.

NEW-YORK, Sept. 19, 1893.

J. KENNEDY TOD & CO., Trustees.

Dividends.

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND AND PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY.

OFFICE OF THE TREASURER.

CHICAGO, Sept. 23, 1893.

A dividend of $1 per share will be paid on the 1st day of November, 1893, to the shareholders of this company, or their legal representatives, who shall be registered as such on the closing of the transfer books.

The transfer books will be closed on the 29th day of September and reopened on the 31st day of October.

W. G. PURDY, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE KEOKUK AND WESTERN RAILROAD COMPANY, KEOKUK, Iowa, Sept. 13, 1893.

NOTICE.—The usual semi-annual dividend of One Per Cent. on the capital stock of this company has been declared out of earnings, payable on the 10th day of October next at the office of Cuyler, Morgan & Co., 44 Pine St., New-York, to stockholders of record at the closing of the books.

The transfer books will be closed at the close of business hours on the 27th inst. and reopened on the 11th day of October next.

CHARLES M. JESUP, Treasurer.

SLOSS IRON AND STEEL CO.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Sept. 20, 1893.

The coupons due Oct. 1, 1893, on the general mortgage 4½ per cent. gold bonds of this company will be paid on and after that date by the Central Trust Co. of New-York. Also, at the same time and place, 2 per cent. interest will be paid on such of the consolidated mortgage bonds of this company as have not been converted upon presentation of Coupon No. 4, payment of which will be stamped upon said coupon and the same returned to the owner.

W. L. SIMS, Treasurer.

NEW-YORK CENTRAL AND HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD COMPANY.

OFFICE OF THE TREASURER, NEW-YORK, Sept. 25, 1893.

For the purpose of a quarterly dividend, payable on the 16th day of October next, the transfer books of this company will be closed at 12 o'clock M. on Saturday, the 30th inst., and reopened at 10 o'clock A. M. on Tuesday, the 17th of October next.

E. V. W. ROSSITER, Treasurer.

Illinois Steel Company Non-Convertible Debenture Bonds.

St. Louis, Jacksonville and Chicago Railroad First Mortgage Bonds.

Mississippi River Bridge First Mortgage Bonds.

Coupons on the above, maturing Oct. 1, 1893, will be paid on and after Oct. 2 at the office of

CUYLER, MORGAN & CO., 44 Pine St., New-York.

UNION TYPEWRITER COMPANY, No. 280 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Sept. 25, 1893.

The Board of Directors has declared a semi annual dividend of 3½ Per Cent. on the first preferred stock of this company, payable at this office on and after Saturday, Sept. 30, 1893. The transfer books will be closed at 3 o'clock on the afternoon of Sept. 26, and reopen on the 5th day of October next.

H. H. BENEDICT, Treasurer.

THE CHATHAM NATIONAL BANK, NEW-York, Sept. 22, 1893.

91ST DIVIDEND.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of FOUR PER CENT. out of the earnings of the past three months, payable on and after Oct. 2, to which date transfer books will be closed.

H. P. DOREMUS, Cashier.

ST. LOUIS & SAN FRANCISCO RY. CO., 95 MILK ST., BOSTON, Sept. 20, 1893.

Coupons No. 6, due Oct. 1, prox., of this Company's Consolidated Mortgage 4 Per Cent. Gold Bonds will be paid, on and after Oct. 2, at the offices of The Company, 95 Milk St., Boston. Messrs. Baring, Magoun & Co., 15 Wall St., New-York.

J. W. REINHART, President.

OREGON IMPROVEMENT COMPANY.

Coupons due Oct. 1, 1893, on the 5 per cent. Consolidated Mortgage bonds of this company will be paid at the office of The Farmers' Loan and Trust Co., Nos. 16, 18, 20, and 22 William St., New-York, on and after Oct. 2, 1893.

WILLIAM H. STARBUCK, President.

NEW-YORK, Sept. 20, 1893.

OHIO FALLS CAR MANUFACTURING CO.

JEFFERSONVILLE, Ind., Sept. 19, 1893.

Coupon No. 2 of this company's first mortgage six per cent. gold bonds will be payable on and after Oct. 2, 1893, at the offices of Maitland, Phelps & Co., 24 Exchange Place, New-York.

J. D. STEWART, Treasurer.

Financial.

FRED H. SMITH, Stock and Bond Broker, No. 8 Broad St.

MARGIN ACCOUNTS A SPECIALTY. 1-16 COMMISSION.

Interest allowed on balances. Market letter on application. Correspondence invited.

THIRD AV. R. R. STOCK. DEALT IN BY R. J. JACOBS & CO., 41 NEW ST., NEW-YORK.

Members of the New-York Stock Exchange.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO., NO. 59 WALL ST., ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS, AVAILABLE IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

FINANCIAL DIRECTORY

CLEARING HOUSE BANKS IN THE FOLLOWING list are arranged in the order of their Association number.

BANKS.

National City — 52 Wall Street

Chemical National — 270 Broadway

GALLATIN NATIONAL. CAPITAL, $1,000,000. SURPLUS, $1,600,000. 36 Wall Street

National Bank of Commerce — CAP. AND SURPLUS, $8,864,000. 29 NASSAU ST.

MERCANTILE NATIONAL. Capital, $1,000,000. Surplus Fund, $1,000,000. 191 Broadway

National Bank of the Republic — Wall Street and Broadway

Hanover National Bank — CAPITAL, $1,000,000. SURPLUS, $1,895,000. 9 AND 11 NASSAU STREET

The Nassau Bank — Corner Beekman and Nassau Streets

National Park Bank — 214 and 216 Broadway

Fourth National — 16 Nassau Street

Central National — 322 Broadway

Chase National — 15 Nassau Street

Fifth Avenue — Fifth Avenue, corner 44th Street

Lincoln National — 34 East 42d Street

Seaboard National — 18 Broadway

Eleventh Ward Bank — 147 Avenue D

Fourteenth Street Bank — 3 East Fourteenth Street

Hide and Leather National — 88 Gold Street

TRUST COMPANIES.

Continental Trust Company — 18 Wall Street

KNICKERBOCKER TRUST CO. CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, $1,000,000. 234 Fifth Av. and 18 Wall Street

Manhattan Trust Co. — 20 Wall Street

NEW-ENGLAND LOAN AND TRUST CO. The Debentures of this corporation are a safe 6 per cent. investment. 160 Broadway

New-York Security & Trust Co. — 46 Wall Street

THE STATE TRUST CO. CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, $1,800,000. 36 Wall Street

Financial.

New York Guaranty & Indemnity Co.,

59 CEDAR STREET, NEW YORK, Mutual Life Building.

CAPITAL, - - $2,000,000

SURPLUS, - - $1,000,000

In addition to its special charter privileges, this Company possesses all the powers of Trust Companies under the New-York Banking Laws; acts as Trustee for Corporations, firms and individuals, as Executor or Administrator of estates, and is a legal depository of trust funds.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

EDWIN PACKARD, President.

ADRIAN ISELIN, Jr., Vice President.

GEO. R. TURNBULL, 2d Vice President.

HENRY A. MURRAY, Treas. and Sec.

J. NELSON BORLAND, Assist. Secretary.

DIRECTORS.

Samuel D. Babcock, Frederic Cromwell, George F. Baker, Walter R. Gillette, Robert Goelet, George Griswold Haven, Oliver Harriman, R. Somers Hayes, Charles R. Henderson, Adrian Iselin, Jr., Augustus D. Juilliard, James N. Jarvie, Richard A. McCurdy, Alexander E. Orr, Edwin Packard, Henry H. Rogers, Henry W. Smith, H. McK. Twombly, Frederick W. Vanderbilt, William C. Whitney, J. Hood Wright.

PACIFIC RAILROAD OF MISSOURI First Mortgage Carondelet Branch Bonds.

The above bonds, amounting to $245,000, mature Oct. 1, 1893. The Missouri Pacific Railway Company has decided to extend these bonds at the rate of 4½ per cent. per annum until Oct. 1, 1938, the present security and lien to remain in force, principal and interest of the extended bonds to be payable in United States gold coin. The company has made arrangements with Messrs. Vermilye & Co. of New-York to purchase the bonds at maturity at par and extend the same on their account. Bondholders who wish to avail themselves of the privilege of extension may notify Messrs. Vermilye & Co. at once of their intention so to do, and may present their bonds at the Mercantile Trust Company, 120 Broadway, on and after Sept. 15, 1893, to have the contract of extension and the new coupon sheets attached. Messrs. Vermilye & Co. reserve the right without notice to terminate the privilege hereby extended to bondholders.

A. H. CALEF, Treasurer.

Referring to the above notice, we are now prepared to purchase the above bonds at par, and accrued interest to delivery. Holders desiring to sell their bonds, will please not indorse them in any way.

VERMILYE & CO., 16 and 18 Nassau St.

NEW-YORK, Sept. 15, 1893.

IF you were in receipt of our daily letter, you would have read the following on the dates named:

FRIDAY, SEPT. 15.

"We have had a good bank statement for the last few weeks, a good one is expected to-morrow, but we think it will not have much effect." (It didn't.)

"We think it safer to defer purchases until further concessions are made."

MONDAY, SEPT. 18.

"It looks as if Shorts in L. & N. would get a twist." (They did.)

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 20.

"We should say that such public as there is in the market were buying when they were strong, and that the 'insiders' were selling whenever opportunity offered. We think those who buy C. C. C. will lose money."

THURSDAY, SEPT. 21.

"D. C. F. gained a whole point. We do not think it will go beyond 24½ for a few days." (It didn't.)

FRIDAY, SEPT. 22.

"We think G. E. (47¾) will go to 25 before up much. We would prefer to defer purchases for the present."

SATURDAY, SEPT. 23.

"The market looks as if it would sell lower."

BONDS.

Our adv. will appear later—the delay won't hurt one. Our letters have been issued daily for a long time, and have invariably told the truth, although advices to sell or keep out when the market was going down have curtailed our commissions for the time being, and thrown business to those less scrupulous, who, in some cases, got the principal as well as the coms. If your shrinking margin makes you tired of hearing that the millennium is here, why not give us and our market letters a chance? Send for our circular.

T. E. WARD & CO., 31 & 33 BROADWAY.

SECURITIES which do not depreciate.

FIRST MORTGAGES on New-York City real estate, WITH PAYMENT GUARANTEED BY THE Bond and Mortgage Guarantee Co.

Amounts range from $5,000. to $100,000. at the most favorable rates of interest. Can be delivered on one day's notice. No expense to purchasers.

TITLE GUARANTEE & TRUST CO.

Offices
55 Liberty St., N. Y.
N.E. corner 58th St. & 7th Av., N.Y.
26 Court St., Brooklyn.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS OF SCRIP ISSUED by the receiver of the North River Construction Company to the stockholders of that company will be closed at 12 o'clock on Sept. 30, 1893, preparatory to final distribution. Dated Sept. 22, 1893. ASHBEL GREEN, Receiver, North River Construction Company, 5 Vanderbilt Av., New-York City.

NORTH NEW-YORK LOTS SOLD.

The Results Encouraging—Details of Auction Offerings.

Much interest was shown yesterday in the results of the sale of Twenty-third Ward lots belonging to the Vyse estate, which was continued on Saturday on the grounds until nightfall put an end to the proceedings. The tabulated results given out yesterday showed that 105 of the 138 lots which were to be offered were sold. No more were put up because of the darkness. The aggregate of the sale was $96,490, or about $919 per lot. On the Southern Boulevard, between Charlotte Place and Freeman Street, lots sold for from $1,300 to $1,375 each, which is regarded as a little below the real value. On Home Street, the block front between Hoe and Vyse Avenues, containing eight lots, brought $9,350, which is said to be a good price. Other lots brought from $675 up to $1,400. Everything considered, the sale was a success. The greatest demand, as has been hitherto noticed at other sales of the kind, was for the cheaper lots, those under $700 or $800.

S. A. Horowitz has exchanged a plot 200 by 100 feet, on the south side of East Fifty-eighth Street, owned by S. Jarmulowsky, for the property 105, 111, 113, 132, 134, and 136 East Ninety-sixth Street, owned by Francis J. Schung. The former property was valued at $180,000 and the latter at $186,000. The same broker has sold the five-story apartment house, 310 and 312 East Twenty-fifth Street, 37.6 by 98.9, for C. F. Schirmer, to Max Cohn at the expressed consideration of $52,000.

The auction sales announced for yesterday were adjourned.

To-day's sales at auction are half a dozen in number, the details being as follows:

By Bryan L. Kennelly, foreclosure sale, Wilbur Larremore, referee, southwest corner of Second Avenue and Ninety-seventh Street, 25.11 by 75, four-story brick tenement, with store. Due on judgment, $23,768.

By Bryan L. Kennelly, foreclosure sale, George C. Coffin, referee, 49 Convent Avenue, east side, 479.6 feet north of West One Hundred and Forty-first Street, 20 by 100, three-story brick dwelling, party walls. Due on judgment, $5,853.

By James L. Wells, foreclosure sale, Frank Schaettler, referee, 406 to 410 East Thirty-third Street, south side, 150 feet east of First Avenue, 75 by 98.9, six-story brick buildings. Due on judgment, $21,743. The same property was advertised to be sold under another foreclosure on April 26, and that sale was adjourned until to-day. It comprises the buildings intended for the stables of the Twenty-eighth and Twenty-ninth Streets Railway.

By L. J. Phillips & Co., foreclosure sale, J. Sergeant Cram, referee, three-story brick dwelling, south side of East One Hundred and Forty-eighth Street, 166.8 feet east of Brook Avenue, 16.8 by 100. Due on judgment, $3,928.20.

By James S. McQuillen of D. Phoenix Ingraham & Co., foreclosure sale, Thomas B. Odell, referee, northeast corner of Walton Avenue and One Hundred and Forty-ninth Street, 71.91 feet on avenue by 43 on street by 86.84 by 54.82, four-story brick tenement with stores. Due on judgment, $1,351.80.

By James C. Lalor, foreclosure sale, Edward D. O'Brien, referee, 115 and 117 West One Hundred and Fifteenth Street, 175 feet west of Lenox Avenue, two five-story brick apartment houses, 50 by 100.11. Due on judgment, $1,108; on prior mortgages, $48,000.

Henry D. Winans & May report the sale of 303 West Seventy-second Street, (the Toner house,) built by Dr. Franklin E. Robinson, at $62,500, size 22 by 65, butler's pantry and bathroom extension by 102.2.

New Buildings and Alterations.

Superintendent Brady of the Building Department received during the past week applications for the erection of twenty-eight new buildings, involving an outlay of $347,000; also plans for alterations to be made in forty-six buildings at an expense of $78,000.

Yesterday plans for the following new buildings and alterations were filed:

By Charles Machvosky of 329 East One Hundred and Fifth Street, for a three-story brick stable at same address, $5,000.

By the executors of the Wendel estate of 79 Maiden Lane, for a one-story brick structure on the east side of Seventh Avenue, south of Thirty-eighth Street, $2,000.

By Effie Kenneles, alterations to a two-story frame dwelling at 952 East One Hundred and Sixty-first Street, $1,200.

By Charles F. Schmale, alterations to a four-story brick dwelling and store at 602 Water Street, $1,500.

By Christiana Colgen, alterations to a three-story brick tenement and store at 701 Second Avenue, $1,200.

By William Wach, alterations to a three-story brick tenement and store at 458 Pearl Street, $1,200.

Recorded Real Estate Transfers.

Monday Sept. 25.

Stanton St, s s, 50 ft w of Columbia St, 25x100; Jennie Levy and husband to Julius Kaplan	$45,000
17th St, n s, 505 ft n w of 2d Av, 23x92; Gottschalk Cohn and wife to Asher Simon	1
92d St, 160 West; Eliphalet W. Tyler to Elizabeth P. Tyler	23,000
71st St, s s, 135 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 20x100; Walter Lawrence and wife to William Arrowsmith	1
95th St, 36 West; James B. Gillie and wife to Henry Morris	1
95th St, 34 West; same to Albert Sklarek	1
74th St, 321 East; Marianna Meyer to Andrew Wieser	21,000
52d St, n s, 99.6 ft e of 1st Av, 19.11x100.8; Andrew Wieser and wife to Marianna Meyer	14,000
48th St, s s, 275 ft e of 1st Av, 22.6x100.5; Valentine Moeslein and wife to Charles R. Doane	10,500
87th St, s s, 130; Matilda Struppmann and another to Sarah Myers	1
58th St, s s, 140 ft w of 2d Av, 20x100.5; Nettie Dreyfus and husband to Joseph Rosenfeld	13,000
Lexington Av, e s, 61.5 ft n of 44th St, 19.6x75; Charles F. Davies and others to Hattie L. Chamberlain	1
Lexington Av, e s, 61.5 ft n of 44th St, 19.6x75; Charles F. Davies and others, executors, to Hattie L. Chamberlain	16,000
Same property; same to same	1
Park Av, e s, 51.3 ft s of 119th St, 24x80; Alexander Olmsted to Lily L. Shirmer	8,500
Hamilton Place, e s, 106 ft s of 142d St, 2x81.5; Louis A. Rodenstein and wife to Peter Diestel	300
Beekman Av, w s, 25 ft s of Oak Terrace, 25x108; William R. Beal Land Improvement Company to Jacqueline W. Peck	1
Tinton Av, e s, 116.9 ft n of Clifton St, 16.9x132.6; William A. Sanders and wife to Susan A. Cookey	3,000
Centre line of Inwood Av and old Macomb's Dam Road, Lot 298, map of Inwood-Morrisania; James E. McDonnell and others to George Beimler	5,000

Recorded Mortgages.

Arrowsmith, William, to New-York Realty Company; s s of 71st St, w of 10th Av, 1 year	$5,000
Beimler, George, to J. E. McDonnell; Lot 298, Map of Inwood, 3 years	2,000
Chamberlain, Hattie L., to Georgiana Torrens and others; e s of Lexington Av, n of 44th St, 3 years	12,000
Clinton, Catharine, to Michael Montag; e s of Tiebout Av, n of Clark St, 3 years	1,000
Ewald, Annie, to August Kubler; plot in 23d Ward, adjoining land of William W. Fox, installments	1,100
Foster, James P., to William Harkness; s s of Delancey St, e of Mangin St, 2 years	3,500
Herche, Peter, and wife to F. J. Middlebrook; 33 West 3d St, 1 year	15,000
Howes, Benjamin F., and wife to G. F. Wallace; w s of Fort Independence St, Lot 72, map of William O. Giles, 1 year	600
Kaplan, Julius, to Jennie Levy; n s of Stanton St, w of Columbia St, 1 year	600
Klemens, Sophia M., and another to Elizabeth Reinhardt; s s of 11th St, e of Avenue A, 3 years	7,000
Moody, Winifred S., Jr., and wife to Sara Ludlow; s s of 9th St, w of 5th Av, 2 years	5,000
Morris, Henry, to J. B. Gellie; s s of 95th St, w of Central Park West, 1 year	3,000
McMahon, Thomas, and another to Percival C. Smith; s s of 70th St, e of 1st Av, 5 years	15,500
Meyer, Louise, and another to S. F. Kahl; Jackson Av, n e corner of Columbine St, 3 years	2,800
O'Brien, Mary J., and another to Josephine Lachat; n s of 182d St, w of Madison Av, 3 years (two mortgages)	2,500
Pangburn, Jeremiah, and others to William C. Davis, trustee; w s of 8th Av, n of 12th St, 3 years	3,700
Reiss, Max, and wife to Selg Goldstein; w s of Ridge St, n of Stanton St, 2 years	5,000
Rosenfeld, Joseph, and wife to Nettie Dreyfuss; s s of 58th St, w of 2d Av, 5 years	10,000
Sweeney, Mary, and another to H. J. Allcot; e s of Waterloo Place, s of Woodruff Av, 1 year	250
Cunningham, John, and wife to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; n s of 12th St, e of 1st Av, 1 year	1,000
Tiffany, Henry D., and wife to Lyman Tiffany and another; e s of Fox St, s of 167th St, 1 year	3,000
Wright, Louisa L., to William Knight; e s of Macdougal St, s w of Houston St, (two mortgages,) 5 years	16,500
Wieser, Andrew, to Marianna Meyer; n s of 74th St, e of 2d Av, installments	8,400
Werner, Ray, to John Alsbaba; s s of 94th St, w of Central Park West, 5 years	11,000
Yoran, Frank, and wife to Sarah M. Shotts; Academy St, w corner of Vermilye St, 1 year	1,000

Mechanics' Liens.

Filed yesterday in the County Clerk's office.

Jones St, 22; Nathan Glassheim against Nathan E. Clark, contractor	$500
Gilbert St and Hunt's Point Road, corner; James Flanagan against Louis S. Samuel, owner and contractor	4,349
Stebbins Av, 1,029; Henry Kohn against Robert Spreatin, owner and contractor	100
Same property; Henry Kohn and others against same	110
181st St, n s, 103 ft w of Bathgate Av, 20x8; Ruland & Lockwood against Mary J. O'Brien, owner and contractor	265
Forsyth St, 78; Israel Brotsky against Wolff Davis, owner and contractor	80
92d St, 121 and 123 East; Abraham Steers against L. S. Friedberger, owner; N. Conforti, contractor	841
Boston Av and Teasdale Place, n e corner; Robert Wick against Georgiana F. Webster, owner; Thomas Webster, contractor	128
182d St, n s, 103 ft w of Bathgate Av, 20 ft front; Church E. Gates & Co. against Mary J. O'Brien, owner and contractor	24
Bradhurst Av, w s, 100 ft n of 145th St, 57x100; M. Moraly against Edmund Coffin, Jr., owner; G. H. Wood, contractor	14
Same property; M. Salvatore against same	14
27th St, 136 and 138 West; L. Pigeiotta against E. G. Grollner, owner; A. Adams, contractor	27
12th St, 165 West; John W. Crawford against Bertram C. Smith, owner and contractor	35

City Real Estate for Sale.

Real Estate Insurance

KASTENHUBER

58 WARREN ST., N. Y.

FOR SALE—THE BEST BUILDING LOT IN Bloomfield, N. J., very cheap.

FOR SALE—LOTS IN THE BEST PART OF Montclair; price low; terms easy.

FOR SALE—MONTCLAIR, N. J., HOUSE, 5 rooms, $2,500; house, 7 rooms, barn, all improvements, $3,700. KASTENHUBER, 58 Warren St.

100 SUBURBAN HOMES AT $1,050 TO $25,000. KASTENHUBER, 58 Warren St.

IF YOU HAVE A FLAT OR A STORE TO LET in New-York, Brooklyn, or Jersey City, communicate with KASTENHUBER, 58 Warren St.

MANSIONS FOR SALE OR TO LET—Within 4 to 6 minutes' walk of station; 45 minutes to New-York. KASTENHUBER, 58 Warren St.

FOR SALE—DESIRABLE TENEMENT houses on 3d Av., New-York City. KASTENHUBER, 58 Warren St., New-York, or Box 214, Bloomfield.

FOR SALE—The lease of the Madison Square Bank Building, situated in the most prominent position in New-York City, corner of 25th St. and Broadway, having a frontage on Broadway west, 5th Av. east, and the Worth Monument south. Lease extends over a period of thirteen years from the 1st of last May.

Full particulars can be had by applying to the receivers at the bank. Any offer for the lease which may be satisfactory to the receivers will require the approval of the court, the receivers reserving the right to reject any and all bids.

MILES M. O'BRIEN,
JAMES G. CANNON,
Receivers.

Firm of
LEONARD J. CARPENTER
Gives special attention to collection of rents and general management of property.
41 LIBERTY ST. AND 1,181 3D AV.
D. Y. SWAINSON, A. H. CARPENTER, E. E. CARPENTER.

AUCTIONEER. AGENT.
Geo. R. Read,
REAL ESTATE,
9 PINE ST., ASTOR BUILDING.
BROKER. APPRAISER.

FOR SALE.
BY ORDER OF EXECUTORS,
to close an estate, the handsome four-story brownstone dwelling
No. 6 WEST 39TH STREET,
24x50 ft., with two-story extension 20x40; well built and arranged and in good order throughout.
Apply to
GEO. R. READ,
9 Pine Street.

PRIVATE HOUSES EXCLUSIVELY.—Sale and rent.
WINANT,
500 Madison Av., near 52d St.

Country Real Estate for Sale.

HANDSOME NEW COTTAGE; SUBURBS; 5½ miles; near depot; half-hour trains; convenient as Harlem; schools, churches; easy terms. W. H. PROCTOR, Corona, L. I.

Real Estate at Auction.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE OF CHOICE REAL ESTATE
AT PALISADES PARK,
W. E. TAYLOR, Auctioneer,
BY ORDER OF A. FRED SILVERSTONE, ASSIGNEE,
Auction Wednesday, Sept. 27, at 2 P. M.,
ON THE PREMISES AT PALISADES PARK.
Train Leaves Erie Depot at 1:30 P. M.

This sale will afford a fine opportunity for profitable investment, as the choice land hitherto reserved, owing to the necessity of the case, will be sold without reservation to the highest bidders. Great bargains may be expected. Water in pipes, sewerage, and other fine improvements at vast outlays make this property highly desirable. The coming North River bridge will enhance its value greatly. Maps and free passes can be had by addressing
BENJ. W. HITCHCOCK,
14 Chambers St., New-York.
J. J. GLEASON, Attorney.

City Houses To Let—Furnished.

A HANDSOME 25-FT. 4-STORY HOUSE IN 9TH ST., CLOSE TO 5TH AV.,
To rent, furnished, for the season. Beautiful dining-room extension, superior sanitary plumbing, and every convenience and comfort for a gentleman's occupation; never before rented.
Apply to
GEO. R. READ,
9 Pine St.

NO. 8 EAST 10TH ST.—A very attractive and handsomely-furnished full-sized house to rent for the Winter season by CHAS. S. BROWN, 59 Liberty St.

City Houses To Let—Unfurnished.

BALMORAL,
LENOX AV., 113th and 114th Sts., entire block.
SELECT FAMILY HOTEL.
Coaches in attendance at 116th St. L Station.

City Flats To Let—Furnished.

FAMILY GOING ABROAD WILL LET HANDsomely-furnished apartment; unusual chance for any one wishing elegant, refined home. E. MILLER, 200 West 57th St.

City Flats To Let—Unfurnished.

A. ST. LORENZ,
72D ST., BETWEEN PARK AND LEXINGTON AVS.
Family apartment house, with hotel service, recently built, with all modern improvements, electric light, steam heat, &c., high class in all its appointments. Dining room on top floor, with superior table d'hôte. Desirable apartments, furnished or unfurnished. Suites of four to seven rooms, with steam heat, bath, electric light, and service, $600 to $1,200 per annum. RICHARD MEARES.

ST. CATHARINE
APARTMENT HOUSE,
Madison Av. and 53d St.
To Let.
One elegant suite of fifteen rooms and laundry; has a direct and unobstructed exterior view of 220 feet; the suite comprises the entire floor; the cabinet work and decorations are not surpassed by any house in the city; also a similar suite of ten rooms. Particulars on premises from
J. D. BROOKS, Superintendent.

ST. GEORGE,
STUYVESANT SQUARE.
Fire-proof, elevator, steam heat, &c.
Apartments to lease from Oct. 1,
$1,200 to $1,500.
For descriptive pamphlet and particulars apply to
JOHN G. FOLSOM,
14 BIBLE HOUSE.
We have no branch office.

HOTEL
San Remo
Central Park West and 75th St.
A few very desirable apartments to rent from September and October; in the most desirable location in the city; no housekeeping; chamber service, heat, light, and all attendance free; meals served on the American plan at very reasonable prices.

BALMORAL,
Lenox Av., 113th and 114th Sts., (entire block,)
SELECT FAMILY HOTEL.
Coaches in attendance at 116th St. L Station.

CENTRAL PARK WEST.
Nos. 225 and 226, near 82d St.; also the Lolita, corner 83d St.; all directly facing loveliest part of Central Park; several elegant suites to rent from $800 to $1,300 per annum; passenger elevator; house, location, and service highest class.

Rents, $40 to $70
A. THE LORING.
Boulevard and West 74th St., Amsterdam Av.
Roomy, light, well-ventilated apartments, with steam heat, mirrors, open fireplaces, door service, &c.; reasonable rents; first-class service; immediate occupancy or Oct. 1. Apply on premises or to J. E. WHITAKER, 278 Boulevard, near W. 74th St.

487-489-491 COLUMBUS AV., CORNER 84TH ST.
Handsome steam heated apartments; all improvements; rent $25-$30. Office on premises.

APARTMENTS TO RENT
IN THE FIRE-PROOF BUILDING,
80 MADISON AV., corner 28th St.

INSTRUCTION ADVERTISEMENTS.

Schools—City.

Young Men and Boys.

COLUMBIA GRAMMAR SCHOOL,
34 AND 36 EAST 51ST ST.
ONE HUNDRED & THIRTIETH YEAR BEGINS TUESDAY, Sept. 26.
Thorough preparation for all colleges, scientific schools, and business. Primary department. Gymnasium. Applicants examined on and after Tuesday, Sept. 19.
Catalogues at Putnam's and at the school.
Dr. R. S. BACON, A. M., LL. B., B. H. CAMPBELL, A. M., } Principals.

HARVARD SCHOOL,
578 5TH AV.,
Corner 47th St.
REOPENS SEPT. 28, 1893.
Thorough preparation for Yale, Harvard, Princeton, Columbia.
Primary Department.
WILLIAM FREELAND, Principal.

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE
OF
Dr. J. Sachs,
SCHOOL FOR BOYS,
38 WEST 59TH ST.,
REOPENS THURSDAY, SEPT. 21, 1893.
THOROUGH PREPARATION FOR ALL COLLEGES.
SPECIAL COMMERCIAL DEPARTMENT.
SCHOOL FOR GIRLS,
116 WEST 59TH ST.,
REOPENS WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 27, 1893.
COMPLETE ORGANIZATION, INCLUDING COLLEGE PREPARATION, FROM PRIMARY TO ACADEMIC DEPARTMENT.

COLLEGIATE SCHOOL FOR BOYS,
34 WEST 40TH ST., (BRYANT PARK.)
WILLIAM McDOWELL HALSEY, PH. D.
Short lessons thoroughly mastered. Reopens Wednesday, Sept. 27, 1893.
Refers among others to the following patrons:
Mr. Geo. A. Robbins, Mr. John N. Stearns,
Rev. Dr. Thos. H. Sill, Mr. Robert Maclay,
Mr. John Le Boutellier, Mr. John A. Riker,
Mr. Warner Van Norden, Rev. Dr. Erskine White,
Mr. John McKesson, Jr., Mr. Joseph W. Harper.

MESSRS.
WILSON & KELLOGG'S
SCHOOL,
No. 622 FIFTH AVE., near 50th St.
A school of High Grade, preparatory to any college, scientific school, or business. Gymnasium.
A CLASS FOR LITTLE BOYS.
Seventeenth year begins Sept. 28.

BERKELEY SCHOOL,
18, 20, 22, 24 WEST 44TH ST.
Autumn half, fourteenth year, begins on Monday, Oct. 2. The new building will be open for inspection on and after Sept. 15, and the Head Master or Registrar will be at the building daily to meet parents. J. CLARK READ, A. M., Registrar.

M. W. LYON'S Collegiate Institute.
No. 5 East 22d St., corner Broadway.
Opens Sept. 25. Thirty-eighth year. Receives all ages and prepares for college, scientific school, or business. No school of this grade near.
Yearly tuition, $50 to $200, graded to studies. Rooms on one floor, light, airy, and adapted. Circulars at Randolph's and Putnams' book stores.

RUGBY ACADEMY.
A Boarding and Day School for Boys at 92d St. and Central Park West, New-York City. Classical, Scientific, Commercial. Thorough preparation for all colleges. Fourth year. Large rooms, extensive athletic grounds. Address CLINTON BURLING, Registrar. Reopens Sept. 28.

COLLEGIATE SCHOOL, Founded 1633.
241 AND 243 WEST SEVENTY-SEVENTH ST.
Boys prepared for College and for Business. Primary department. Gymnasium. Military drill under U. S. Army officer. Reopens Sept. 28.
L. C. MYGATT, Head Master.

MOUNT MORRIS SCHOOL.
A '93 graduate wins $600 Columbia Prize for best entrance examinations.
Decided advances proposed for the new year.
Excellent primary instruction. Resident pupils.
Opens Sept. 26. 20 East 127th St.
FRANK CLIFFORD LYMAN, A. B., LL. B., Princ.

DRISLER SCHOOL,
NO. 9 EAST 49th ST.
Established 10 years.—Four departments. Gymnasium under competent instruction. Prepares for all colleges and for business. Building large, light, and well ventilated. Two resident pupils received into the Principal's family.
Reopens Oct. 2.

COLUMBIA INSTITUTE, CORNER WEST 72d St. and West End Av.—Nineteenth year commences Sept. 27; spacious new buildings; collegiate preparation; intermediate and primary classes; commercial department; military drill; large playground; gymnasium; boarding pupils received. Send for illustrated catalogue.
EDWIN FOWLER, M. D., A. B., Principal.

DWIGHT SCHOOL,
1,481 BROADWAY, (NEAR 43D ST.,)
a superior preparatory school for boys; careful preparation for all colleges, scientific schools, and for the Regents' examination.
HENRY C. MILLER, ARTHUR WILLIAMS, } Principals.

LANGUAGES.
THE BERLITZ SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES,
Madison Square, (25th St. and Broadway.)
Branches in leading American and European cities.
Best instruction, reasonable fee, term begins now.

CHAPIN COLLEGIATE SCHOOL,
721 Madison Av., (64th St.) 74th year begins Sept 27. Boys fitted for college or business. Well-equipped gymnasium.
Primary department, under careful instruction.
HENRY B. CHAPIN, D. D., Ph. D., Principal.

UNIVERSITY OF THE CITY OF N. Y.
CHEMICAL LABORATORY.
Special and regular courses will open on Sept. 25th. For information and circulars apply at Room 28, University B'ld'g, Washington Square.

THE CUTLER SCHOOL.
The school year begins Monday, Oct. 2. Mr. Cutler will be at the schoolhouse, No. 20 East 50th St., after Monday, Sept. 18.

WIENER INSTITUTE,
1,003 Madison Av., near 77th St.
Prepares for business and college. Day and boarding school for a limited number. Thorough courses in English, German, French, and Spanish.

HAMILTON INSTITUTE,
103-5 WEST 82D ST.
A high-grade College Preparatory School, with Primary Department, Athletics, Military Drill. Number limited. Send for illustrated catalogue.
N. ARCHIBALD SHAW, Jr., Principal.

MOELLER INSTITUTE,
1863. 336 WEST 29TH ST. 1893.
Kindergarten, Day and Boarding School. Prepares for college and business. Opens Sept. 12.
P. W. MOELLER, Principal.

WEST END SCHOOL.
SEVENTH YEAR BEGINS OCT. 2.
For circulars address Chester Donaldson, Prin.,
113 West 71st St.
Office hours, 8 to 11 A. M., 5 to 8 P. M.

YALE SCHOOL,
51 WEST 51ST ST.
Prepares for all colleges and for business.
WM. C. READIO, L. E. BROWN.
Opens Sept. 27, 1893.

A BUSINESS EDUCATION.—Bookkeeping, writing, arithmetic, correspondence, spelling, phonography, typewriting, ladies' department; day, evening; private instruction. PAINE'S BUSINESS COLLEGE, 62 Bowery; up town, 107 West 34th St.

THE OXFORD SCHOOL,
110 WEST 79TH ST.
Thorough preparation for college or business.
Will reopen Oct. 2. Circulars sent on application.
L. KEMP PROSSOR, (Oxon.,) Principal.

DR. E. D. LYON'S CLASSICAL SCHOOL,
576 5TH AV., (removed from 6 East 47th St.,)
Reopens September 28.
Thorough preparation for college or business.
Number limited. Primary department.

UNIVERSITY GRAMMAR SCHOOL (57TH year) reopens Sept. 26. Prepares for best colleges, universities, business. Catalogue on request.
Elmer E. Phillips, N. C. Hendrickson, Principals.

WOODBRIDGE SCHOOL. 12th Year.
417 MADISON AV. REOPENS OCT. 2.
NO JUNIOR DEPARTMENT.
J. WOODBRIDGE DAVIS. DAVID A. CENTER.

IRVING SCHOOL, (BOYS,) 20 WEST 59TH ST.
LOUIS DWIGHT RAY, M. A.
All departments. Gymnasium. Reopens Sept. 28.
Office hours: 9 to 11, 5 to 6. Year book on request.

F. G. IRELAND'S CLASS FOR BOYS, 25 West 42d St., reopens Monday, Oct. 2; limited to twenty-four. Mr. Ireland will be at the classrooms after Sept. 18, 9 to 1.

NEW-YORK CITY, 423 Madison Av.
J. H. MORSE'S SCHOOL.
Autumn term begins Oct. 2. Thorough preparation for all colleges. Principal at home after Sept. 18.

COLLEGE PREPARATION, CLASSICAL, scientific; limited class; individual instruction; moderate terms. F. CHASE, 137 West 49th St.

CLASS FOR BOYS, 22 EAST 54TH ST., REopens Oct. 4. Circulars sent on application.
Fourteenth year. THE MISSES GRINNELL.

IT WILL COST NOTHING EXTRA TO leave your advertisement in the nearest American District Messenger Office. Advertising rates are the same as at THE TIMES Publication Office.

Young Ladies and Children.

MADEMOISELLE VELTIN,
DAY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS,
160-162 WEST 74TH ST.,
Will reopen Oct. 5 at the new specially-constructed FIRE-PROOF SCHOOL BUILDING.
Kindergarten conducted in FRENCH.

THE MISSES ELY'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS,
RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 85th and 86th Streets.
Unusual facilities for elementary work are offered by the equipment of the building 338 West 86th Street, adjoining the school grounds, devoted to primary classes of little boys and girls.

MADAME A. C. MEARS'S ENGLISH AND French boarding and day school for young ladies and children, 222 Madison Av., New-York, will reopen Monday, Oct. 2, 1893. French is the language of the family and school; special classes in history, literature, art, and French conversation; pleasant home for parlor boarders; English, French, and German primary department; fifty-third year.

MISS PEEBLES AND MISS THOMPSON'S BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS,
32 and 34 East 57th St., New-York.
Re-opens Thursday, Oct. 5th. Primary, Preparatory, Academic Departments. College Preparation. All classes in charge of specialists.

THE REED SCHOOL.
6, 8, 10 East 53d St. 30th Year begins Oct. 3.
Mrs. Sylvanus Reed, Resident;
Mr. J. Ramsay Montizambert, M. A., Head Master.
Primary, Secondary, and Collegiate courses, including all studies required at university entrance examinations.

WEST END AVENUE SCHOOL FOR GIRLS
Reopens Oct. 2.
MARTHA S. THOMPSON, Principal.
Primary, Preparatory, and Academic Departments; prepares for college, having entered pupils at Barnard and Vassar; studio under the charge of Miss Pitkin.
281 WEST END AV., CORNER 78TH ST.

A SELECT CLASS IN GYMNASTIC TRAINing for girls under 16; also, a class for boys under 10, will be opened early in October in the gymnasium of the Ladies' Athletic Club, 23 West 44th St., under skilled instructors and medical supervision. For particulars apply to Miss M. L. Hawkins, Secretary, between 10 A. M. and 3 P. M.

MISS ANNIE BROWN.
SCHOOL FOR GIRLS,
713, 715, 717 Fifth Avenue.
Primary, preparatory, and academic departments.
Preparation for college. Special courses.
Reopens Oct. 4.

THE MISSES GRAHAM,
Successors to the Misses Green,
Boarding and day school for girls, reopens Oct. 4 at the new location, 176 West 72d St., cor. Amsterdam Av.—Sherman Square.

MRS. LEOPOLD WEIL'S BOARDING AND Day School for Girls, Kindergarten and classes for little boys. Prepares for colleges. 711 Madison Av., cor. 63d St., and 111 West 77th St., between Columbus and Amsterdam Avs., New-York. The twenty-eighth school year begins Tuesday, Sept. 26.

THE SALISBURY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, Central Park Plaza, 741 5th Av., New-York.—Boarding and day school; primary, intermediate, college-preparatory, and finishing. Mrs. Salisbury personally in charge. Individual instruction; light rooms. Reopens Wednesday, Oct. 4.

HEIDENFELD INSTITUTE,
824 LEXINGTON AV., northwest corner 63d St.
DAY AND BOARDING SCHOOL with KINDERGARTEN; 30th year opens MONDAY, Sept. 25.

S. MARY'S SCHOOL, (EPISCOPAL,) 6 and 8 East 46th St., New-York. A boarding and day school for girls; COLLEGIATE, PREPARATORY, PRIMARY classes; prepares pupils for college examinations; twenty-sixth year begins Oct. 2.

MISS WALKER'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS,
148 Madison Avenue.
Reopens Oct. 2. Number limited.
School hours from nine to one. Primary class from nine to twelve. No home study for pupils under fourteen who remain until two o'clock.

MISS MARY HARRIOTT NORRIS.
CLASSES IN HIGHER ENGLISH.
117 WEST 58TH ST.

THE SIMMONS SCHOOL,
1010 Madison Av., 28 East 78th St.,
BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.
Primary, Academic, Collegiate. Certificate admits to the leading colleges for women. Reopens Oct. 2.

MRS. HAZEN'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS,
PELHAM MANOR, NEW-YORK.
Combined advantages of City and Country. Increased facilities for pupils. Reopens September 28.

THE MISSES MERINGTON
French and English school reopens Oct. 2.
Resident pupils.
183 Lenox Av., near 119th St.

MISS S. D. DOREMUS'
BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS,
735 MADISON AV.
REOPENS OCT. 5.

THE COMSTOCK SCHOOL.
Family and Day School for Girls; 31st year begins Oct. 4. MISS DAY, Principal,
34 West 40th St.

MLLE. RUEL.
School for Girls reopens Oct. 4. (Number limited.) 26 East 56th St.

MISS ELIZABETH L. KOUES.
Boarding and Day School for Girls reopens Oct. 2. Pupils prepared for college if desired. 10 East 75th St.

MISS CHISHOLM.
School for Girls reopens Oct. 9. Miss Chisholm at home Oct. 2. 15 East 65th St.

MISS CROCKER.
School for Girls reopens Oct. 4. Primary and advanced work; classes for little boys. 69 East 52d St.

MISS SUSAN M. VAN AMRINGE.—School for Girls. Primary, intermediate, advanced departments. Preparation for college. Reopens Oct. 5.
106 East 38th St., near Park Av.

MRS. GRAHAM YOUNGS.—Home and day school for girls; reopens Oct. 4.
Class for boys. 40 West 45th St.

THE MISSES WREAKS.
School for girls. 21 East 74th St.
Reopens Oct. 3. Four resident pupils received.

MISS GAYLER'S DAY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, with kindergarten. Fifth year begins Wednesday, Oct. 4.
No. 174 West 86th St. New-York.

THE MISSES GRINNELL'S
Day School for Girls, 22 East 54th St., reopens Oct. 5. Primary, Academic, and Collegiate Departments. Special courses. Kindergarten, Oct. 10.

HOME BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL
FOR GIRLS, 607 5th Av.
Thirty-sixth year begins Oct. 3.
Rev. Dr. and Mrs. Charles H. Gardner, Principals.

MISS GIBBONS' SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, MRS. SARAH H. EMERSON, Principal. A few boarding pupils taken. Re-opens Oct. 4, 55 West 47th St.

MRS. AND MISS BOYCE.—School for girls and little boys; primary and intermediate; girls prepared for college by Columbia graduate. 973 Park Av.

SCHOOL, LIMITED NUMBER, 100 PER cent. in recent college examinations; home influence; delightful place near Sound. WM. L. EVANS, M. A., Hunt's Point, New-York City.

MADEMOISELLE VIDERE, 124 EAST 84TH St.—American-French school for girls; reopens Sept. 27; boys' class; kindergarten.

MISS WARREN'S DAY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, 108 West 81st St.—Reopens Oct. 2d.
Class for boys in the primary department.

AT MISS PERRIN'S, 696 MADISON AV., near 62d St., special classes in all branches of tuition; boarding pupils, $600 per annum; 15th year.

MISS BRAGG'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS REopens Monday, Oct. 2; classes for little boys. 1,509 Broadway.

MISS BARBER AND MISS MONTFORT'S morning classes for young ladies; academic, collegiate, and special courses; Oct. 4. 44 West 34th St.

VAN NORMAN INSTITUTE FOR YOUNG ladies and children, (founded 1857,) 280 West 71st St. Mme. VAN NORMAN, Principal.

THE MISSES PERINE'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, 44 East 78th St., next corner Madison Av.
Resident Pupils. Special Studies.

MISS JAUDON'S SCHOOL, 343 MADISON Av., reopens Oct. 4. Primary classes. College preparation. A few resident pupils.

PRIVATE KINDERGARTEN.—Miss Randolph and Miss Pond will open their kindergarten Oct. 9. 651 Boulevard West, (corner 92d St.)

SAUSE'S SCHOOL FOR DANCING,
ADELPHI HALL, 52d St. and Broadway.
ALL THE LATEST DANCES. Send for circular.

MISS BALLOW'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.—Miss M. S. Morgan, Miss E. F. Gallaudet, Principals. Reopens Oct. 5. 24 East 22d St.

Schools—Country.

Young Men and Boys.

STEVENS SCHOOL.
THE ACADEMIC DEPARTMENT
OF THE
STEVENS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY,
RIVER ST.,
between 5th and 6th Sts., Hoboken, N. J.,
REOPENS SEPT. 20, 1893.
Examinations for admission on the 18th and 19th of September.
Full courses of studies preparatory to Colleges and Schools of Science, Law, and Medicine.
The rate of tuition for all classes is $150 per year or $50 per term. These terms include all the studies.
For catalogues, apply to the Librarian of Stevens Institute.

PENNINGTON SEMINARY.
Our catalogue is full of the very information you are now seeking for your son or daughter, and is so beautiful that it would grace your parlor table. Sent free. Address
THOMAS HANLON, Pennington, N. J.

Schools—Country.

Young Ladies and Children.

MORRISTOWN, NEW-JERSEY.
MISS DANA'S School for Girls reopens September 20. College preparation. Resident native French and German teachers. Special advantages in music and art. Terms for boarding pupils, $700 per year. Circulars sent on application.

MLLE. GROSCHEL, (FORMERLY DIRECTOR of the Groschel Conservatory of Music, Brooklyn,) country home and school for girls, Suffern, N. Y.; one hour from city; English, Latin, French, German, music, art.

BAQUET INSTITUTE, SHORT HILLS, N. J.—French, English, and German school for girls. Pupils prepared for college or society.
HARRIET STUART BAQUET, Prin.

MORRISTOWN, N. J.—St. Hilda's School for Girls. Fourteenth year begins Sept. 25. Terms, $300; primary, $250. Circulars on application.

Law Schools.

NEW-YORK LAW SCHOOL, 120 BROADWAY, N. Y. City.—"Dwight method" of instruction. Degree of LL. B. given after two years' course. Graduate course now added. Tuition fee, $100. For catalogues, &c., address GEORGE CHASE, Dean.

Teachers.

LADY, EXPERIENCED TEACHER, AS visiting teacher or governess, for all English branches, German, elementary, French, and music; highest references. Address Thorough, 157 4th Av.

Hotels.

BROADWAY CENTRAL HOTEL,
OPPOSITE BOND ST.
Three minutes below Union Square. Location unsurpassed. Cable cars from the door to every theatre, fashionable store, and attraction in the city. The largest hotel in New-York and most comfortable in the world. American and European plans. Large and elegant rooms at moderate charges.
BROADWAY CENTRAL HOTEL, NEW-YORK,
UNITED STATES HOTEL, BOSTON.
TILLY HAYNES, Proprietor.

ST. CLOUD HOTEL
BROADWAY AND 42D ST., NEW-YORK.
EUROPEAN PLAN.
NEW MANAGEMENT, NEW FURNITURE, ELECTRIC LIGHTS, SANITARY PLUMBING, AND ALL IMPROVEMENTS.
ROOMS FROM $1 PER DAY AND UPWARD.
Free transfer of baggage by our own conveyance to and from GRAND CENTRAL DEPOT AND WEST SHORE RR.
N. B. BARRY, PROPRIETOR,
late proprietor of Hotel Glenham, 5th Av., N. Y.

HOTEL VENDOME
American and European Plan.
This house is fireproof and absolutely safe.
Parlors en suite, with porcelain baths.
SINGLE ROOMS WITH OR WITHOUT BATH.
DINING ROOMS ON TOP FLOOR.
BROADWAY AND 41ST ST., NEW-YORK.

CLARENDON HOTEL,
18TH ST. AND 4TH AV., NEW-YORK.
A select family hotel with a "WORLD-WIDE REPUTATION," noted for its excellent table, large rooms, and HOMELIKE COMFORTS. VERY LIBERAL TERMS TO FAMILIES AND PERMANENT GUESTS.
C. L. BRIGGS.

THE JEFFERSON,
FORMERLY HOTEL DAM,
102, 104, 106 EAST 15TH ST.,
OVERLOOKING UNION SQUARE.
Furnished and unfurnished apartments.
Rooms single and en suite, transiently or by the year. Hotel thoroughly renovated; new plumbing throughout.
JOHN CHATFIELD.

WHY RENT A HOUSE when you can have every home comfort and no cares! ! ! !
BEFORE YOU DO, SEE THE FAMOUS
SHERMAN SQUARE HOTEL,
GRAND BOULEVARD AND WEST 71ST ST.
THIS NEW HOTEL HAS
large rooms, a superb location, and reasonable rates.
Two choice unfurnished suites to let by year.
Three choice furnished suites for the year or season.
American plan only. Early application necessary.
E. N. WILSON.

THE SHERWOOD,
5TH AV. AND 44TH ST., NEW-YORK.
ELEGANT SUITES OF ROOMS BY THE DAY OR WEEK. AMERICAN PLAN.
GEORGE MURRAY.

HOTEL GRENOBLE,
56TH, 57TH STS. AND 7TH AV.
The select fire-proof family hotel of New-York City.
EUROPEAN PLAN.
Also apartments adjoining,
Three to seven rooms, furnished or unfurnished,
With or without hotel service.
WILLIAM NOBLE, Owner and Proprietor.

THE LANGHAM,
5TH AV. AND 52D ST.,
OPPOSITE THE VANDERBILT MANSION.
A comfortable and commodious family house in the most select neighborhood in the city; choice and elegantly-furnished suites; most spacious rooms in any hotel; service and cuisine of the highest order.
H. C. SHANNON, Manager.

BALMORAL,
Lenox Av., 113th and 114th Sts., (entire block.)
SELECT FAMILY HOTEL.
Coaches in attendance at 116th St. L Station.

UNION SQUARE HOTEL.
J. H. FIFE, Manager.
European plan. Rooms $1 per day and upward.
Special rates during the Summer months and to permanent guests.
Union Square and 15th St., New-York.

HOTEL NEW NETHERLAND.
EUROPEAN PLAN.
5th Av., 59th St. and Central Park.
The Model Hotel of the World.
Prices reduced for the Winter to suit the times.
Orchestral music, morning and evening.

SAN MARCO,
21 and 23 West 32d St., between 5th Av. and Broadway.—American plan; suites with bath and toilet; transients $2 to $3 per day.

HOTEL RENAISSANCE,
43D ST., WEST OF 5TH AV.
STRICTLY FIRE-PROOF.
Several apartments for rent.

HOTEL NORMANDIE,
BROADWAY AND 38TH ST.
European plan. Absolutely fire-proof. Desirable suites at reasonable prices for the Winter.

THE SORRENTO,
14 AND 16 EAST 53D ST.
Apartments, furnished and unfurnished. Steam heat, elevator, and restaurant.

37, 38, AND 39 GRAMERCY PARK.
Desirable rooms, with or without board; transients accommodated; references exchanged.

THE SEVILLIA, APARTMENT HOTEL, 117 West 58th St., close to terminus of 6th Av. elevated and Broadway cable road. Latest improvements in fire-proof construction, sanitary purity, and homelike privacy and convenience of apartments.

Apartments To Let—Unfurnished.

Central Park Apartment Buildings.
59th St., 58th St., and 7th Av.

Madrid,	Lisbon,
Cordova,	Barcelona,
Granada,	Salamanca,
Valencia,	Tolosa.

TITLE GUARANTEE & TRUST CO., TRUSTEE,
Northeast corner 58th and 7th Av. and 55 Liberty St.
Also Agts. "Hawthorne," 59th St., bet. 6th & 7th Avs.

From this date the fire-proof **Rutland,** corner 57th St. and Broadway, is under the same trusteeship.

Apartments To Let—Furnished.

ONE special apartment to rent in Westminster Hotel, Irving Place and 16th St.; first floor, corner, 5 sunny rooms, with bath and private hall; sumptuously furnished, rugs, divans, &c.; American or European plan.

FOR PHYSICIAN.—First floor apartment to rent, fully furnished, in The Westminster, 16th St., near Irving Place. Has always been occupied by physician.

FAMILY GOING ABROAD WILL LET EXquisitely furnished apartment; best location, near Central Park. Address R., Box 404 Times, Up Town.

Boarders Wanted.

TIMES, UP TOWN OFFICE,
1,269 Broadway..........Near 32d Street
Open daily, Sundays included, from 5 A. M. to 9 P. M.

20TH ST., 45 WEST.—Desirable parlor floor and other rooms; en suite or single; first-class house.

21ST ST., 34 AND 36 EAST.—Handsomely-furnished large and small rooms, with board; references exchanged.

22D ST., 24 WEST.—Second floor, handsomely furnished, for a small family; private table; reference.

34TH ST, 27 WEST.—Handsome rooms, en suite or singly; excellent board; references exchanged.

34TH ST., 11 WEST, NEAR MANHATTAN Club.—Large sunny room, third floor front; reference.

51ST ST., 50 WEST.—Comfortable rooms with excellent table; references.

57TH ST., 140 WEST.—Handsomely-furnished rooms, together or separately, with board; single rooms for gentlemen; references.

75TH ST., 119 WEST.—Handsomely-furnished second floor and other rooms; private baths; superior table; references.

104 WEST 79TH ST.—Rooms, singly or en suite, with superior board.

BACK PARLOR, WITH CONNECTING ROOM, for three gentlemen or family, with board. H., East 11th St.

MADISON AV., 650, CORNER OF 60TH ST.—Elegant second-floor suite, with board; other rooms; references.

SUNNY THIRD-FLOOR FRONT ROOM; Extra large closets; also hallroom; references. 434 Madison Av.

Furnished Rooms.

7 WEST 31ST ST.—Elegantly-furnished floor to lease; also hall and square rooms; breakfast optional.

46TH ST., 27 EAST.—Furnished rooms, single or en suite; excellent board.

223 EAST 14TH ST.—A large front and adjoining room, nicely furnished, with bath; second flat. A. Pickett.

568 5TH AV., OPPOSITE WINDSOR HOTEL.—An elegant newly-furnished first-floor suite, with private bath; sun all day.

BACHELOR APARTMENTS, SQUARE ROOMS, with bath; central; choice location; first-class attendance; references. 27 West 31st St.

LARGE SQUARE SUNNY ROOM, ELEGANTly furnished, to one or two gentlemen in strictly private family owning house; breakfast if desired. Central Park West, near 93d St. "L" station. BENEDICK, Box 158 Times.

Unfurnished Rooms.

HOTEL WINTHROP,
125TH ST. AND 7TH AV. BOULEVARD.
A FEW SUITES OF TWO ROOMS AND BATH, FACING THE BOULEVARD DRIVE TO RENT FROM OCT. 1.
DINING ROOM ON THE TOP FLOOR.
THE HOTEL IS ONE BLOCK FROM THE ELEVATED, AND THE CABLE CARS PASS THE DOOR.

Excursions.

RAYMOND'S VACATION EXCURSIONS.
ALL TRAVELING EXPENSES INCLUDED.

Parties will leave New-York Monday, October 16, for
Two Autumn Tours
—TO—
CALIFORNIA.

Nine days will be spent at the Raymond & Whitcomb Grand Hotel, Chicago, for a visit to the World's Columbian Exposition. Thence one party will proceed to San Diego via Las Vegas Hot Springs and Santa Fe, and the other to Monterey via Denver, Manitou, Glenwood Springs, and Salt Lake City. The tickets cover every expense of travel both ways, and give the holders entire freedom of movement on the Pacific coast. They may be used returning on Any Regular Train for Nine Months, or with parties having personal escort, with a Choice of Three Different Routes.

Supplementary parties to connect with the foregoing in Chicago, without visiting the Exposition, will leave New-York, October 25.

Our Annual Winter Trips to California, with Special Trains of Pullman Palace Vestibuled Sleeping and Dining Cars, one to three times a month, begin November 16.

Excursions to Mexico and the Sandwich Islands will occur in January, February, and March.

The World's Columbian Exposition. Special Pullman Vestibuled Trains with Dining Cars leave New-York for Chicago at frequent intervals. A week at the Raymond & Whitcomb Grand Hotel, opposite the Fair Grounds, is included in the tickets.

Send for descriptive circular, mentioning whether book relating to Autumn California, Winter California, Mexico, or World's Fair tour is desired.

INDEPENDENT RAILROAD TICKETS TO ALL POINTS.
RAYMOND & WHITCOMB,
31 East 14th St., (corner Union Square,) New-York.

The International Yacht Race.
THE STEAMER
MONMOUTH
OF THE SANDY HOOK ROUTE
Will accompany the Yachts over the course, LEAVING PIER 8 N. R., AT 9:30 A. M.
The speed of the Steamer is an assurance that it will be in at the finish.
FARE $3.00 FOR THE FIRST DAY.
FOR EACH SUCCEEDING DAY, $2.00.
Tickets can be purchased at Ticket Office Central Railroad of New-Jersey, foot of Liberty Street, N. R., and at No. 849 Broadway.
NUMBER LIMITED TO 750.

AMERICA'S CUP RACES.
THE CAPE MAY AND DELAWARE BAY NAVIGATION CO.'S seagoing iron steamboat
REPUBLIC,
celebrated for speed and stanchness, will take a ☞ limited number ☜ of passengers only, leaving Stonington Line Pier, new No. 36, N. R., at 9:30 A. M. each day.

Club members and friends will find the accommodations and services of the REPUBLIC all that can be desired. Best catering at club prices. A view of the race from START TO FINISH.

Tickets, $3 each race, on sale at office of steamer, 849 Broadway; at Tyson's hotel ticket offices, Miller's, Equitable Building, and McBride's, 71 Broadway.

INTERNATIONAL YACHT RACES.
THE OLD DOMINION STEAMSHIP CO.
Will send their fine ocean steamship,
"GUYANDOTTE"
(or her sister ship)
"ROANOKE,"
to accompany the yachts over the course.
These ships are of 2,500 tons burden, having exceptional passenger accommodations.
The number of passengers will be limited to 500 (one-fourth the ship's capacity.)
Tickets, $5 each. On sale at principal office, Pier 26, N. R.; Tyson's, 5th Av., Windsor Hotel, &c.; Surbrug, 159 Fulton St.; Jackson & McDonnell, 11 Broadway.
W. L. GUILLAUDEU,
Traffic Manager.

CLOSE OF THE SEASON.
$1.00 Round Trip. $1.00
SHOHOLA GLEN,
Foliage Excursion, Sunday, Oct. 1.
Leave Chambers St. 9:30 A. M.
Leave West 23d St. 9:25 A. M.
Five hours at the Glens. Home by 8:30 P. M.

WEST POINT, Newburgh, & Poughkeepsie
Daily except Sundays by Day Line Steamers
NEW-YORK AND ALBANY.
From Brooklyn, Fulton St. (by Annex)...8:00 A. M.
" New-York, Desbrosses St. Pier......8:40 "
" New-York, West 22d St. Pier.........9:00 "
Returning, due in New-York at 5:30 P. M.
MORNING and AFTERNOON CONCERTS.

Miscellaneous.

TAMAR INDIEN GRILLON
A laxative, refreshing fruit lozenge, very agreeable to take for
Constipation,
hemorrhoids, bile, loss of appetite, gastric and intestinal troubles, and headache arising from them.
E. GRILLON,
33 Rue des Archives, Paris.
Sold by all druggists.

CAPITALISTS, CONTRACTORS, AND PROmoters investigate in person or by agent track elevation in Chicago. H. FAUST, 187 North Paulina St., Chicago.

Amusements.

BROADWAY THEATRE. Evs. at 8. Mat. Sat. at 2.
LAST WEEK.
HOPPER. PANJANDRUM.
MISS LOIE FULLER
has consented to postpone her European tour for one week, and will appear
AT EACH PERFORMANCE
in her magnificent dance creations.
FRANCIS WILSON'S Production of ERMINIE TUESDAY, OCT. 3. SEATS NOW ON SALE.

MADISON SQUARE GARDEN.
EVERY EVENING AT 8:30. MAT. SAT. AT 2:30.
WEDNESDAY MILITARY NIGHT. **ENGLISH MILITARY** THURSDAY Professional MATINEE, 2:30.
THIRD WEEK. **TOURNAMENT.**
Seats on sale two weeks in advance.

STANDARD THEATRE. J. M. Hill, Manager.
Last week of JANE, with Johnstone Bennett. To-night at 8:30. | LAST WEEK OF LOIE FULLER in Entire New Dances. To-night at 10:15.
Mat. Sat., JANE, 2:15, and FULLER, 4:30.
Monday, Oct. 2, CHARLEY'S AUNT.

5TH AV. THEATRE. Mr. HENRY C. MINER, Proprietor
Evenings, 8:15. Matinée Saturday, 2:15.
MR. NAT C. GOODWIN
"IN MIZZOURA."

BIJOU THEATRE. Broadway, near 30th St.
Nights 8:30. Matinées Wed. and Sat.
Last week—RUSSELL'S COMEDIANS, in the WORLD'S FAIR EDITION of the CITY DIRECTORY.
Next Monday, Oct. 2, THE GOLDEN WEDDING.

14TH STREET THEATRE. Near 6th Av.
TO-NIGHT. Matinées Wed. and Sat.
HALLEN AND HART,
In the cheering conceit
THE IDEA.
The best company ever organized for farce comedy.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE. 23d St. and 8th Av.
Evenings at 8. Matinées Wed. and Sat. at 2.
HANDS ACROSS THE SEA.
Next week—PRIMROSE AND WEST'S MINSTRELS.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN. **$1,000,000** Spent on Paintings and Art Objects. Now exhibited, day and evening. 23D ST. AND 4TH AV.

LYCEUM THEATRE..........4th Av. & 23d St.
DANIEL FROHMAN..........Manager
E. H. SOTHERN—in SHERIDAN;
E. H. SOTHERN— or,
E. H. SOTHERN— THE MAID OF BATH.
At 8:15. Matinées THURSDAY and SATURDAY.

DALY'S THEATRE. Broadway & 30th St.
Evenings, 8:30. Mat. Sat., 2:30.
Sixth and last week but one of the Great Musical Play Without Words.
L'ENFANT PRODIGUE.

KOSTER & BIAL'S, 34TH ST., WEST OF BROADWAY.
VAUDEVILLE AND BALLET.
MATINEE SATURDAY ONLY.

NIBLO'S. At 8:15. Mats. Wed. and Sat. at 2.
FOURTH WEEK OF THE LILIPUTIANS IN
A TRIP TO MARS.
Three Grand Ballets. "The Flying Heads."

HOYT'S MADISON SQUARE THEATRE.
Evenings at 8:30. Mat. Sat'y at 2:15.
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RICE'S Surprise Party Continuing Its Enormous Success. Crowded with Novelties. **1492**
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HERRMANN'S THEATRE, TO-NIGHT. MRS. GEN. TOM THUMB COMPANY OF LITTLE FOLKS AND EUROPEAN SPECIALISTS.
Mat. Every Day at 2 P. M. Evenings at 8.
Popular Prices, 25c., 35c., and 50c.

HARLEM OPERA HOUSE.
The BOSTONIANS in ROBIN HOOD.

HARRIGAN'S THEATRE. M. W. Hanley, Mgr.
DAN'S TRIBULATIONS,
By Mr. EDWARD HARRIGAN.
WEDNESDAY—MATINEES—SATURDAY.

STAR THEATRE. EVE., 8:15. MAT., SAT., 2.
FREDERICK WARDE and LOUIS JAMES.
TUES. EVE. JULIUS
Wed. & Sat. Mat. **CÆSAR** THUR., FRI., SAT. EVE. **OTHELLO**

EMPIRE THEATRE. Broadway and 40th St.
2D SUCCESSFUL MONTH.
LIBERTY HALL.
Evenings at 8:15. Regular Matinée Saturday.

CASINO. TO-NIGHT AT 8:30.
THE RAINMAKER OF SYRIA,
Comic Opera by Rosenfeld and Aronson.
Admission, 50 cents. Mat. Sat. at 2.

GARDEN THEATRE. Matinée Saturday.
CHARLES FROHMAN'S COMEDIANS.
"Funniest play of the new season."—Times.
THE OTHER MAN.

IMPERIAL MUSIC HALL. B'way & 29th St.
EUROPE'S GREATEST VOCALISTS, THE
3—SISTERS JONGHMANS—3

AMERICAN THEATRE. SATURDAY MATINEE.
THE PRODIGAL DAUGHTER.

EDEN MUSEE. WORLD IN WAX.
AT 2:30 P. M. AND 8 P. M.
GRAND VAUDEVILLE PERFORMANCE.

DORE'S SUBLIME PAINTINGS,
AT THE DORE GALLERY, 7TH AV., NEAR 53D ST. 10 A. M. to 6 P. M.
Broadway cable cars pass the door.

Autumn Resorts.

NEW-YORK.

An Ideal Hotel at Last!
The Hotel of the World
Seeing Is Believing.

Halcyon Hall, Millbrook, Dutchess County, New-York. Opened Sept. 14. Ninety miles from New-York. Elevation, 1,000 feet. Russian Royal Court Orchestra three times daily. Write Manager for illustrated prospectus.

THE OVERLOOK MOUNTAIN HOUSE
WOODSTOCK, ULSTER COUNTY, N. Y.,
NOW OPEN.
First-class in its appointments, excellent table, pure spring water, fine stabling.
Light conveyance from West Hurley Station to hotel.
A. A. NEAL, Manager.

WHEN IN BUFFALO STOP AT THE GENESEE. NIAGARA FALLS forty minutes away.

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VIRGINIA HOT SPRINGS.
The NEW HOTEL, cottages, and the MOST COMPLETE BATHING ESTABLISHMENT IN AMERICA will remain open until NOVEMBER or later.
2,500 FEET ELEVATION, in the great Warm Springs Valley, Virginia, on the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway. Magnificent mountain surroundings and climate.
Bathing attendants from the best European baths. Every bath from the flowing Hot Springs, including Hot Vapor, Hot Air, Hot Spout, (the most curative bath known,) Needle, Electric, Massage, &c.
RAILWAY DIRECT TO THE SPRINGS.
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Full information at C. and O. offices, No. 362 Broadway, New-York; No. 513 and No. 1,421 Pennsylvania Av., Washington; 5th and Walnut Sts., Cincinnati, or address Dr. F. W. CHAPIN, Medical Director, or J. F. CHAMPLIN, Manager, Hot Springs, Bath County, Va.

The Turf.

BROOKLYN JOCKEY CLUB.
FALL MEETING, SEPT. 11 TO 28.
SIX RACES EACH DAY,
COMMENCING AT 2:15 P. M.
Boats from Whitehall St., New-York, (Culver Route,) half-hourly from 11:10 A. M. to 2:10 P. M.
Boats leave foot East 34th St., New-York, (via L. I. R. R.,) 12:50, (1:00 special parlor car,) 1:20 P. M.

Dancing.

GEORGE WALLACE'S CLASSES RESUME Tuesday, Oct. 3, at 80 and 82 West 126th St. Music Hall, 57th St., Oct. 7; see circular.

Proposals.

PROPOSALS FOR RUBBER PONCHOS.—Phila. Depot of the Q. M. Dept., No. 1428 Arch St., Philadelphia, Sept. 13, 1893.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, will be received at this office until 11 o'clock A. M., Thursday, Sept. 28, 1893, for furnishing the U. S. Quartermaster's Department, in this city, with 1,000 Rubber Ponchos, like sample to be seen at Schuylkill Arsenal. Bids for delivery at other points will also be considered. Bidders must state earliest dates when they will make deliveries. Government reserves the right to reject any or all proposals. Preference will be given to articles of domestic production or manufacture, conditions of quality and price (including in the price of foreign productions or manufactures the duty thereon) being equal. Blanks for proposals, and any information desired, will be furnished by this office upon application. Envelopes containing proposals to be indorsed "Proposals for Rubber Ponchos," and addressed to the undersigned. A. F. ROCKWELL, Quartermaster U. S. Army. In charge.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

ANARCHIST PLOTS UNEARTHED

EUROPE SWARMING WITH THE ENEMIES OF SOCIETY.

A Great Conspiracy Discovered by the Police in Vienna—Eighty-two of the Anarchists Under Arrest in that City and the Capital of Moravia—Bombs and Damaging Papers Found in the Houses of the Prisoners—The Attack on Captain General Campos.

VIENNA, Sept. 25.—The arrest Saturday of fourteen Anarchists here and the capture yesterday of sixty-eight members of a secret society at Bruenn, the capital of Moravia, has revealed the existence of a widespread Anarchist plot. To-day seven more members of the gang were taken into custody, and the proof against all the persons arrested is said to be overwhelming. All the persons arrested are known to be Anarchists of the worst type. Among the mass of papers seized were documents showing beyond a doubt that the members of the club were affiliated with a Bohemian secret society known as the "Omlading."

The police got an inkling of the existence of the conspiracy through a brawl that occurred between a number of Anarchists and certain advanced Socialists, the trouble growing out of the refusal of the latter to assist in causing explosions. The clue thus gained was closely followed, with the result that the Anarchists, who were masquerading as members of a literary society, were captured. It is charged that the Czech agitation in Bohemia, and the consequent suspension of the constitutional law in Prague and the towns in the vicinity of the city, had much to do with the existence of the plot, although there is yet no evidence to connect any of the Czech leaders with the conspiracy. It is more probable that the Anarchists were about to take advantage of the political turmoil in Bohemia to start a campaign of terror against the Government.

Among the men arrested is a leading manufacturer of bombs, who lives in Prague, and an Anarchist named Stulka, who is well known to the police. Stulka is a skillful mechanic.

In addition to the papers seized, the police took possession of a number of bombs. Some of these were made of tin. An examination of their contents revealed that they were charged with ecrasite and picric acid. A large, finely-finished steel bomb was also found. This contained a liquid that has not yet been analyzed. An oblong tin box was found, the contents of which were apparently intended to have been exploded by electricity. Conducting wires were attached to the box, which contained several glass plates and small quantities of ecrasite and picric acid.

When the prisoners were searched by the police it was found that to the inside linings of the overcoats worn by Stulka and a man named Hahnels were attached strong plaited wires with hooks at the ends. It is surmised that these were devices to allow of the suspension of bombs. In Stulka's room were found rolls of zinc and lead, and glass and metal cylinders.

The police declare that the conspiracy they have unearthed is the most formidable plot the Anarchists have ever concocted in Vienna. Every one of the men arrested had in his possession bombs or cartridges that were ready for use.

The discovery has caused much excitement in official circles. The police are searching in every direction for other members of the gang. It is believed, however, that the many arrests made have effectually put an end to the operations of the conspirators.

Dr. Adler, leader of the Austrian Socialists and head of the present agitation for universal suffrage, declares to-day in his newspaper that the Austrian Anarchists have nothing in common with the Socialists. Their aims and methods, he says, are entirely different from those of his party, and the Austrian Social Democracy declines to accept any responsibility for them. The present Anarchist activity he traces to disaffected Czech workingmen, who have been brought under the influence of Russian Nihilism.

LONDON, Sept. 25.—The Central News has received information from Vienna to the effect that three Anarchists were arrested in Berlin to-day on the charge of being concerned in the plot discovered by the Vienna police. The arrests were made at the request of the Vienna authorities, the papers seized by the police of Vienna showing that the men arrested had been movers in the conspiracy.

The London Nihilists have sent out a manifesto in which they appeal to French Anarchists and Socialists not to take part in the Russo-French celebration during the visit of the Czar's war ships at Toulon next month. The officers of the Russian fleet, says the manifesto, ought to be treated by the revolutionists as accomplices of the Czar, and criminals steeped in the blood of the people whom he has slaughtered.

BARCELONA, Sept. 25.—Both the Chief of Police and the military commander here have to-day interviewed Pallas, the Anarchist who threw two bombs at Capt. Gen. Martinez de Campos during the parade of the troops on Saturday. The police are convinced that he has numerous colleagues in this city, and his lodgings in Sans, a suburb of Barcelona, are known to have been the meeting place of some fifteen or twenty Anarchists.

In the search of his lodgings yesterday a paper was found which showed that he was in close correspondence with revolutionists in Valencia and Madrid. These revolutionists are believed to be the heads of the national organization of dynamiters who have planned all the explosions since the outrages of the Xeres Anarchists. The police in Valencia and Madrid have received orders to arrest the men referred to in Pallas's papers and to take as many of their confederates as have not made their escape. Pallas, when informed of this action to-day, protested that he had no confederates, and stood in no near relations to other Spanish Anarchists. He said that he made the two bombs himself, and conceived alone the plot for the assassination of Campos.

The Captain General is making satisfactory progress toward recovery. The injury to his thigh has been found to be merely a flesh wound. A civilian who was struck by a flying piece of shell at the time of the explosion died this afternoon.

COAL ADVANCING IN ENGLAND.

One Unfortunate Result of the Strike Among the Miners.

LONDON, Sept. 25.—The season is rapidly approaching when the demand for coal reaches its largest volume, and as the demand increases, coal merchants advance their prices, for, owing to the strike of the coal miners, the supply is not equal to the demand. On Saturday prices were advanced 2s. per ton, and to-day a further advance of 2s. was made.

It is feared that, even should the strike soon end, it would be some time before prices would reach their normal level, and the rates even now prevailing are almost prohibitive to the poor. Should the Winter set in early much suffering will result from the scarcity of mined coal.

THE CAMPERDOWN RUNS AGROUND

On Her First Trip Since She Sank the Victoria.

VALETTA, Malta, Sept. 25.—The British battle ship Camperdown, flagship of Rear Admiral Markham, grounded this morning at the entrance of the harbor. At about 2 o'clock this afternoon the Camperdown was got afloat.

It was found this evening by divers who had been sent down to examine the hull that the vessel had sustained only slight damage, owing to the prompt measures that were taken to get her afloat. The divers are now engaged in patching up the damage.

The Camperdown is the vessel that recently, during the manoeuvres of the British fleet off Tripoli, Syria, ran into and sank the battle ship Victoria, causing great loss of life, among the drowned being Vice Admiral Sir George Tryon, Commander in Chief of the Mediterranean squadron. The Camperdown sustained considerable damage forward in the collision, and shortly after her arrival here she was placed in dock. Her repairs had just been completed and to-day she started out on a trial trip and had proceeded but a short distance when she struck bottom.

THE POPE GREATLY PLEASED.

Dissension Among the American Catholics at an End.

ROME, Sept. 25.—It is learned from a most reliable authority that the Vatican has received advices from the United States showing that the dissensions among Catholics there have ceased, and that the groups who opposed Mgr. Satolli have submitted to his authority. The Vatican is especially pleased to learn that calm has been re-established in the New-York province.

The Pope has postponed indefinitely the completion of his encyclical concerning social questions. He will prepare, however, in time for publication at the close of his episcopal jubilee, a letter to the Catholics of the world, thanking them for their devotion as shown during his jubilee, and directing special attention to the increasing strength of the ties between the Church and democratic institutions.

Although in comparatively good health, the Pope wishes to have a short period of repose, and, therefore, he has ordered that the Saturday audiences be suspended.

A Sensitive Diplomat Resigns.

LONDON, Sept. 25.—Count Tornielli Brusati di Vergano, Italian Ambassador to Great Britain, has tendered his resignation. His reason is that, despite his warnings, the Rome Government allowed exaggerated importance to be attached to the plan that a British fleet should visit Italian ports next month.

The announcement that the First Division of the British Mediterranean squadron would remain in Italian waters from Oct. 11 to Oct. 31 had hardly been made when several Italian journals and part of Germany's semi-official press tried to construe the courtesy as an answer to the Russo-French demonstration at Toulon. Some even prophesied that England was about to join the Triple Alliance. When Count Tornielli learned that these reports were secretly encouraged, if not countenanced, by the Rome Government he repeated his original warning against such a course. When this failed of effect he decided to retire from his post.

Double Tragedy in a Garrison.

BERLIN, Sept. 25.—Considerable excitement was caused here to-day among the troops in garrison by the tragic death of two petty officers. Sergt. Wagemann of the Fusiliers was drunk this morning, and knowledge of the fact coming to his superior officer, it was ordered that he be placed under arrest. Sergt. Kambousky was detailed to guard him after he was taken into custody.

Wagemann was ugly and made many threats, but little or no attention was paid to them. Through carelessness when Wagemann was arrested his revolver was not taken from him, and when the opportunity offered he shot Sergt. Kimbousky, killing him almost instantly. Wagemann then shot and killed himself.

The Maasdam's Passengers Coming.

LONDON, Sept. 25.—The Netherlands-American Line steamer Veendam, Capt. Vanderzee, from Rotterdam, called at Plymouth yesterday for the purpose of taking on board the passengers of the same company's steamer Maasdam. The latter steamer, while bound from Rotterdam for New-York, broke her shaft at sea and was towed back to Plymouth by the Dutch steamer P. Caland, which was also bound from Rotterdam for New-York. The Maasdam's passengers and their baggage were transferred to the Veendam immediately upon her arrival, and the latter vessel at once proceeded for New-York.

Czech Editors Under Arrest.

PRAGUE, Sept. 25.—Proprietor Gregr and Editor Janitch of The Narodni Listi, one of the largest Czech dailies in this city, have been arrested and will be tried by a special court for inciting the Czechs to breach of the peace.

That journal has been for years the most virulent anti-German sheet in Bohemia, and since the recent disturbances began has lost no opportunity to stir the people against the central Government.

The Emperor is said to contemplate placing all Bohemia under military law in case the Czech demonstrations do not abate.

A Gift from Mrs. Clara Porter.

HARTFORD, Conn., Sept. 25.—Mrs. Clara Porter of New-York has given the first scholarship for women in the Hartford Theological Seminary. The gift is in remembrance of the donor's mother, and will be effective for the new seminary year beginning Oct. 5.

NOTES OF THE SOCIAL WORLD.

LAROCQUE-DUER WEDDING.—Society will be glad to learn that on Oct. 25 it will have an opportunity to display its best finery at the marriage of Miss Eleanor Duer to Joseph Larocque, Jr. This announcement has been eagerly looked for. The invitations have not yet been issued, but the fact that the wedding is to take place in Grace Church means that it will be a fashionable incident, and that hundreds of cards will be sent out. Miss Duer is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James G. K. Duer of 446 Madison Avenue, and has, with her parents and sisters, been welcomed everywhere in society. In reciprocation the Duers have given some elaborate entertainments. Mrs. Duer was Miss Elizabeth Mead. Mr. Larocque is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Larocque of 6 East Fifty-sixth Street. He is a member of the Fencers Club, and though not a crack fencer, he handles the foils with ease and grace, and stands among the leading young members of the club. Mr. and Mrs. Duer and family have been spending the Summer at Southampton. Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Larocque have a beautiful country place on Premium Point, New-Rochelle, but it is needless to add that Joseph Larocque, Jr., has seen more of Southampton than of Premium Point the past Summer.

THE DYING NEWPORT SEASON.—The gay season at Newport is taking its last gasps, and in two weeks it will have expired. Thus far fifteen cottages have been closed until next season. Yesterday Miss S. E. Blatchford left Newport for this city to prepare for her departure for Europe to-morrow. Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Morgan have just closed their Newport home, Beacon Rock, and have left the seaside. Richard Potter has come to town from Newport. Yesterday Mr. and Mrs. George B. De Forest turned their backs on the city of villas and are now in town for a short stay before visiting the fashionable suburbs. Mr. and Mrs. Bradford Norman have also left Newport. Many of the cottagers will remain until Oct. 15, but after that date the colony of fashion will be as depressingly lonesome as it was earlier in the season strikingly gay.

JOHN JACOB ASTOR'S GENEROSITY.—The masters of the four tugs which pulled off the Nourmahal from the Blue Rocks at Newport a short time ago have received $500, to be divided among them. The money was in addition to the regular wreckage dues. It is said that Mr. Astor was very much humiliated over taking the inner course into Newport Harbor. He had been warned of the dangerous passage, but did not weigh the advice until the Nourmahal was driven on the Blue Rocks by the wind and tide.

ENTERTAINING A PAINTER.—M. Chartran, who painted the celebrated portrait of Pope Leo XIII. now on exhibition at the World's Fair, has been the guest of Perry Belmont at Newport.

Millinery.

Opening Days,

Tuesday & Wednesday,

Sept. 26th & 27th.

Fall Season 1893.

Lord & Taylor

Broadway & 20th St.

THE VALKYRIE NEARLY READY

SHE WILL HAVE HER RACING SAILS ON TO-MORROW.

To Sail Down the Bay on Thursday—Designer Watson Thinks She Will Win in a Blow or in a Light Breeze—Chairman Smith to Entertain Lord Dunraven Next Monday—Meeting of the Cup Committee and the Earl This Afternoon to Arrange for the Races.

Lord Dunraven received a visit early yesterday morning from ex-Commodore James D. Smith, who is Chairman of the committee appointed by the New-York Yacht Club to make all arrangements in connection with the international race. It was 9:30 o'clock in the morning when Mr. Smith called at the Waldorf. He staid with the Earl for about an hour, and chatted informally about the coming race.

Mr. Smith said that Lord Dunraven agreed to meet the committee at the clubhouse at 3:30 o'clock this afternoon to make all the final arrangements for the race. There are lots of little details to be discussed yet, such as the time of the start for each race, the conditions under which the yachts are to start, &c. The members of the committee the Earl will meet are Mr. J. D. Smith, Mr. A. Cass Canfield, Mr. Latham A. Fish, Mr. J. Frederick Tams, and Mr. Philip Schuyler.

Mr. Smith was exceedingly pleased with his visit to Lord Dunraven. When he left the hotel he said: "I had a very pleasant chat with the Earl, and my opinion is that he is a true sportsman and yachtsman in every sense of the word."

Mr. Smith also invited Lord Dunraven to meet the members of the committee and the officers of the club at dinner at Delmonico's at 7:30 o'clock next Monday evening, Oct. 2. Lord Dunraven accepted the invitation. Mr. Smith's guests on this occasion will be Lord Dunraven, Marquis of Ormonde, Lord Wolverton, the Hon. Hercules Robert Lagrishe, the Hon. Arthur Paget, Commodore Edwin D. Morgan, Vice Commodore W. Butler Duncan, Jr., Rear Commodore Archibald Rogers, Secretary J. V. S. Oddie, Treasurer F. W. J. Hunt, Mr. Latham A. Fish, Mr. Philip Schuyler, Mr. A. Cass Canfield, Mr. J. Fred Tams, Mr. S. Nicholson Kane, Mr. Irving Grinnell, Mr. Chester Griswold, Fleet Captain Gouverneur Kortright, Gen. Charles J. Paine, Mr. C. Oliver Iselin, Mr. R. Suydam Palmer, and Mr. H. Maitland Kersey.

There was an informal meeting of the Cup Committee at Mr. Smith's office in the afternoon to talk over the business to be transacted with Lord Dunraven to-day.

Designer George L. Watson and Mr. T. Ratsey, who is looking after the Valkyrie's sails, paid a visit to the yacht at Bay Ridge yesterday morning and another during the afternoon. They went down in the tug Pulver. Mr. Watson says he is well pleased with the progress being made on the yacht. "Her racing spars are on board and the rigging is being thoroughly overhauled, and the yacht will be ready in a day or two for her trial spin in these waters. We expect to bend on her sails to-morrow and go down the bay on Thursday. Then we shall note where any changes are wanted, and make them as soon as we can. The Valkyrie will be out sailing every day until she goes on the dry dock, and then changes that are necessary can be made while she is on the ways."

"What do you think of the chances of the Valkyrie, Mr. Watson?" asked a reporter for The Times.

"In a very strong breeze, or in a very light breeze, I think the Valkyrie will win, but if the breeze is a moderate one, so that the Vigilant can carry all her sails, I think she will win. I base these ideas on the sailing qualities of the Navahoe, which I noticed in English waters."

Capt. Cranfield had his men at work long before there was any sign of life on any of the other yachts anchored off Bay Ridge. He started in scraping and cleaning almost as soon as it was light, and by sunset the Valkyrie looked more like a racer than ever. Her bowsprit has been made to fit and was put outboard. When the Valkyrie raced in England the bowsprit was only sixteen feet outboard. Now it is several feet more. The boom, too, is much longer than the one used in the British waters. Nearly all the running gear was up by sunset and yachtsmen were rather surprised at the size of her spars.

Capt. Cranfield says he has not been on shore since he arrived here. He is anxious to get the yacht in shape before he takes any time to see the sights. He said: "We want to get her under sail as quickly as possible, and find out how the sails set, so as to be able to make any changes we want to. The work of cleaning the yacht's bottom will not be very serious. The copper will be cleaned, sandpapered, and then smoothed over with emery paper. There will be some painting to be done, too, and then we shall be ready for the races."

During the morning the crew took some of her spare gear and some of the stores used on the trip across the ocean ashore and put them in the Atlantic Yacht Club House.

Sunday evening the sailors on the English cutter saved a man from drowning. The sailors on the Valkyrie don't work on Sundays, and just after sundown they were attending divine service in the cabin when they heard some one in the water shouting for help. Several of the sailors rushed on deck and saw a man struggling in the water, with a capsized rowboat drifting away from him. They quickly lowered the Valkyrie's gig and caught the man. He was taken on board, given stimulants, and then sent ashore. The rescued man refused to give his name.

It has been a wonder to many that more sightseers have not been upset in the water. All day long the cutter is surrounded with small boats. The boatmen around Bay Ridge are making lots of money. They would like to have a cup challenger at anchor there all the year round. One man paid $25 for the use of a small steam launch on Sunday. At the end of the day he had taken in $96, giving him a profit of $71 for his day's work.

Mr. Charles Kerr, Lord Dunraven's brother-in-law, chatted about the coming race yesterday morning. He said: "From what I have heard of the Vigilant and her performances since my arrival, I am inclined to think the Valkyrie is going to win the race. I know, too, of many other yachtsmen who are of the same opinion. Over here there seems to be an idea that the Valkyrie is not much good in a gale. At least, that seems to be the impression of all with whom I have talked. Now, this is perfectly true in our interpretation of a gale, but not in yours. What is called a gale over here, in England is merely a good stiff breeze. Races are not sailed in gales here. Only last month a race to be sailed off Newport was declared off because of too much wind. In a gale, as we call it, the Valkyrie is not at her best, but in a gale as it is understood here she sails remarkably well."

The Queen Mab, Mr. Percy Chubbs's cutter, anchored near the Valkyrie yesterday, and every one remarked on the similarity in model of the two boats. The Valkyrie looks to be an enlarged Queen Mab.

Commodore E. F. Sutton arrived at Bay Ridge yesterday, with his schooner Loyal. The Loyal will go out of commission to-day. Mr. Sutton had a good look at the Valkyrie and thought her a very dangerous boat. He said: "If she had a centreboard in her I should be scared that she would win the cup. I think the Vigilant will beat her to windward, but the Valkyrie will run the faster of the two."

Mr. Watson, Mr. Kerr, and Mr. Smith all said there was no truth in the report that Lord Dunraven had challenged the Navahoe for the Brenton's Reef Cup. They said that the Navahoe would not be over here before November, and that would be too late to race.

The Union League Club has chartered the steamer Richard Peck for the use of the club members and their friends during the cup races.

The Vigilant had another spin on the Sound yesterday. Mr. Iselin has had some slight changes made in her rig and has tried how they work. Sawyer had made the Vigilant new head sails and these are being tried. Everything possible is being done to get the boat in the finest possible shape.

Who will represent the New-York Yacht Club on the Valkyrie has not yet been decided, but it will be one of these gentlemen: Mr. Archibald Rogers, Mr. Lloyd Phoenix, or Mr. Rutherford Stuyvesant. The opinion seems to be that Mr. Rogers will be the man.

WHILE THE FURNITURE trade is very dull GEO. C. FLINT CO., of 14th St. and 6th Av., are all activity, as they cut prices and got all the buyers.—*Adv.*

HAMMERSLOUGH BROTHERS,

manufacturers and largest wholesalers of the best and most reliable clothing made in this country, continue the sale AT RETAIL of their entire stock of Men's and Youths' Fine Suits, Overcoats, (light and heavy weights,) Ulsters, Trousers, Full Dress Suits, etc., etc.

SALE AT THEIR WHOLESALE PREMISES ON BLEECKER ST., CORNER GREENE—MIDWAY BETWEEN BROADWAY AND THE BLEECKER ST. STATION OF THE 6TH AVE. ELEVATED R. R.

EVERY GARMENT SOLD AT STRICTLY WHOLESALE PRICE—and your money back, at any time, if you want it.

Building crowded. Busy as bees. A rare chance to buy good clothing at little cost.

HAMMERSLOUGH BROTHERS,

ESTABLISHED 1856,

Bleecker St., cor. Greene.

MONMOUTH'S WEAK ANSWER.

Claiming that Mr. Bronson Was Excluded for Their Self-Protection.

The Monmouth Park Race Track Association yesterday presented their answer to the temporary injunction restraining them from excluding C. Tracy Bronson, a reporter for The New-York Times, from the race track at Monmouth Park. The case came up before Vice-Chancellor Pitney in Chancery, Chambers, Jersey City, who also listened to an argument as to whether the temporary restraining order should be continued.

Mr. Bronson was refused admission to the Monmouth track on July 14. Suit was begun on July 23, when an application for a permanent injunction against the Monmouth Association was made to Vice-Chancellor Pitney. The latter granted a temporary restraining order, returnable Aug. 14. By agreement of counsel, the hearing was postponed until yesterday, when it again came up.

The answer was in three counts. The Monmouth Park Association claims:

First, That the reservations on the ticket of entrance to the grounds gave them the right to exclude objectionable persons.

Second, That the race track is not a public institution, as alleged in the complaint. It has no public function, and is merely a private corporation.

Third, That even if it was a public institution, Bronson had libeled them by writing untrue articles tending to ruin their business, and they had to exclude him for self-protection.

Vice-Chancellor Pitney then reviewed the three points of the answer. He said he wanted them thoroughly discussed.

On the first he said that it must be decided whether the Monmouth Park Association have a right to exclude objectionable persons except where the objection is in their own personal character or actions while on the grounds. Regarding the second point Vice-Chancellor Pitney said that when he had granted the temporary injunction he was under the impression that the track was a public institution. This must, of course, be decided.

On the third point, the Vice-Chancellor asked if even if the track was a public institution, had they still the right to object to Mr. Bronson's entrance, and instituted an analogy, of a railroad company excluding from its cars all persons who had libeled it. All railroads insert a clause on their ticket agreements concerning objectionable persons. Yet no railroad would claim the right to exclude a person from its train because that person had published untrue statements concerning it.

William H. Bradbury, for the Monmouth Association, referred to the case of Stokes versus the Monmouth Park Association, which was decided in 1884 in favor of the race track. In Vice-Chancellor Pitney's recollection this case was decided in favor of the association, because of the actions of the defendant on the grounds. It could hardly be taken for a precedent to the present case, where the actions and character of the defendant were perfectly proper while on the property of the complainant.

The answer of the Monmouth Association was accompanied by an affidavit, as is required by the laws of the Chancery Court, and as the counsel for Mr. Bronson wanted time to consider the answer, it was agreed by both sides of the case to postpone the final hearing. Vice-Chancellor Pitney granted the postponement and set Oct. 23 as the day when the case must be settled.

During the course of the proceedings the Vice-Chancellor made several suggestions on the line of argument and the points to be argued. The trend of his remarks was generally in favor of granting a permanent injunction. The Vice-Chancellor is not in favor of horse racing. He said, in the course of the argument:

"The whole business is in a filthy state and it should be wiped out. I have never been to a race track, but that is my opinion."

A Decision Against Monmouth.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., Sept. 25.—Justice David H. Wyckoff rendered a decision today in the suit brought by Patrick Coleman of Hoboken to collect a penalty of $200 from the Monmouth Park Association for not filing a list of the officers with the Secretary of State, as required by law. The Justice gave a verdict in Coleman's favor, with costs of the suit.

SHOES

SCHOOL DAYS

at hand and children afoot. A good-looking, well-fitting, long-wearing article is what is wanted. We furnish it.

ALEXANDER,

6th Av. & 23d St., N. Y.

Laces and Handkerchiefs.

To-day and during the week we shall have a special sale of Real and Imitation Laces consisting of Point Gaze Flounces from $10.00 to $35.00 per yard. Duchesse Flounces from $4.00 to $20.00 per yard. Point Gaze Duchesse and Valenciennes Trimming Laces. Novelties in Black, White and Ecru Laces in all widths. Point De Gene Laces and Insertions.

IN THE BASEMENT

75 pieces of Embroidered and Tucked Skirtings 44 inches wide at 65 cents per yard; Regular price $1.00 per yard. 750 dozen Ladies' Embroidered Handkerchiefs at 15 cents, 20 cents and 25 cents each.

Ladies' Hand-Embroidered Handkerchiefs from 50 cents to $5.00 each. 255 dozen Gentlemen's Colored-Bordered Handkerchiefs at 20 cents each.

A special line of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Initial Handkerchiefs at 25 cents each.

JAMES McCREERY & CO., Broadway and 11th St.

REFUSED TO ACCEPT THE CHECK.

The Receiver of the Commercial Bank, Brooklyn, Asks for Judicial Advice.

The affairs of the Commercial Bank of Brooklyn were yesterday brought before Judge Bartlett in the Supreme Court, Brooklyn, on an application by Receiver Dykman for instructions concerning a check tendered him by George Malcom in part payment of his note for $10,000. Mr. Malcom is one of the Directors who four years ago gave their notes for $10,000 each to assist in making up a deficiency of the bank's treasury. The Malcom note remained unpaid, however, until Mr. Dykman took charge.

Mr. Malcom gave Mr. Dykman a certified check on the Nassau Trust Company for $8,450.27, and another check for $1,500 on the Commercial Bank. Mr. Dykman refused to accept the latter check until the court had pronounced such a transaction legal. As Mr. Malcom was not represented by counsel the matter was adjourned until to-day.

Mr. Dykman also applied for permission to employ James H. Dawson, the former cashier of the bank, as general clerk; Alexander H. Moore and William Watson as bookkeepers, and John A. Peal as janitor. Judge Bartlett gave no decision, but said he believed a receiver was entitled to employ such assistants.

Attorney General Rosendale is expected to make a motion Saturday that the present receivership of the bank be made permanent. David Barnett, counsel for the bank Directors, will try to delay such a step, on the ground that a number of stockholders and depositors are willing to reorganize the bank. The depositors who have protested vigorously against Mr. Dykman's appointment as receiver will be represented by counsel, who will make an effort to have either Mr. Dykman removed or an associate receiver appointed, who will look after their interests in winding up the bank's affairs.

Abrams Doubted His Own Sanity.

Judge Pryor of the Court of Common Pleas yesterday appointed Samuel B. Paul and Dr. George L. Harrison Commissioners to inquire into the sanity of Samuel M. Abrams, now confined in the insane asylum on Ward's Island. Application for the appointment of the commission was made by his father, Jacob Abrams, 220 East Thirty-fourth Street.

Young Abrams is a lawyer, who had practiced his profession until a year ago, when he appeared before a Police Justice and requested to be examined as to his sanity. He was sent to Bellevue Hospital, and, after being confined there some time, he was discharged, but was subsequently sent to the asylum. He is entitled to some money and property from the estate of his uncles, Isidore and Charles Goldstein.

Klipper's Experience in Wedlock.

Judge Pryor of the Court of Common Pleas yesterday granted an order for the service of a summons by publication on Lizzie M. Klipper, in a suit brought against her for absolute divorce by her husband, Adam Klipper.

The complaint avers that the marriage took place at Long Branch, Nov. 9, 1889, and that Klipper has not seen his wife for three years. He states that she was living at Long Branch last June, but that he is now unable to ascertain her whereabouts.

Registered Trade Mark.

TOWELS.

Progress in art is noticeable even in towels. The old-fashioned deep colors which used to stripe the borders have given place to soft shades of yellow, pink, and blue, or these and similar colors in combination wrought in pretty design, so that the color and design in the border of towels may now be found to harmonize with the other dainty articles in the bedchamber. We call special attention to our line of towels in many weaves, Hemstitched and Fringed, with attractive colored borders, as well as plain white.

James McCutcheon & Co.,

THE LINEN STORE,

14 West 23d St.

O'NEILL'S,

Sixth Ave., 20th to 21st St.

Special Offering

LADIES' JACKETS *AND* **HOUSE GOWNS.**

JACKETS.

All wool Kersey Jackets, full plaited backs and sleeves, silk trimmed,

3.98;

Formerly 6.00 to 9.00.

All wool Kersey Jackets, half silk lined, new full backs and sleeves, silk sewed and trimmed,

4.98;

Formerly 10.00.

All wool Clay Diagonal Jackets, box plaited, Pingat sleeves, umbrella shapes, silk sewed and lined,

11.98;

Formerly 24.98.

All wool imported Kersey Short Jackets, all lined with figured silks, natty and stylish shapes,

14.98;

Formerly 29.98.

H. O'NEILL & CO.,

6th Ave., 20th to 21st St.

HOUSE GOWNS.

Imperial Flannelette Gowns, in the most desirable shapes, variety of colors,

1.39;

Worth 2.25.

Wool Cashmere Tea Gowns elegantly trimmed and finished,

4.98;

Worth 7.98.

Bath Robes, Silk Robes, House Robes,

3.98 to 35.00.

MACKINTOSHES.

300 Mackintosh Garments,

ODD SIZES,

ALL COLORS,

CORRECT SHAPES.

All wool cloths, treated with rubber, (warranted,)

3.98 to 9.98.

Formerly 8.00 to 18.00.

H. O'NEILL & CO.,

6th Ave., 20th to 21st St.

FATHER DENT DENIES THE STORY.

Says He Was Not Intrusted with Money by Young McNamara's Father.

Father Dent, the Brooklyn priest whose case in the courts has attracted attention during the past Summer, is in more trouble if the story Patrick McNamara tells is true. McNamara, who says he is twenty-seven years old, called at the Supreme Court, in Brooklyn, yesterday, and inquired in vain for the priest's address.

"My father," McNamara said, "was Thomas McNamara, a contractor. When I was five years old he was injured at Hartford, Conn., and died soon after being brought to his home in Brooklyn. Father Dent was called to administer the last sacrament to him. In the presence of witnesses my father turned over to Father Dent all his worldly possessions, to be held in trust for me and to be given to me when I attained my majority. Among other things there was a bankbook in a Hartford bank, showing a balance in bank of $300.

"After my father's death, Father Dent sent me to the Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum in Brooklyn, where I remained until my mother died. I was then sent West and bound out on a farm. When I became of age I was released from the farm and moved to Buffalo. Two weeks ago, I received a letter from an aunt, from whom I learned for the first time of the circumstances of my father's death and the property which Father Dent held in trust for me. I immediately started for Brooklyn and walked the whole distance, for I had no money to pay fare. I wish to find Father Dent and get my property from him."

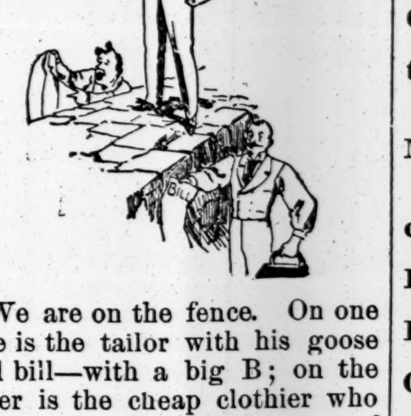
Father Dent called at the office of The New-York Times last night and made a statement. He said his address was not unknown, as it has figured all through the lawsuit with which he has been connected. It is 332 Park Avenue, Brooklyn.

"This story," he said, "is an invention of my enemies. But it will do them no good. I defy them to do their worst. The story of McNamara is a palpable invention. I remember a case which happened while I was in Hartford which resembles this one somewhat, but it is not the same.

"I was called to see a man who was ill, but not seriously. He was unmarried, but confessed to me that he had a child living in Brooklyn. He wanted to know if he ought to leave any money to provide for its support. I told him he was in duty bound to do so. I also said he ought to find the mother of his offspring and provide for her as well. Then I left him and did not see him afterward. It seems he followed my advice, for when he died some time later he left all his money to his child and its mother. I, however, had nothing to do with the disposition of the fund. It was left in care of another Brooklyn priest. What his action in the matter was I do not know.

"This could not have been the same case, as I did not leave Hartford until 1874, and the man in this story was in Brooklyn when he died. The man I have reference to died in Hartford."

Father Dent declined to give the name of the Brooklyn priest mentioned in his story.



We are on the fence. On one side is the tailor with his goose and bill—with a big B; on the other is the cheap clothier who stuffs his goods and the ears of his conscience with cotton.

But the fence is not a fence; it is a high stone wall, broad and smooth at the top, and from it you may see both sides and all the country round.

Come up; there is plenty of room and the view is fine.

Boys' and Men's wearables—clothes, shoes, hats, furnishings.

ROGERS, PEET & CO.

THREE BROADWAY STORES. { Prince, Warren, 32d St.

AIDES OF THE BROOKLYN BOSS.

Kings County's Campaign Committee of Office Holders.

Kings County's Democratic Campaign Committee for 1893 has been announced. A glance at the names on the list shows it to be a close corporation of office holders and chronic office seekers.

The machine perpetuates itself. To the voting masses is accorded the privilege of putting a ballot in the slot for the nominees chosen by the machine.

Here are the names and occupations of the members of the Campaign Committee, as fully as they could be ascertained yesterday:

Ward.
I.—Alden S. Swan, Tax Collector.
II.—Martin F. Conley, Supervisor.
III.—John McNamara, Assessor.
IV.—John H. Martinhoff.
V.—William H. Jordan, Alderman.
VI.—Michael J. Cummings, City Clerk.
VII.—Thomas A. Kerrigan, Sheriff's Auctioneer.
VIII.—Daniel Ryan, Superintendent of Public Construction.
IX.—Thomas F. Byrne, Assemblyman.
X.—James G. Tighe, Police Justice.
XI.—Henry F. Haggerty, Police Justice.
XII.—John J. Cain, ex-Alderman Coffey's partner.
XIII.—Patrick Hayes, Warden of Penitentiary.
XIV.—Thomas J. Patterson, Assessor.
XV.—Canice Cassin, Fire Department.
XVI.—George H. Lindsay, Coroner.
XVII.—Bernard Lamb, Clerk Board of Charities.
XVIII.—Peter Bellman.
XIX.—John M. Rankin, ex-County Clerk.
XX.—John Courtney, Sheriff.
XXI.—George W. Anderson, Quarantine Commissioner.
XXII.—John Delmar, ex-County Clerk.
XXIII.—Thomas J. McKenna, Register.
XXIV.—George V. Brower, Park Commissioner.
XXV.—James H. Knapp.
XXVI.—Henry H. Adams, County Treasurer.
XXVII.—Robert E. Connelly, Police Justice.
XXVIII.—John Mehan.
Flatbush.—William H. Lyman, Supervisor.
Flatlands.—Henry Lemken, liquor dealer.
Gravesend.—John Y. McKane, Supervisor.
New-Utrecht.—Charles C. Bennett.

Amid such an aggregation a non-office-holding Democrat would probably feel as lonesome as a trout in a pickerel pond.

Free to Attend the Convention.

Collector Kilbreth returned to his desk yesterday, after a visit to Chicago. He said he had not yet decided when he would appoint new Deputy Collectors, but intimated that if those who are to be relieved wished to attend the Republican State Convention at Syracuse Oct. 6 they might safely make arrangements to do so.

DRESS GOODS

A NUMBER OF BARGAINS.

The following lines at 50 cents per yard:

All Wool Mottled Cheviots.

All Wool Toned Block Checks.

All Wool Figured Novelties.

All Wool Dotted Novelties.

All Wool Herring-bone Mixtures.

All Wool Knotted Boucle.

The following lines at 75 cents per yard:

110 pieces French Camels Hair.

200 pieces French Satin Henrietta.

75 pieces French Satin Corkscrew.

100 pieces Two-tone Basket Tweeds.

120 pieces Shaded Chain Twills.

150 pieces Fall Hop-Sackings.

All the above on sale to-day in the Basement. Purchasers may be assured of exceptional values. Only rarely are such goods offered on regular sale at these low prices.

JAMES McCREERY & CO., Broadway and 11th St.

PAGES 9–10. TUESDAY, The New-York Times. SEPT. 26, 1893. PAGES 9–10.

READING AND MR. M'LEOD

HOW HE WAS OVERMASTERED BY RIVALS MORE ABLE.

His Unfitness to Handle the Complicated Coal Combination—Distracted by Private Speculations, He Abandoned Reading to Its Fate—The Company's Interests Subordinated to Those of Its Most Active Competitors—Incidents Which Led Up to His Greatest Coup.

It was shown in the article published on Sunday that the coal output of the Reading Company increased from 6,279,000 tons in 1887 to 7,574,000 tons in 1891. This increase is even more remarkable when the figures for each year in the period are examined. They were as follows: In 1887, 6,279,852; in 1888, 6,138,942; in 1889, 6,057,101; in 1890, 6,781,305, and in 1891, 7,574,301. The decrease in 1888 arose from the great strike of that year, and in 1889 a further decrease was made, owing to the poor condition into which the coal properties had sunk, partly through the strike and partly through want of development. The lack of development was due to the extraordinary efforts made to pay interest on the income bonds in that year, which absorbed funds which should have gone into the property. Recuperation began in 1889, when only $68,000 interest was paid on the first preference bonds, and it will be observed that in the two years from 1889 to 1891 the output increased 1,517,565 tons.

Mr. Rice made a statement while in London that from this remarkable increase in production, and the issue of collateral trust bonds for extraordinary expenses, the permanency of the interest on the income bonds, and eventually dividends on the stock, could be reasonably anticipated. For this utterance he has been reproached on the ground of being oversanguine, but readers of The Times who have followed the history of Reading's coal business published last week need not be told that his position was perfectly logical, as, of course, such forecasts are always predicated upon honest management. And, if it is noted, too, that notwithstanding this great increase of 1891 over 1889, the Reading had not yet reached the proportion of the output which it enjoyed in 1887, much less its proper proportion, Mr. Rice's statement can only be considered temperate and conservative.

The coal combination was formed in February, 1892. It brought together companies controlling about 60 per cent. of the output, and it was understood that other companies, controlling together some 25 per cent. more, intended to co-operate with it at least to the extent of maintaining prices, which, in February, had begun to sink to an abnormally low level. It was also expected that by proper methods of restriction the cost of production would be diminished. There can be no doubt that if Mr. McLeod had proved himself a man of the necessary ability for the conduct of this vast enterprise, thus put under his absolute control, (as his Board of Directors seems to have been a mere machine for the registering of his wishes,) he could have managed the combination so that without raising prices beyond the normal increases required by the seasons, the prosperity of the company would have been assured. Unfortunately, he soon proved himself deficient in the qualities requisite for a man in his position, and it was not long before he was overmastered by those much abler and more experienced, who were in control of the leased and competing companies. His first step was in the direction which was almost sure to lead to results contrary to those which he was supposed to strive for. Instead of at once placing the Reading in command of the Jersey Central and Lehigh Valley, a position it was entitled to by reason of its guarantees of the dividends on their stock, he, on the contrary, made the Reading subject to the leased lines.

Mr. Maxwell, President of the Jersey Central, was made the First Vice President of the Reading; Mr. Harris, the President of the Lehigh Valley Coal and Navigation Company, whose lines are leased by the Jersey Central, and which as a coal seller was in competition with the Reading, was made Vice President of the Coal and Iron Company; Messrs. Hartshorne and Sayre of the Lehigh Valley were made Second and Third Vice Presidents of the Reading respectively, the counsel of the Lehigh Valley was appointed assistant to the President of the Reading, and the Traffic Manager of the Lehigh Valley was made Traffic Manager of the Reading. In fact, Reading, instead of being the dominating force, as it should have been, was thus at once by these strategic blunders placed in a position of inferiority from which it could not recover. The increases in the net earnings of the Reading, which had occurred with marked regularity for the first three months of the year before the combination was made, began to be checked for reasons then utterly mysterious, and which have not yet been fully made clear. Troubles inside of the combination arose almost at once, and the President of the Reading was unable to cope with them in any manner.

It was soon clear, too, that the Jersey Central was not totally averse to the suits brought by the State of New-Jersey against the lease. In fact, by a singular inadvertence, when receivership was threatened against the interested companies in the State of New-Jersey, the Jersey Central, the chief offender, was forgotten, the lapse being made up later. Nor can any one blame the managers of the Jersey Central for desiring to escape from the combination. They were men known for their great ability, and they were deeply interested in their own property. They soon recognized the unfitness of Mr. McLeod for managing a business that had grown to be so complicated and which required at its head something akin to genius in order to keep all the conflicting interests within the combination in proper check. But Mr. McLeod was nothing daunted. He shook off the difficulties of the situation by plunging into still wider speculations and indulging in dreams of further additions to a system which had already proved to be too great for him to manage.

In the latter part of August Mr. McLeod entered into a private speculation which required for its success that the Boston and Maine and New-York and New-England Roads should be added to the list of Reading's leased lines. These speculations so engrossed his time and attention that they kept him absent from the City of Philadelphia so constantly that the whole business of the Reading became demoralized and the various departments were soon in conflict with each other. Instead of pursuing the policy inaugurated in 1889 looking toward the full development of Reading's mines, and which had already in 1891 produced such remarkable results, he relied for improved results on the much easier and simpler method of nominally increasing prices and valuing his coal on hand accordingly.

By adhering to these increased prices, without the ability to dispose of the coal, Mr. McLeod gave the market to the Delaware and Lackawanna and other companies not in the combination, but who had simply given some ill-defined promise of adhesion. Thus was amassed a vast quantity of coal, which the greater it grew the more difficult it became to handle. The natural result of this was that the output of Reading's mines, instead of being increased in proportion to the general output, began to fall off alarmingly. The company should have mined at least 300,000 tons more in 1892 than in 1891, but instead of doing so it produced over 400,000 tons less that year. The actual loss to Reading by this mismanagement amounted to a decreased output of at least 700,000 tons, when compared with the probable output of a careful and honest management. Mr. McLeod had more important business on hand than paying attention to Reading's output. He had stock speculations in which $320,000 general mortgage bonds of his own were involved, and which in the month of December already showed a loss of $400,000. His whole mind was evidently occupied in devising means to carry these speculations to a successful end, and his anxiety was all the more justified as, in these speculations, he had withdrawn securities from the treasury of the company—which undoubtedly at first it was his intention to put back as soon as the speculations might show satisfactory results. As these results became more and more unsatisfactory, and the chances of putting back the securities became more and more remote, he became more and more preoccupied, and Reading's great affairs were practically without a head. The mining and transporting departments were in absolute conflict with each other. For want of motive power, which, as Mr. Rice has stated, was largely occupied on leased lines of the property instead of being used to haul Reading's coal, Reading's main line became absolutely blocked for weeks. Mr. Harris, in a late statement, attempted to excuse this frightful condition of affairs, for which he was largely responsible, (as he was at that time practically the head of the Coal and Iron Company as its Vice President,) on the ground of the severity of the weather—a strange ground, indeed, when one reflects that the severity of the weather produced an increased demand for domestic consumption, by means of which Reading ought to have made great additions to its earnings if it had been properly managed. No further reason than the demoralization caused by the absence of any direction need be alleged to account for the calamitous state of affairs which existed.

And yet even these calamitous conditions were intensified by the fact that the Jersey Central had grown restive under restrictions which caused it a large loss of its tonnage, while the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western and other roads out of the combination were making immense increases. The condition of affairs indeed became so intolerable that the Jersey Central, under justification of the decrees of the Chancellor of New-Jersey, separated itself entirely from the combination, not, however, without making a large claim for coal sold to the Reading. This claim was readily agreed to by Mr. McLeod. It was satisfied by turning over to the Jersey Central coal at the rate of $2.50 per ton. After the Jersey Central left the combination, it succeeded in obtaining for itself a preference for the transportation of its coal to Reading's terminal in Philadelphia, over Reading's own tracks, to the extent of 1,000 tons a day all through the busy Winter season. The Lehigh Valley took occasion at the same time to obtain for itself a similar preference for its coal over Reading's tracks to the same terminal. In order to make this preference possible, Reading's own coal was sidetracked and blocked.

The money which Reading had earned, and which, according to published statements, amounted to $3,181,000 above the fixed charges, was then all invested in coal. The Lehigh Valley lease had caused a loss of $1,500,000 in cold cash, the McLeod speculations had tied up $3,150,000 in cash and securities, and interest on the income bonds amounting to $3,000,000 had been paid. Mr. McLeod then made his greatest coup. He forced the company into bankruptcy on a claim of $2,750 trumped up for the occasion.

LESTER PASCO'S BIRTHDAY

He Will Celebrate His Ninety-third on Thursday.

HARTFORD, Conn., Sept. 25.—Lester Pasco, the oldest resident voter in this city, will be ninety-three years old on Thursday of this week, and the event will be celebrated by the aged citizen's friends and relatives. Mr. Pasco retired from business forty years ago. He has one daughter, Mrs. E. A. Stevens, living in Nebraska, and Edward Lindsley of Cleveland, Ohio, is his stepson. The late Major Henry L. Pasco of Chicago, who was widely known by Western fire underwriters, was his only son.

Major Pasco was distinguished in the attempts of Union officers to escape from the Confederate prison at Macon, Ga., during the war.

The only daughter by Mr. Pasco's second marriage, Augusta V. Lockwood, was the wife of Capt. William H. Lockwood of this city, who served with Major Pasco in the field. At ninety-three Mr. Pasco has only four grandchildren living. They are Mrs. A. H. Bronson of this city, who achieved great admiration on Long Island Sound four or five years ago on account of her courage in piloting a yacht through one of the fiercest gales of the year; Frank P. Lockwood, who was with her alone in the gale; James Lester Lockwood, and Miss Bertha C. Lockwood.

While Mr. Pasco is the oldest male resident of the city, there is a woman ten years his senior living beyond him in West Hartford. This centenarian is Emily Robbins Talcott, who was born in Wethersfield Christmas Day, 1790. She was married on Christmas, twenty years afterward, her husband being Ansel Talcott, who was for many years a merchant at Buffalo, N. Y. One of her daughters, Mrs. Emily Bartholomew, still resides in that city. There are three children here, Mrs. C. C. Strong, wife of the City Treasurer of Hartford; Mrs. Edward H. Fenn, and Lewis A. Talcott. The wife of William L. Cushing, Principal of the Westminster School at Dobbs Ferry, N. Y., is a granddaughter of Mrs. Talcott, who is the oldest woman in Connecticut.

At Thanksgiving time there is expected to be a reunion of the family at Mrs. Talcott's home in West Hartford. It will be a unique event on account of the age of the hostess.

MAYOR TROUT ASKED TO RETURN.

Roanoke's Citizens' Committee Assures Him That He Will Not Be Molested.

ROANOKE, Va., Sept. 25.—The Citizens' Committee of Thirteen has issued the following address to Mayor Trout:

"We, the undersigned, constituting a committee representing the citizens of Roanoke, after full and deliberate thought, have determined to write and ask that you return to Roanoke as soon as the character of your injuries will permit of your traveling. We desire the return with you of all parties who may have left the city on account of the trouble last Wednesday night. It is proper for us to assure you, in making this request, that you will be secure from molestation, and we know we speak for the vast majority of the citizens of Roanoke, who desire and intend that there shall be a thorough, full, and legal investigation of the causes leading up to the loss of life on Wednesday night, and we are equally firm in our desire and intention that this investigation shall be conducted according to legal forms and precedents and under the control of the officers of the Commonwealth, without fear or favor. It is our purpose to demonstrate to the world that the charge that we are under mob rule and that the course of law cannot be pursued on account of intimidation and threats is false."

The Coroner's inquest was continued to-day.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—P. H. Kelley, editor of The Roanoke Times, who was in this city yesterday, is quoted as saying:

"In the time which has elapsed since the reign of mob law the feeling has grown stronger that the authorities acted indiscreetly in surrendering the principle which they at first strove so strongly to uphold. The belief is obtaining that the negro, by some preconcerted arrangement, was surrendered to the mob clamoring for his person to prevent further calamity. If this is found to be true the element heretofore sustaining the officials in their stand will be ready to condemn them."

New Yellow Fever Cases in Brunswick.

BRUNSWICK, Ga., Sept. 25.—Five new cases of yellow fever developed to-day—Mrs. Lorensten and child and Winn Johnston, her mother-in-law, and Callie Mitchell. The last three are colored women. The cases are on Amherst Street and Oglethorpe Street. Three cases have been discharged.

In an interview to-day, Surgeon Faget stated that, while the air was poisoned and the fever was in an epidemic form, he expected that a majority of the cases from now on will be of a mild type and the fatality small, a thorough organization of physicians and nurses having now been perfected to handle the epidemic. Dr. Faget says the relief now being furnished to the poor will greatly aid in preparing them to resist the ravages of the fever.

On the Trail of Murderer Schmidt.

RONDOUT, N. Y., Sept. 25.—John Schmidt, who murdered his son-in-law, William Hiltebrandt, at Philmont, on Sept. 12, and escaped from Coroner Sheldon, has been tracked to a small town near Jersey City. The murderer's brother-in-law lives there, and when the detectives visited the house they found the clothes Schmidt wore when the murder was committed.

The brother-in-law said Schmidt went away on Saturday. It is thought he walked there from Philmont. The detectives expect to arrest the murderer very soon.

Sixty Lives Lost.

VICTORIA, B. C., Sept. 25.—The Northern Pacific steamer last night brought word of the burning of the Russian steamer Alphonse Zeevecke, with the loss of sixty lives.

President of Boston's Stock Exchange.

BOSTON, Sept. 25.—Charles Head was elected President of the Boston Stock Exchange to-day.

MANHATTAN DAY AT CHICAGO

ARRANGING A SPECIAL CELEBRATION FOR NEW-YORK CITY.

Mayor Gilroy and Other Well-Known Citizens Met Yesterday and Adopted Preliminary Measures for a Big Attendance and Celebration at the Columbian World's Fair—Reduced Railroad Rates—Controller Myers in an Enthusiastic Mood.

It is now practically settled that there will be a New-York City Day at the World's Fair, as originally suggested in The New-York Times, and that the date will be Saturday, Oct. 21.

E. V. Skinner and other gentlemen interested in the project have been getting the preliminary arrangements into shape, and they had so far progressed last Saturday that Mayor Gilroy, who has always been an ardent supporter of the scheme, sent invitations to some of the gentlemen prominent in the Columbus Committee of One Hundred to meet him at noon yesterday and discuss the matter informally. The meeting was held in the Mayor's private office.

At the meeting were Mayor Gilroy, Controller Theodore W. Myers, who has just returned from Chicago; City Chamberlain Joseph J. O'Donohue, Walter Stanton, Gen. Horace Porter, J. W. Tappen, ex-Mayor Franklin Edson, Edgar L. Ridgway, D. K. Bayne, E. V. Skinner, John D. Crimmins, J. I. C. Clarke, and others.

Mr. Gilroy briefly stated the purpose of the conference, and then asked Gen. Porter to take the chair. It was unanimously decided that it would be a very fitting thing for the metropolitan city of the continent to show its appreciation of the Columbian Exposition by arranging for a New-York City or Manhattan Day at the fair.

E. V. Skinner reported the result of his conference with the trunk lines for reduced rates of transportation. The fare for the round trip will be $15, but the tickets will be good only on Oct. 19, going out, and on Oct. 23, returning. Oct. 21 is the date conditionally fixed for Manhattan Day, and the gentlemen interested will make an effort to get a more liberal arrangement from the railroad companies than is now proposed, so far as the time allowance is concerned.

After a long discussion yesterday's conference empowered Gen. Horace Porter and Mayor Gilroy to appoint a Committee of One Hundred, to which all matters relating to Manhattan Day will be referred, and until this committee formally decides to carry out the New-York City Day idea the matter will remain unofficial. The committee will be announced either to-day or to-morrow, and will be called to meet in the latter part of this week, when sub-committees will be appointed to arrange for transportation, hotel accommodations, a programme for Manhattan Day, and all the various details.

Although he has already visited the fair, Mayor Gilroy will go to Chicago and do all he can to make Manhattan Day a success. He is enthusiastic over the project. He does not want a single New-Yorker who can possibly go to the fair to miss it, and he believes that thousands and thousands of residents of this city will avail themselves of the opportunity afforded.

Controller Myers returned from Chicago an out-and-out boomer for the exposition. He declares that no such exhibition will again be seen by this generation, and that he cannot understand why much larger numbers of the American people have not visited it.

"There have been but 12,000,000 or 13,000,000 paid admissions to the fair," said he. "Giving each visitor an average of four visits, this would indicate that not many more than 3,000,000 persons had passed through the gates. Yet here is a wonderful exhibition, given at a dead loss of several millions of dollars, and the like of which we shall never see again. Every one in this city who can do so should certainly take advantage of the low rates for Manhattan Day and go to the fair."

Cornelius N. Bliss was detained from attending yesterday's meeting, but he sent a note to Mayor Gilroy heartily approving of the New-York City Day plan.

WANT THE CONSTITUTION REVISED.

The State Bar Association Urging Care in the Selection of Delegates.

An earnest request has been sent out by President J. Newton Fiero of the New-York State Bar Association, urging members of that organization to give their personal attention to the selection of delegates to both Senatorial district and State Conventions, to attend the coming Constitutional Convention. Five delegates to the convention from each Senatorial district and fifteen delegates for the State at large will be nominated.

"The bar throughout the State," said a member of the association yesterday, "hopes selections will be made of representatives capable of wisely considering the proposed revision of Article VI. of the State Constitution. No action was ever taken upon the report of the commission appointed to consider the subject, and the question will come up as new.

"To relieve the burden now placed upon the Court of Appeals and to reduce the number of cases reaching it is the chief aim of revision. The article providing for the second division of that court is still in force, though the secondary body has completed its calendar and the members are on circuit."

Naval Officers Learn a Lesson.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—The negligence on the Atlanta, by which that vessel was very nearly ruined for future service, and the threatened court-martial of several officers who had to do with her condition, have had at least one effect. Reports which come from the permanent boards of inspection on each ship have a completeness that is a novelty to the department officers. Heretofore the quarterly reports have been brief documents, conveying little information about the condition of ships. The reports received since the Atlanta exposures have been long papers which dive into the minutiae in marked contrast to the reports which perfunctorily came from the same quarters three months ago.

One board sent a report to the Navy Department Saturday describing with great exactness the loss of a bolt in one part of the ship, together with the fact that it was being replaced as the board was making its inspection, and later some one added in red ink that the bolt had been put in position. Paint which has been scraped off a rivet head is reported as replaced. The Secretary, who had just reason for more than reprimanding some of the officers of the Atlanta, will find no cause for complaint now with the quarterly reports from ships of war. They are no longer mere matters of form; the department's instructions are actually being observed at last.

Gov. Flower Manages to Keep Busy.

ALBANY, Sept. 25.—Gov. Flower returned from Watertown at 5 o'clock this afternoon and left again at 11 o'clock to-night for Geneva, N. Y., to look over the State Agricultural Experimental Station. This will conclude his round, with the exception of two or three asylums, for which the State appropriates money annually.

The remaining institutions and a few engagements to give addresses at county fairs will take up his time for two weeks to come. Then he will give his attention to the disposal of business which has accumulated during the Summer and to the preparation of his annual message.

Among other things which will be taken up is the application for the pardon of Sergt. Crowley, which the Governor says he has not yet been able to attend to.

Car Horse Wedged in a Manhole.

On the approach of a Second Avenue car yesterday morning, workmen at the Bowery and Hester Street hastily replaced the cover of a manhole on the inner side of the Third Avenue cable road, which is temporarily used by the Second Avenue cars. One of the horses stepped on the cover, which was insecurely placed, and his forefeet and the cover went into the hole. The horse struggled to release himself, and soon all his feet were in the hole, where he became so tightly wedged that he could not move.

After a delay of about an hour the horse was hoisted from the manhole. He was uninjured, having been unable to struggle while in the hole.

LAWYER BURKE'S MANY WOES.

Held for the Grand Jury While Complaints Multiply Against Him.

In default of $5,000 bail, Lawyer Charles E. Burke was held yesterday by Justice Connelly, in the Gates Avenue Police Court, Brooklyn, to await the action of the Grand Jury on a charge of grand larceny, preferred by Arthur L. Tomes. Mr. Burke's bail was raised from $3,000 to $5,000 at the close of the first day's examination, last Wednesday.

Mr. Mulholland is another complainant against Lawyer Burke, whom he accuses of collecting bills and neglecting to pay over the sums so collected.

A third complainant is Mr. Horner, a furniture dealer in this city, who telegraphed yesterday morning to Mr. Tomes, requesting his presence at the Tombs Police Court, New-York, where Mr. Horner was to apply for a warrant of arrest for Burke. The furniture man charges that the lawyer collected a bill of $1,100 for him and, surreptitiously pocketing $600 of it, reported that $500 was all he had been able to obtain.

As reported in The New-York Times of last Thursday, Mr. Tomes invested $38,740 in the Chinese concessions of the plausible Count Mitkiewicz and sued to recover the money from the estate of the late Col. Elliott F. Shepard, the Count's alleged principal. Lawyer Burke represented that a favorable verdict would be assured if he could obtain $1,500 wherewith to purchase certain papers in the possession of an attorney at Washington. Tomes supplied the necessary collateral, but afterward concluded that he had been cheated. Burke was arrested while living under an assumed name in Chicago and was taken back to Brooklyn.

At yesterday's examination the accused lawyer pleaded eagerly and pathetically for another week's adjournment, so that he might procure important papers and summon a score of witnesses from Washington.

Justice Connelly decided that ample time had been given him already, and committed him to face the District Attorney and the Grand Jury.

WOMEN REVEL AMID DRY GOODS.

The Fall Opening of Liebmann Brothers, Brooklyn, Provides a Rare Treat.

The women of Brooklyn flocked in hundreds yesterday to the big new dry goods store of the Liebmann Brothers' Company, on Upper Fulton Street, to see the wonderful variety of fine fashions, in the latest fabrics, displayed on every floor. The special attraction was the firm's Fall "opening" in Paris, London, and American millinery. There was also an apparently limitless number of the newest designs in dress trimmings, silk and wool dress goods, gloves, hosiery—in fact, in everything which could be crowded on the counters of an establishment as large as the famous Bon Marche of Paris.

All women love to shop, but they revel in "openings," and yesterday's unusual opportunity in this direction made temporarily vacant a large number of Brooklyn homes. The women feasted their eyes on dainty creations of foreign milliners, and murmured exclamations of surprise and delight were heard on every hand as one after another of the beautiful hats and bonnets were inspected.

The firm placed on exhibition for their Fall trade a large number of elegant wraps at all prices. There was a great variety of capes, coats, sacks, and other garments of every kind and in almost every color.

Children's and misses' garments were also shown. A complete line of dress goods, of both new and standard patterns, shared attention with the other features of the opening.

It was with evident reluctance, and, in most cases, only after their pocketbooks were woefully depleted, that the women left this large and handsome Brooklyn store, when once they were within its mahogany portals.

ARCHBISHOP KAIN'S APPOINTMENT.

Made Administrator Because Archbishop Kenrick Would Not Resign.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Sept. 25.—The announcement recently made that Archbishop Kenrick of this diocese had been retired and that Archbishop Kain had been appointed administrator created a sensation among the clergy and laity of the country. Many doubted the statement. Notwithstanding these denials it can be stated positively that such appointment has been made. It was brought about in this way:

A committee of priests from this city visited Cardinal Gibbons at Dubuque, Iowa, on Sunday, Sept. 17, and there laid the matter before him. The Cardinal said the alternatives were resignation or transfer of administration. In order to accomplish the former Archbishop Ryan of Philadelphia was requested to visit Archbishop Kenrick and induce him to resign. His mission was unsuccessful. Archbishop Kenrick flatly refused to resign, and therefore nothing was left but the appointment of an administrator. The matter was then referred to Mgr. Satolli, and last week the papers bearing on the case reached Washington.

The latter instructed his secretary, Mgr. Papi, to draw up the necessary papers, endowing Archbishop Kain with full administrative powers in the Diocese of St. Louis, and these papers are expected to reach here to-morrow. Archbishop Kenrick, however, has not been "deposed." He has merely had an administrator appointed for his diocese.

Funeral of Mrs. Edward Fitch.

The funeral of Mrs. Edward Fitch was held yesterday morning at 10 o'clock at 1,388 Lexington Avenue, the home of her son, Congressman Ashbel P. Fitch. The services were conducted by the Rev. Harris E. Adriance and the Rev. Dr. John E. Bushnell.

Among those present were Judge Charles H. Truax, Congressman Charles Tracey of Albany, Congressman Dunphy, Postmaster Charles W. Dayton, Senator Cantor, Dr. John R. MacGregor, Col. Jacob Ruppert, Jr., Dr. J. Converse Rising, George Ehret, Mrs. Josephine Schmid and Miss Schmid, George H. Chatillon, John A. Douglass, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick A. Ringler, Daniel P. Morse and William Morse, Walter G. Hennessy and Mrs. Hennessy, Hugo Weber and Mrs. John Weber, Major John B. Hasslocher, Dr. George Lindenmeyer, Edward C. Schaefer, John C. Delavergne, Richard Katzenmeyer, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick C. White and Miss White, Louis Weber, Walter H. Stewart, Edwin Henes, and George E. Mott.

Charles T. Yerkes on Business Prospects.

Charles T. Yerkes, the big railroad man of Chicago, was in the lobby of the Fifth Avenue Hotel yesterday.

"The delay of the Senate is causing much uneasiness," he said, "and tends to retard the revival of business.

"I look for easier money this Winter if the Sherman law is repealed. I do not expect to see business pick up for at least a year.

"Owing to the belief that the tariff will be reduced in the near future, it is quite probable that we will export largely this Winter and import but little.

"Chicago has felt the hard times less than any other city in the country. From one to two million dollars a week has been spent there by fair visitors."

Actresses Pull Hair and Go to Law.

RONDOUT, N. Y., Sept. 25.—Annie Mitchell, the star of the Annie Mitchell theatrical company, and Emma Parker, an actress of the company, are having a little unpleasantness at Port Jervis which the local courts have been called upon to settle.

One day last week Emma Parker refused to act, and as a result her employer pulled her hair and called her names. She in turn treated her employer in the same way, and now each one has had the other arrested for assault.

The cases were both adjourned, and the prisoners gave bonds for their appearance.

Claims a Slice of the Hopper Farm.

Elsworth L. Striker has begun three actions in the Supreme Court through his counsel, Bliss & Schley, to recover an interest in certain pieces of property in the neighborhood of Tenth Avenue, Fiftieth, Fifty-first, and Fifty-second Streets, which formerly were a part of the old Hopper farm.

NOW HENRY ENJOINS DAVID

SOLOMON BROTHERS WILL SOON CEASE TO BE PARTNERS.

Released from a Lunatic Asylum and Married, David J. Solomon Recovered His Money and Jewels Yesterday and Proceeded Promptly to Investigate the Condition of His Business—Henry Obtains a Temporary Injunction, Pending a Dissolution.

The necktie manufacturing firm of D. J. Solomon & Co., 547 Broadway, will probably be dissolved soon, as neither David J. Solomon, who was locked up for over a month in Bloomingdale, nor his brother, Henry, who had him locked up, is desirous of continuing the business as partners. The first steps toward dissolution of partnership were taken yesterday by Henry.

Wearing his wedding suit and accompanied by his counsel, Robert J. Haire, David reached the office of the firm before 9 o'clock yesterday morning. Several of the employes were assembled in a corner of the store, and Henry Solomon was in the office. David J. walked up to the group of employes, shook hands with them and they congratulated him on his marriage and on his healthy appearance. He then walked toward the office, and Henry opened the door. Extending his hand, he said, "Good morning, David."

"Good morning," replied David, coldly touching his brother's hand. Then he added: "Aren't you ashamed of yourself, Henry?"

"Hold on!" interrupted Mr. Haire, "I think you had better not discuss that matter now."

Then Henry shook hands with Mr. Haire against whom he had been wrathful during David's trial for alleged insanity, and said: "Let bygones be bygones. I have nothing against you; you only attended to your business and did the best you could."

Salesman Solomon Marcus was present and David looked at him, but said nothing. Marcus paled under the look. He knew that he had no chance whatever with David.

David asked his brother for his watch, money and other valuables that had been taken from him when he was hurried off to Bloomingdale. Henry handed over a gold watch and chain, several rings and a pocketbook.

"Now, will you please let me have the keys of the safe?" said David.

"I will give them to you in a minute," replied Henry, as he picked up his hat and stepped out, followed by his brother-in-law, Mr. Kaiser, and Mr. Marcus. Boarding a cable car, he went to the office of his counsel, Adolph L. Sanger.

David J. Solomon then began examining the condition of the business of the firm, and said that the stock had been allowed to run down, and that he would have to begin ordering goods immediately. About $30,000 worth was needed, just about the quantity which his brother Henry said he was insane to buy.

When asked how soon he intended suing his brother for $50,000 damages, David said that that matter and the discharge of those employes who had testified that he was insane would be attended to later on, and that first he wanted to straighten out the affairs of the firm. He would, however, retain his younger brother, Lemond, as an employe of the firm, because he was a poor man. After waiting some time for the return of Henry, he went to his home in West One Hundred and Twenty-third Street.

Henry Solomon found Mr. Sanger, and they went before Judge McAdam in Superior Court Chambers, where an action was begun for the dissolution of the firm of D. J. Solomon & Co., and a motion was made for the appointment of a receiver of the property of the firm pending the dissolution. A temporary injunction was also obtained restricting David J. Solomon from interfering or meddling with the property of the firm until the motion for the appointment of a receiver should be determined. The motion is to be argued at 10:30 o'clock to-morrow morning before Judge McAdam.

Mr. Sanger remarked that it was impossible for the two brothers to continue in business together any longer, and that David was restrained by the injunction from selling or buying goods and from discharging or hiring employes.

Late in the afternoon the papers had not been served on David J. Solomon. To a reporter for The New-York Times he stated that he did not care to say what he would do in meeting the action his brother Henry had taken. As to the dissolution of partnership, he himself desired it ardently and there was no necessity of Henry going to court about it.

Westchester Fair Ready for Opening.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Sept. 25.—This was nominally the opening day of the annual fair of the Westchester County Agricultural and Horticultural Society, which begins in earnest to-morrow. To-day has been devoted to receiving exhibits, of every variety, for the edification of the multitude which it is expected will begin to wend its way hither to-morrow.

A large number of "fakirs" applied for space in which to amuse the public. Among them was the bullet-headed "African dodger," the ring and cane man, the frankfurter sandwich man, the popcorn man and the wheel of fortune man.

Floral Hall is filled with women's work, flowers, &c. The adjoining tents contain the best specimens of farm produce grown in the county. The show of prize horses, cattle, poultry, dogs, &c., promises to be excellent.

The prospects are that this fair will excel all that have preceded it. The splendid displays of previous years encouraged the managers, and they have been putting forth extra efforts to provide for the comfort of visitors. The grounds have been enlarged and beautified, and the roof of the grand stand has been extended so as to protect all the boxes from the sun and rain.

Not The Petit Journal's Correspondent.

Georges Meyer represents himself in New-York as the American correspondent of The Petit Journal of Paris, as a nephew of Arthur Meyer, proprietor of Le Gaulois, and as a relative of Charles Chincholle, the Figaro reporter who became famous as Boulanger's Boswell.

The managers of playhouses give tickets to first performances to him; the managers of railway companies accede to his requests for passes to Chicago; some of his fellow-countrymen have invited him to dinner and have loaned money to him.

He is young, tall, lithe, dressed in tender colors, in embroidered linen, and reminds one of whipped cream, of nougat, and of marmalade. He might play, without make up, the part of Prince Charming in a Christmas pantomime.

But the editors of The Petit Journal of Paris say that they have no correspondent in the United States, and that they do not know Georges Meyer. Arthur Meyer writes that his nephew is in Paris, and named Lionel, and Chincholle begs that the New-Yorkers, whom he profoundly admires, be made aware of the fact that his only nephew is twelve years old, a promising pupil of the Polytechnic School, and named neither Georges nor Meyer.

Convinced the Court on One Point.

Lillian M. Fowler, who was awarded $5 a week alimony in a suit for divorce from her husband, Lorenzo H. Fowler, some time ago, applied yesterday to Judge McAdam of the Superior Court for an order to compel him to pay $115 now due, or to punish him for contempt of court.

Fowler, who is a real estate broker, admitted owing her the money, but said he was unable to pay it in consequence of business depression. The court issued an order requiring him to pay one-third of the amount by Sept. 28. Fowler remarked that if that was law it was not practice, and that he might as well be committed for contempt. Judge McAdam ordered his commitment.

Medal of Honor for Gen. Rodenbough.

Gen. Theophilus F. Rodenbough, Chief of the Bureau of Elections, who is on the retired list of the United States Army with the rank of Colonel, was informed yesterday by Assistant Adjt. Gen. H. C. Corbin of the War Department that he had been awarded the Congressional Medal of Honor for gallant and meritorious service at Trevillian Station, Va., on July 11, 1864, when he was a Captain of the Second United States Cavalry, and in command of his regiment.

The award was made on the recommendation of Gen. Wesley Merritt, at present in command of the Department of Dakota.

FAILURE OF A SHOE COMPANY.

The L. & C. Wise Company Unable to Meet Its Notes—Liabilities About $250,000.

The L. & C. Wise Company, the boot and shoe commission firm at 396 Broadway, suspended yesterday, having been unable to raise money to meet notes amounting to $10,000. The notes were protested and could not be extended.

The Sheriff took charge of the store on two attachments for $47,573, one for $26,488 in favor of Charles Wise and one for $21,085 in favor of Leopold Wise, for money advanced to the company and for indorsements. Mr. Hershfield, counsel for the Messrs. Wise, said yesterday that Leopold Wise, who is President of the company, and Charles Wise, who is Vice-President and Treasurer, indorsed a large amount of the company's paper, and they took the attachments to protect themselves, as other attachments would come in on account of the protested notes, and because the company is a Jersey corporation.

A meeting of creditors will be called soon to decide what can be done to continue the business.

The company was incorporated on Aug. 4, 1892, with a capital stock of $250,000, and succeeded to the business carried on by the firm of L. & C. Wise. The Messrs. Wise had done an auction business for many years, but they gave that line up when the company was formed. The company had no capital rating at Bradstreet's, and a low credit rating.

Leopold Wise said yesterday that the failure of the company was the result of the hard times. It could not raise money to meet maturing paper, could not get the notes renewed, could not get remittances from customers, and could not sell the goods on hand, as it was impossible to tell who to trust if the goods were sold. He had been in business in this city for thirty-five years. The liabilities, he said, would not reach $250,000. He could not say what the assets are, as no inventory has yet been taken. The company has a retail store on Canal Street, near Mulberry.

BRUTALLY MURDERED HIS WIFE.

The Deliberate and Fiendish Crime of a Perth Amboy (N. J.) Man.

PERTH AMBOY, N. J., Sept. 25.—In a frenzy, caused by jealousy and liquor combined, Michael Fahey so brutally mutilated his wife Friday night that she died in a few hours. Owing to fears of the man being lynched, Chief of Police Burke kept the murder a secret until he had lodged Fahey in the county jail at New-Brunswick.

Mrs. Fahey was chopping wood in her yard, at 180 Washington Street, Friday. A neighbor, who took compassion on her owing to her weakened condition, offered to assist her. Mrs. Fahey, knowing the jealous disposition of her husband, at first refused the proffered aid. The neighbor insisted upon cutting the wood, and she finally allowed him to do the work. Upon Fahey's return from work that evening, Mrs. Fahey told him what the neighbor had done.

Fahey became jealous and angry. He threatened his wife, but did not attack her then.

After eating his supper, Fahey visited several saloons and drank considerable beer. He returned to his home at 11 o'clock and retired. His wife, who was afraid of him, waited until she supposed he was asleep, and then retired. She had no sooner reached the bed than he attacked and injured her in such a manner that she soon died.

CHICAGO PRODUCE MARKETS.

Wheat Was Lower—Corn Was Active—Oats Were Firm, and Provisions Steady.

CHICAGO, Sept. 25.—The trading in wheat to-day was moderately active, and prices ruled lower. The opening was somewhat firm and prices, ⅛@¼c higher than Saturday's closing, became weaker and declined ¾@⅞c, and closed ½@⅝c lower than Saturday. The early strength was influenced by the reported decrease of 1,104,000 bushels in the quantity of wheat and flour on ocean passage and smaller shipments from India, which were reported 500,000 bushels less than the previous week. There were quite a few buying orders at the start, but the offerings were quite liberal, cables lower, and the conditions for plowing and seeding favorable, and this created a weaker feeling.

As the figures of the visible supply were posted it became evident that the anticipations of a large increase would be fulfilled. The elevator troubles a few months ago at Duluth have made merchants who make a business of carrying wheat and bankers who loan money on warehouse receipts, rather cautious about making loans on wheat up there, and large receipts appear to be burdensome. Export clearances were fairly large, aggregating 706,000 bushels in wheat and flour. The visible showed an increase of 1,362,000 bushels against 3,590,000 bushels for the corresponding week last year. Domestic markets were lower. Local receipts were 260 cars, 85 over the number looked for. For the corresponding day last year the receipts were 604 cars. Minneapolis and Duluth received 1,135 cars; 1,617 were received on the corresponding day last year.

Corn received a fair amount of attention, the market ruling quite active at times, with price changes covering ⅜@¾c range. The feeling developed was rather stronger, and the close was at a small recession from top figures. There was good buying by houses who were generally supposed to be acting for Ream. The selling was principally by the local crowd. Opening prices were about the final figures of Saturday, and, after selling off a fraction, sold up ¼c and remained quiet for a while, but again firmed up, advancing another ⅜c, receding ¼c later, changed some; closed with ¼@⅜c gain. There was some realizing on advance, due to the liberal receipts. There were 1,015 cars in. Severe frosts were reported in many parts of the corn belt, but they cut very little figure, as it is what is now needed for curing. Warmer weather is predicted to follow the present cold snap. The visible showed an increase of 1,168,000 bushels. Local supplies increased 559,000 bushels. Outside markets were easy early, but firmed up some later. Cables were ¼d higher for spot, but ¼d lower for futures. Exports were fair at 111,866 bushels, and the quantity on ocean passage was reported at 24,000 bushels increase. A good cash demand was noted, shippers buying freely.

Oats—There was a moderate trade and a firmer feeling, especially for the near futures, which advanced about ⅝c, while May at the highest point showed but a gain of ⅜c, closing at a decline of ¼c from the outside, a net gain of ¼c for the day. Exports were large, New-York clearing 190,453 bushels. Stocks in Chicago decreased 50,000 bushels last week, but the visible showed an increase of 994,000 bushels. Receipts were 519 cars, 175 cars above the number estimated. Cash was in good demand and steady.

Provisions opened steady on the strength of live hogs at the yards. Trading was light, with most of the transactions in lard. Later, business was almost at a standstill, but a steady feeling prevailed. Toward the close there was a semblance of activity on a little buying, the market at the close ruling strong and higher for everything except September contracts. January pork closed 12½c higher, January lard 5c higher, and January ribs 5@7½c higher.

Receipts of hogs were 27,000 head.

Estimated receipts for to-morrow: Wheat, 230 cars; corn, 775 cars; oats, 380 cars; hogs, 16,000 head.

Freights—Vessel room was in good demand and rates ¼@⅜c higher to Buffalo at 2c for wheat and 1¾c for corn, and to Kingston at 3c.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

Articles.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Wheat, No. 2—				
Sept	66⅜	66⅝	65⅞	66
Oct	66⅞	66⅞	66⅛	66⅛
Dec	70¼	70¼	69⅜	69⅜
May	77⅜	77⅜	76⅛	76⅛
Corn, No. 2—				
Sept	40⅞	41⅛	40⅞	41⅛
Oct	40⅞	41⅜	40⅞	41⅛
Dec	40⅞	41⅞	40⅞	41⅜
May	44⅞	45⅜	44⅞	45⅛
Oats, No. 2—				
Sept	27½	28⅛	27½	28⅛
Oct	28	28¼	27⅞	28¼
Dec	28⅞	29	28⅛	28⅞
May	31⅞	32¼	31¾	32
Mess pork, ₱ bbl—				
Sept	$16.20	$16.50	$16.20	$16.50
Oct	14.80	15.05	14.80	15.05
Jan	14.10	14.22½	14.10	14.22½
Lard, ₱ 100 lb—				
Sept	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
Oct	9.60	9.70	9.60	9.62½
Jan	8.17½	8.20	8.12½	8.20
Short ribs, ₱ 100 lb—				
Sept	10.12½	10.12½	10.12½	10.12½
Oct	9.35	9.42½	9.35	9.42½
Jan	7.40	7.42½	7.40	7.42½

Cash quotations were as follows: No. 2 Spring wheat, 65¾@65⅞c; No. 3 Spring wheat, 59½@60c; No. 2 red, 65¾@65⅞c; No. 2 corn, 41⅛c; No. 2 oats, 28@28¼c; No. 2 rye, 47@47½c; No. 2 barley, 53@54c; No. 1 flaxseed, $1.04½; prime timothy seed, $3.55@$3.60; mess pork, ₱ bbl, $16.50@$16.65; lard, ₱ 100 lb, $10@$10.05; short ribs, sides, (loose,) $10.25@$10.37½; dry-salted shoulders, (boxed,) $7.32½@$7.50; short clear sides, (boxed,) $9.75@$10.75; whisky, distillers' finished goods, ₱ gallon, $1.12; sugars, cut loaf, 6⅛c; granulated, 5.76c; standard "A," 5.66c.

Articles.	Receipts.	Shipments.
Wheat, bushels	156,837	143,689
Corn, bushels	521,755	896,357
Oats, bushels	467,697	789,401

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

Spirits of turpentine quiet and easy at 27¾@28¼c. Resins dull at $1.07½@$1.12½ for common to good strained.

WILMINGTON, Sept. 25.—Resin firm; strained, 75c; good strained, 80c. Spirits of turpentine firm at 24½c bid. Tar firm at $1.05. Crude turpentine steady; hard, $1; soft $1.60; virgin, $1.60.

CHARLESTON, Sept. 25.—Turpentine firm at 24½c. Resin firm at 85c, good strained. Cotton, sales 600 bales; middling, 7 13-16c; low middling, 7 9-16c.

SAVANNAH, Sept. 25.—Resin firm at 95c. Spirits of turpentine firm at 25c.

MONMOUTH COUNTY POLITICS

TRIBULATIONS OF THE LEADERS OF THE SEVERAL FACTIONS.

Ex-Senator Staff Little's Nephew Making a Hot Fight—Candidates for the Shrievalty—Arguments Thrown Against Them—Ex-Senator Blodgett's Interest in the Contest—Leon Abbett Also a Factor—The Fight for the Legislative Offices—Rough Sledding for Some Candidates.

ASBURY PARK, Sept. 25.—There is a lot of trouble brewing for the Monmouth Democracy, and unless the leaders of the several factions kiss and make up before election day the Republicans may be able to walk off with the rich political plums now almost ready to be picked.

The bone of contention is the Shrievalty nomination. That remunerative office is sought by Reuben Strahan and William Throckmorton, both ex-Assemblymen from the First District. Both men are very popular and have large followings, and the wiseacres are puzzled to know who will capture the nomination.

Throckmorton, when an Assemblyman, bolted the nomination of Leon Abbett for United States Senator and succeeded in bringing about the nomination and election of Rufus Blodgett to that office. Abbett's numerous friends in the county are fighting Throckmorton, and openly boast that they will knife him at the polls should he be nominated. Throckmorton is now drawing $2,000 a year from the County Treasury for serving as County Collector, and it is urged that he should break away from the public crib and give other deserving Democrats an opportunity to grow fat at the expense of the taxpayers.

Throckmorton's old-time political friends have given him the cold shoulder and are working to secure his defeat. Surrogate David S. Crater, Counselor Samuel A. Patterson, and hosts of local leaders throughout the county have deserted him and are shouting for Strahan. Ex-United States Senator Blodgett, of course, sticks to his friend and is working to avert the defeat that seems almost certain to overtake his favorite. The Senator accuses Crater, Patterson, et al. of base ingratitude.

Strahan is on top at present, but his nomination is not certain by any means. He, too, is charged with party infidelity, in that he supported an independent candidate for Sheriff several years ago, and, later, ran on an independent ticket for the Assembly. Then again, his record in the Assembly last year is against him. Strahan voted for the race-track bill, and the members of the Law and Order League are opposed to him to a man.

The Monmouth Democrat and The Freehold Transcript, the leading Democratic papers of the county, are published in the First Assembly District. Both of the papers have declared against Strahan, and advocate an independent ticket in case he is nominated.

The fight grows more bitter every day, and the Democratic leaders are now disposed to sidetrack both Throckmorton and Strahan and nominate a candidate who will insure Democratic victory. Charles J. Parker of Manasquan, a son of ex-Gov. Joel Parker, and Thomas B. Worthley of Long Branch are spoken of as compromise candidates. The convention will be held at Freehold early next month.

Considerable opposition is also being waged against the renomination of Senator Henry S. Terhune. His voting for the disreputable race-track bill last Winter has arrayed the moral element of the county against him. Several Democratic newspapers recommend that he be turned down and a new man nominated. Terhune has wisely kept out of the Shrievalty fight, and up to date is the choice of every leader of prominence. His nomination is practically assured unless his opponents trot out an independent Democratic candidate. His uncle, ex-Senator "Staff" Little, will, if necessary, tap a barrel of money to return him to the Senate.

Monmouth promises to send a model trio of lawmakers to the lower house. The First and Second Assembly Districts are safely Democratic, and the Third is close enough to warrant the Democrats in claiming that, too. Thomas Arrowsmith, a Freehold lawyer, and Thomas Fay of Long Branch, another disciple of Blackstone, will, in all probability, represent the First and Second Districts, respectively, while William Andrews of Middletown is anxious to make the fight in the Third. All the proposed Solons are young men, not one of them being over thirty.

Theodore Aumack, the present County Clerk, who was appointed by Gov. Abbett to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Clerk Patterson, will be renominated by the Democrats, and, as the county is Democratic, he will be elected. The office pays from $15,000 to $20,000 per year.

NEW-YORK COURTS.

NEW-YORK CALENDARS—THIS DAY.

SUPREME COURT—Chambers—*Ingraham, J.*—Opens at 10:30. Calendar called at 11. *Class I.*—1—Cantor vs. Mendel. 2—Megros vs. Schefer. 3—American Exchange National Bank vs. Warner & Co. *Class IV.*—4—Cantor vs. Mendel. *Class VII.*—5—Fischer vs. Burns. 6—Lennon vs. Lennon. *Class VIII.*—7—Ryan vs. Follett & Co. 8—Brenan vs. Brodie. 9—Matter of Storrs. 10—Central National Bank vs. Seligman. 11—Crow vs. Gleason. 12—London and Brazilian Bank vs. Barr. 13—Lythgoe vs. Lythgoe. 14—Jackson vs. Press Publishing Company. 15—Laing vs. Schweitzer. 16—Emerson vs. Emerson. 17—Korn vs. Korn. 18—Kaufman vs. Kaufman. 19—Reddy vs. Erwin. 20—Weekes vs. Myers. 21—Brown vs. Sloane.

SUPREME COURT—General Term.—Recess.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Parts I. and II.—Adjourned for the term.

CIRCUIT COURT—Parts I., II., III., and IV.—Adjourned for the term.

COMMON PLEAS—General Term.—Adjourned sine die.

COMMON PLEAS—Equity Term.—Adjourned for the term.

COMMON PLEAS—Special Term—*Pryor, J.*—Opens at 10:30. Motions.

COMMON PLEAS—Trial Term—Parts I., II., and III.—Adjourned for the term.

SUPERIOR COURT—General Term.—Adjourned sine die.

SUPERIOR COURT—Equity Term.—Adjourned for the term.

SUPERIOR COURT—Special Term—*McAdam, J.*—Opens at 11. Calendar called at 11:30. 916—Smith vs. Smith. 917—Bodker vs. Bodker. 923—Parks vs. Parks. 879—Hartman vs. Hartman. 921—Bradley vs. Bradley.

SUPERIOR COURT—Trial Term—Parts I., II., and III.—Adjourned for the term.

SURROGATE'S COURT—Chambers—*Ransom, S.*—874—Contested will of Minna Meyer at 2 P. M. Motion calendar called at 10:30. Testimony to be taken before the Probate Clerk at 10:30. Sabina Heissner, Barbara Flegler, Constantine Kobel, Mary Stanley, Elizabeth J. Schmidt, Lenhart Lehr, Dorothea Cook, Ann Hamilton, Andrew J. Fisher, Catharine Kanski, Margaret Donovan, Charles Butenschoen, Henrietta Steinway.

SURROGATE'S COURT—Trial Term—*Held in Brownstone Building, 32 Chambers Street.* No day calendar.

CITY COURT—General Term—Recess.

CITY COURT—Special Term—*Fitzsimons, J.*—*Held in Room 11 City Hall.*—Opens at 10. Motions must be made returnable at 10.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Parts I., II., III., and IV.—Adjourned for the term.

REFEREES AND RECEIVERS.

Referees Named Yesterday.

SUPREME COURT—*Ingraham, J.*—Robinson vs. Nussbaum—Thomas F. Donnelly. Greenwood Cemetery vs. Hector, (two cases)—E. T. Oldham. Ryan vs. Healey—Charles D. Burrill. French vs. Farmers and Mechanics' State Bank—James J. Nealis. Bills vs. Chambers—Gilbert M. Speir, Jr.

COMMON PLEAS—*Daly, C. J.*—Matter of Loewenthal—John E. Roosevelt. *Pryor, J.*—Matter of McAleese & Co.—O. H. Sanderson.

SUPERIOR COURT—*McAdam, J.*—Cohen vs. Cohen—Edward Jacobs. Binschler vs. Falk—Bernard J. Tinney.

Receivers Appointed Yesterday.

SUPREME COURT—*Ingraham, J.*—Matter of the Raw Silk Treatment Company—Peter F. Bellinger.

CITY COURT—*Ehrlich, C. J.*—John G. Bacon vs. Frederick C. Cannon—James W. Hawes. *Van Wyck, J.*—Caroline Keller vs. Samuel Kaufman—Charles W. Coleman.

PRESIDENTIAL NOMINATIONS.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—The President to-day sent to the Senate the following nominations:

CHARLES M. CAUGHEY of Maryland to be United States Consul at Messina, Italy.

JOHN C. KELLY, Collector of Internal Revenue for the Third District of Iowa.

FIRST LIEUT. W. P. EDGERTON, Second Artillery, Associate Professor of Mathematics at the United States Military Academy, (to correct date of his appointment.)

FRANK ELLISON TO THE BAR

HIS TRIAL BEGUN FOR ASSAULTING BROKER HENRIQUES.

As a Result of the First Day's Session Seven Talesmen Are Accepted Out of Two Panels—Formidable Array of Counsel for the Indicted Clubman—Varied Nativities and Colors of the Jurors—Authorship and Soap—Self-Defense to be Ellison's Plea.

Frank Ellison, appearing as fresh as if he had just come out of a Turkish bath, made his bow yesterday before Recorder Smyth, in Part III. of the Court of General Sessions.

Nobody unfamiliar with the case would have picked out the prisoner as the man on trial for making a deadly assault on W. H. Henriques, and liable to be sentenced to a long term of imprisonment. He stepped out of the prisoners' cage with a free, swinging step, and looked upon the crowd of spectators in the court room without the least degree of embarrassment.

His skin was aglow with the pink of health. There was no trace of the prison pallor, that almost invariably follows a residence of three months in prison.

With an easy air Ellison took a seat behind his counsel, Charles W. Brooke, Dr. W. J. O'Sullivan, and Louis S. Chanler, the young brother-in-law of Amelie Rives and grandson of John Jacob Astor.

On the other side of the rail sat the lawyers for the people, Assistant District Attorneys Wellman and Osborne.

The work of selecting a jury proceeded from 11 o'clock A. M. until adjournment at 5 P. M., when only seven occupants had been admitted to the jury box. They were:

Richard A. Turner, bookkeeper, 750 East One Hundred and Seventy-fifth Street; Michael Healy, retired contractor, 447 East Fifty-eighth Street; Charles de Medici, soap manufacturer, 60 West Twenty-second Street; Henry Tucker, real estate broker, 104 West One Hundred and Eighteenth Street; Thomas Pease, caterer, 62½ East Tenth Street; Louis Castagnetta, engraver, 1,421 Amsterdam Avenue; Camillo Teschner, leather findings, 263 West Thirtieth Street.

Turner and Tucker testified that they were native-born Americans. De Medici and Castagnetta are of Italian parentage. Teschner said he was a Hungarian by birth. Healy is an Irish-American and Pease is a negro.

Before the seven jurors were chosen, two panels of talesmen had been exhausted. The defense made fourteen peremptory challenges, principally on the ground of age or religion. Because of the difference in the ages of Ellison and Broker Henriques, Mr. Brooke and his associates do not want any greater number of old men on the jury than they can help. Nor do they want any juryman who might sympathize with Mr. Henriques on account of religious affiliations.

It is for these reasons that the defense has already exhausted all but six of its peremptory challenges. The prosecution accepted the talesmen almost as fast as they were sworn.

With one talesman, Robert Erdenson, a clothing dealer of Eighth Avenue, Mr. Brooke battled nearly half an hour, in order to bring out such facts as would induce the Recorder to excuse him. Mr. Erdenson confessed that he had read accounts of Ellison's assault on Henriques, and that he had at the time formed an opinion as to the defendant's guilt or innocence.

"But," added the talesman, who evidently wanted to serve, "I could lay this opinion aside and give the prisoner a fair and impartial trial on the evidence."

On this statement the Recorder held he could not excuse Erdenson, except by mutual consent, which the prosecution reluctantly gave after a while. Juror De Medici, the third to be accepted, proved the most interesting feature of the day. He is a man of forty-five or fifty years. In the Directory and on the jury list Mr. De Medici is recorded as an "author." To Mr. Brooke he said he was a soap manufacturer.

"Why, I thought you were an author!" exclaimed Mr. Brooke.

"So I am, but an author can't live without—"

"Soap?" interrupted Mr. Brooke, pleasantly.

"Just so."

Mr. De Medici said he had writen "The Promised Land," which was "an effusion of thought"; also "Two Lunatics, by One of Them," "Commensuration," and other things.

When the panel of jurors from Part III., in which the case is on trial, was exhausted, the Recorder ordered talesmen drawn from the panel of Part II. To this Mr. Brooke objected strenuously, alleging that the defendant should have an opportunity to examine the jury list in advance. An entirely new venire should be drawn, he contended.

The Recorder didn't think so, and Mr. Brooke took an exception on several grounds, which he had carefully entered on the record. When the Recorder overruled him on all points, the lawyer turned to Ellison and said with a satisfied smile:

"Well, you are fortunate. We can beat them on that, no matter what comes."

Mr. Henriques and his daughter, Mrs. Naeme, called at the District Attorney's office in the morning, and remained until the case was called at 11 o'clock, when they left the Court House.

Ellison is to be tried on a charge of assault in the first degree, second offense. The alleged assault took place on June 5, in Thirty-ninth Street, near Park Avenue. Ellison and Henriques had had difficulties for years, growing out of attentions which, it is charged, Ellison forced on Mrs. Naeme. The defense is that Henriques made the first attack and tried to use a pistol on Ellison.

The case will go on to-day at 11 o'clock.

One Man Killed, Three Badly Wounded.

CASEY, Ill., Sept. 25.—A horrible cutting affray and murder occurred last night at a country dance at a farmhouse seven miles northwest of here. George McMechan received fatal wounds from a dirk in the hands of Charles Carpenter, from which he died in two minutes, and another man, named Berry of Janesville, and two others whose names could not be learned, probably received fatal wounds.

Bert Maggard and Thomas Jenkins became involved in a fistic encounter, Maggard, receiving the worst of it, proceeded to a well to wash his face, being followed by McMechan, who was going to assist him, when Carpenter came up, saying to McMechan: "If you wash his face I will kill you."

McMechan began washing Maggard's face, when Carpenter stabbed McMechan five times in the small of the back and again in the temple. Berry and several others came to the assistance of McMechan, when Berry received three gashes in the back, and the others slight wounds. Berry is in a precarious condition.

Carries 4,100 Tons of Corn.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Sept. 25.—The new steamer Centurion, recently built at Bay City, Mich., holds the banner on the lakes for the largest cargo of corn ever carried. She is now coming down from Chicago with 147,839 bushels of corn, or over 4,100 tons. This immense quantity she carries on a draught of 15 feet 8 inches forward and 16 feet 5 inches aft.

The Centurion is a monster in dimensions, being 379 feet long, with a beam measurement of 45 feet 2 inches. The width was so great that she could not get up the Chicago River, but had to load at the Illinois Central elevators, at its mouth, the drawbridges on the river having too short a span to permit her passage.

The Selwyn Eddy, a companion boat to the Centurion, is also on the way down to Buffalo with an immense load, having loaded a mixed-grain cargo at South Chicago. She carries 149,185 bushels in all, having some wheat and a large part oats and corn.

The Elmira Reformatory Investigation.

ELMIRA, N. Y., Sept. 25.—Judge Gilbert and the members of the committee appointed by the State Board of Charities to investigate the Elmira Reformatory management have arrived in the city. The first session will be held to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock, and will be in public. Arguments will then be heard as to whether the investigation will be in public or in private. It will also be decided whether the investigation shall be judicial or simply an inquiry into the affairs of the institution. Many newspaper representatives and witnesses have arrived in the city and are ready for the investigation.

John E. Burrill's Funeral.

LENOX, Mass., Sept. 25.—The funeral of the late John E. Burrill will take place from Trinity Church to-morrow at 11 o'clock. The Rev. Dr. Grosvenor, rector of the church, will officiate. The body will be placed in the Pittsfield receiving vault until it is taken to New-York for burial.

COMMERCIAL AFFAIRS.

NEW-YORK, Monday, Sept. 25, 1893.

COFFEE.—The spot market is firmer, but quiet, at 18c for No. 7, while lots to arrive are active; sales of about 15,000 bags, to arrive, on the basis of 17¼c for No. 7, per Persian Prince and Horrox; 17½c for do per Hevelius, and 17¼c for Santos No. 7 per Galileo....In the option line, sales and exchanges of 19,250 bags of Rio were made here, with the market closing barely steady at 10@30 points decline on local realizing; Havre was barely steady at ¾@1½f advance; Hamburg was steady at ¼@½ pfennig advance. September deliveries stood at the close at 16.90@17.10c, (selling at 17c for 750 bags,) October at 16.55@16.65c, (selling at 16.65@16.75 for 3,500 bags,) November at 16.15@16.20c, (selling at 16.20@16.35c, for 6,250 bags,) December at 15.80@15.85c, (selling at 15.85@15.95c for 5,000 bags,) January at 15.65@15.85c, (selling at 15.70@15.75c for 2,500 bags,) February at 15.40@15.50c, March at 15.35@15.40c, (selling at 15.40@15.45c for 1,750 bags,) and May at 15@15.10c....Stock of Rio and Santos at New-York to-day, 80,116 bags, and at the other distributing ports, 33,052 bags....Warehouse deliveries here last week, 63,503 bags.

COTTON—Futures were active and sold off 21 points on local realizing and increased port receipts, but rallying on predicted frosts for North and South Carolina on Wednesday, and closing barely steady at 11@13 points below Saturday....Aggregate business in future deliveries here to-day, 228,500 bales....September deliveries stood here at the close at 7.95@7.97c, October at 8.01@8.02c, (selling at 7.93@8.05c for 14,600 bales,) November at 8.15@8.16c, (selling at 8.05@8.19c for 22,800 bales,) December at 8.26@8.27c, (selling at 8.17@8.32c for 44,300 bales,) January at 8.38@8.39c, (selling at 8.27@8.43c for 117,700 bales,) February at 8.47@8.48c, (selling at 8.37@8.53c for 8,200 bales,) March at 8.56@8.57c, (selling at 8.48@8.62c for 19,300 bales,) April at 8.64@8.65c, (selling at 8.62c for 500 bales,) and May at 8.73@8.74c (selling at 8.72@8.76c for 1,100 bales.)....And for prompt delivery, 1,051 bales sold to spinners at 1-16c decline....Middling, 8¼@8½c....Port receipts to-day, 35,871 bales, against 29,496 bales same day last year, and thus far this week, 55,742 bales, against 28,738 bales last week.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—Winter grades show considerable strength, while Spring grades are rather easy and the demand is fair....Sales were about 20,100 pkgs, including 4,300 bbls Winter wheat straights at $3.25@$3.50, 450 bbls Winter wheat patents at $3.60@$3.75, 240 pkgs Winter wheat clears at $3, Spring wheat clears at $3@$3.25, 300 bbls Spring wheat straights at $3.75@$4, 5,100 bbls Spring wheat patents at $4.15@$4.40, and fancy up to $4.60; City Mills at $3.90 for the West Indies, City Mills patents at $4.35@$4.60, 4,250 pkgs No. 1 at $2.55@$2.80, 1,800 pkgs No. 2 at $2.35@$2.40, fine at $2.10, rye mixtures at $2.90, supers at $2.30@$2.40, and 1,500 bbls Spring bakers' at $2.60@$3.05....Arrivals since our last, 17,281 bbls and 27,392 sacks, and export clearances hence, 5,075 bbls and 4,970 sacks, and from four Atlantic ports, 86,583 bbls and sacks....And of RYE FLOUR, 450 bbls sold, in lots, at steady prices, bulk poor to choice superfine, at $2.85@$3.25, and fancy at $3.30....And of CORNMEAL, 300 bbls Brandywine sold at $2.85; city coarse yellow, in bags, quoted at $1; fine yellow, $1.10....HOMINY CHOPS quoted at 90@95c....FEED at firm prices; quoted, 40 to 60 lb, at 80@82½c....COTTONSEED MEAL quoted at $1.25@$1.30 ₱ 100 lb....RYE dull; nominal; Western and State quoted at 50@56c, from track and for boatloads....BARLEY MALT dull; Canada, country-made, 90@95c; two-rowed State, 70@75c; six-rowed do, 80@82½c; Western, 65@80c.

WHEAT—Spot was weak and ¾@1c lower with the options, with a fairly active local trade....Sales, 266,000 bushels, of which 84,000 bushels to shippers, including 8,000 bushels No. 1 Northern at 1¼c under December, free on board, afloat; 16,000 bushels do at 2¼c under December, delivered; 16,000 bushels ungraded red on private terms; 8,000 bushels do at 2¼c under December, delivered; 8,000 bushels No. 3 Chicago Winter at 5¼c under December, delivered; 24,000 bushels No. 2 hard Winter at 5¼c under December, delivered, and 4,000 bushels No. 1 hard at 1¼c over December, delivered. Millers bought 8,000 bushels No. 2 red at 72¼c, delivered, and 40,000 bushels choice red at 3¼c under December, delivered. The trade bought 24,000 bushels No. 2 red at ¼c under October, delivered, to go to store; 8,000 bushels ungraded red at 70¾c, delivered; 68,000 bushels ungraded red at 72c, delivered, and 35,000 bushels No. 2 red at ⅛@¼c under October, elevator....Quotations for spot wheat at the close, free on board: No. 2 red, cash, at 71⅞c, store; do, next week, at 72¼c, afloat; No. 1 hard, afloat, at 77¼c; No. 1 Northern, afloat, at 74¼c; No. 2 hard, afloat, at 71c....The clearances hence since our last were 26,305 bushels, and from the Atlantic ports, 181,641 bushels....The receipts here to-day were 272,075 bushels, and in the interior, 1,131,277 bushels, while at all Atlantic ports they reached 330,455 bushels....Stock of wheat in warehouse here increased for the week 396,927 bushels, or to 14,031,305 bushels, (9,822,270 bushels contract red and 2,874,280 bushels No. 1 Northern Spring,) and 474,000 bushels afloat....The stock in sight shows an increase of 1,368,000 bushels, or to 58,693,000 bushels, against 44,962,000 bushels a year ago....Options opened weak and declined ¾@⅞c, as influenced by the increase in stocks and visible, easier late cables, small clearances, and free receipts, together with a weak West and local realizing. Trading was very light and chiefly switching....Future sales were 610,000 bushels, including 50,000 bushels September at 71¾@72¼c, closing at 71¾c; 90,000 bushels October at 72 5-16@72⅝c, closing at 72¾c; 380,000 bushels December at 75 7-16@76c, closing at 75¾c; 90,000 bushels May at 82¼@82⅞c, closing at 82¾c.

CORN—Spot was firm, owing to the moderate supply. Sales 40,000 bushels, including 24,000 bushels No. 2 mixed at 51½@52¼c, delivered, and 16,000 bushels do, at 51c, to arrive, delivered....The receipts for the day were 53,600 bushels, and at the Atlantic ports 106,809 bushels, with, in the interior, 537,306 bushels....The clearances hence were 1,738 bushels, and from the Atlantic ports 86,833 bushels....Stock of corn in warehouse increased for the week 1,050 bushels, or to 52,146 bushels, (no No. 2 corn and no steamer mixed.)....The stock in sight shows an increase of 1,169,000 bushels, or to 7,631,000 bushels, against 9,799,000 bushels a year ago....Options opened weak at ⅛@¼c decline, on easier cables, with increased visible and on passage, but rallied ⅛@¼c with the West, and closed firm at ¼@⅜c below Saturday, with trading dull....The sales of options were 315,000 bushels, including 50,000 bushels September at 50@50¼c, closing at 50⅛c; 60,000 bushels October at 48⅞@49¼c, closing at 49⅛c; 55,000 bushels November at 49@49⅛c, closing at 49⅜c; 70,000 bushels December at 49½@50c, closing at 49¾c; 80,000 bushels May at 51⅜@51⅞c, closing at 51⅞c.

OATS—Spot were ½@¾c higher and in fairly active jobbing demand....Sales, 142,000 bushels, including No. 2 white, in elevator, at 39@39½c for 20,000 bushels; No. 3 white at 38c for 1,000 bushels; No. 2 white, clipped, at 40c; No. 3 do at 39c; No. 2 mixed at 35@35¾c for 28,000 bushels; No. 3 do at 34½@35c; rejected white at 37c; rejected mixed at 34c; No. 2 Chicago at 36@36¼c for 30,000 bushels; track mixed at 35@37½c for 8,000 bushels, and track white at 39@41½c for 65,000 bushels....Options closed firm at an advance of ¼@1¼c on shorts covering and a firmer West, with trading fair....Sales of options, 475,000 bushels, including 10,000 bushels September at 34¾@35¼c, closing at 35¼c; 50,000 bushels October at 33⅞@33¾c, closing at 34¼c; 200,000 bushels November at 34@34⅝c, closing at 34⅝c; 150,000 bushels December at 34⅞@34¾c, closing at 34¾c; 15,000 bushels May at 37@37¼c, closing at 37c....The receipts here to-day were 132,300 bushels; exports, 190,453 bushels....Stock of oats in warehouse here increased 90,004 bushels, or to 183,112 bushels, (36,417 bushels No. 2 white and 62,940 bushels No. 2 oats.)....The stock in sight shows an increase of 995,000 bushels, or to 4,101,000 bushels, against 6,680,000 bushels a year ago.

METALS—Tin strong; spot quoted at 20.90c bid. Sales, 25 tons, spot, at 20.95c....Copper firm at 9.75c....Lead steady at 3.77½c....Spelter steady at 3.75c.

OILS—For cottonseed the market has been quiet to-day, but held firmly, without important business. Prime crude quoted at 35c for old and 36c for new. Prime yellow at 40c for old, and 36@37c for off grade. Prime white at 46c....Lard oil is quiet, with city, in small lots, at 70@74c.

PROVISIONS—The hog products were generally higher with the West, on the small stocks of lard, but quiet....Exports from the Atlantic ports the past week were 5,047 bbls pork, 6,192,470 lb lard, 8,903,675 lb bacon....PORK was in moderate demand and firmer; sales of 300 bbls quoted at $17.75@$18 for mess, $18@$20 for short clear, and $19.50@$20 for family mess....DRESSED HOGS were higher on light supplies; quoted at 9¼c for 160 lb average, 8½c for 200 lb, 9c for 180 lb, 9⅜c for 140 lb, 9¾c for 120 lb, and 9½c for pigs. Interior deliveries of hogs were 39,000 head....CUTMEATS were firm and quiet; pickled bellies, 12 lb average, at 12½c; 10½@11c for pickled hams, and 7½c for pickled shoulders....BEEF was firm and quiet; extra India mess, in tierces, at $14.50@$17....BEEF HAMS were dull and unchanged, with, at the West, $15.50 quoted, while here $16.50 was quoted....LARD—Western steam is up 30 points on cash and September, and 20 points on October, with the West, but rules quiet without business. Cash closed at $10.40. Options—No sales; September closed at $10.40, October closed at $10.05; city steam is firm at a sharp advance; sales of 150 tcs at $9.25@$9.50, and to $9.75 asked. Refined is quiet; Continent at $10.75; South America at $11. Compound lard is in good demand; quoted at $8.12½....TALLOW—There is a strong market, with 5¼c bid for city and to 5½c asked, with some choice lots held for more money; sale of 100 hhds city at 5¼c....STEARINE—Lard stearine is scarce and nominal. Oleo stearine is strong at 12c, at which further sales of 25 hhds city....BUTTER—The moderate receipts and firm advices from the West give a strong feeling here, and prices are further advanced, though without much improvement in trade, which is quite moderate. Western extra creamery, 27½@28c; do, poor to prime, 19@26c; do, June, 20@25c; State creamery, 27½@28c for extra tubs and 27@27½c for pails; State dairy, half tubs, best, 25@26c; do, poor to prime, 18@24c; imitation creamery, 17@22c; Western dairy, 16@20c; Western factory, 16@19c....CHEESE—The home trade are moderate buyers, and but little interest is shown by shippers. Prices are held a little higher on account of the high first cost of stock. Full cream State is within the range of 8½@10½c for large white, 8½@10½c for colored, and 10@11c for small sizes; part skims at 3@8c; full skims at 1@2c....EGGS—There is a firm market for choice stock, which are very moderate in the receipts. State and Pennsylvania, 22c; Western, 20@21c; held stock, 18½@19c; Western seconds, ₱ case, $3.50@$4.50.

SUGAR—There is more inquiry and the market is higher....Sales, 500 bags centrifugals, 96° test, to go to Canada, at 4c....Quotations: Muscovado, 89° test, at 3⅜c; molasses sugar, 89° test, at 3¼c; centrifugal, 96° test, at 4c....Refined continues active at strong prices....Cut loaf and crushed, 5⅝@5 13-16c; powdered, 5 7-16@5⅝c; granulated, 5 3-16@5⅜c; standard A, 5 3-16@5⅜c; off A, 4 13-16@5⅛c; yellow, 3⅞@4 15-16c.

FREIGHTS—Berth freights are still inactive and irregular, rates depending largely upon the exigencies of ships and shippers. There is some little demand for steamers to load cotton South, but at low rates, while grain freights, so far as full cargoes are concerned, are neglected, and rates are wholly nominal; the same is true of general cargo steamers. Petroleum freights hold firm, but are quiet, as are the other foreign trades. Berth engagements hence: To Antwerp, 24,000 bushels grain on private terms; to London, part of a load of grain at 3d, and to Liverpool, 500 bales cotton at 7-64d. Charters: A British steamer, with cotton from Charleston to Liverpool or Bremen at 31s 3d; a British steamer, with cotton from Galveston to Liverpool at 38s 9d; a British steamer, with cotton from Wilmington, N. C., to Liverpool or the Continent, private terms; a British steamer, with cotton from Savannah to Liverpool, private terms; a Norwegian steamer, 514 tons, hence to the West Indies and back, £400; a French bark, 1,321 tons, with general cargo hence to Melbourne, £1,800; a British bark, (to arrive,) with case petroleum hence to Penang and (or) Singapore, 17½@18¼c; a German bark, with 8,000 bbls petroleum hence to Southampton, 2s; a Norwegian bark, with 7,000 bbls petroleum from Philadelphia to Dunkirk at 2s 6d; a British bark, with general cargo hence to Maceio and back, 72c ₱ bbl; a bark, with cedar and mahogany from Manzanilla to New-York at $8.50; a schooner, with lumber from Jacksonville to Point-a-Petre at $8; a schooner, with lumber from Jacksonville to New-Haven at $5; a schooner, with lumber from Fernandina to New-Haven at $4.75; a schooner, with clay from Jacksonville to Perth Amboy, lump sum; a schooner, with fertilizing material hence to Norfolk at $1.

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

NEW-YORK, Monday, Sept. 25, 1893.

Receipts for the week:

	Beeves.	Cows.	Veals and Calves.	Sheep and Lambs.	Hogs.
Jersey City	2,579		633	20,713	11,087
Sixtieth Street	3,047	99	2,724	18,025	280
Fortieth Street					17,515
Hoboken	1,490	57	56	2,804	1,092
Other sources	979		192		4,014
Total	8,095	156	3,605	42,142	33,988
Fresh to-day	3,283	40	1,084	10,850	8,833

Exports of live stock and dressed meats from the port of New-York for the week ending Sept. 23, 1893:

Shippers.	Steamers.	Qrs. Beef.	Beeves.	Sheep.
Eastmans Co.	Britannic	800	....	....
Eastmans Co.	New-York	1,840	....	....
Eastmans Co.	Etruria	2,000	....	....
Eastmans Co.	Furnessia	1,800	....	....
D. H. Sherman	New-York	520	....	....
M. Goldsmith	Nomadic	....	488	....
M. Goldsmith	Mobile	....	221	....
M. Goldsmith	Buffalo	....	100	....
J. Shamberg & Son	Nomadic	....	244	....
Schwarzschild & Sulzberger	Lepanto	....	250	....
Schwarzschild & Sulzberger	Mobile	1,500	222	....
J. Lunnels	Richmond Hill	....	318	....
N. Morris	Nomadic	1,800	....	....
J. Lunnels	Manhansett	....	200	....
L. S. Dillenback	Carib Prince	....	....	20
L. S. Dillenback	Tjomo	....	....	130
Hume & Mullen	Carib Prince	....	....	15
Total		10,260	2,043	165

BEEVES—Receipts were 197 cars: 70 cars at Jersey City, 94 cars at Sixtieth Street, 16 cars at Hoboken, and 17 cars at the Lehigh Valley Railroad. 120 cars were consigned to slaughterers, 32 cars for export, 45 cars for market, with 7 cars carried over, making 52 cars on sale. Latest cable advices quote refrigerated beef lower at 9c ₱ lb, and American steers at 10@11½c ₱ lb, estimated dressed weight. Shipments to-morrow, J. Shamberg & Son, 230 live cattle; M. Goldsmith, 300 do, and N. Morris, 1,800 quarters of beef on the Cufic. The market opened active and 10@15c ₱ cwt higher on choice natives, Texans, and Colorados; common to medium grades about steady, closed dull, with part of the advance lost and 3 cars unsold. Texans sold at $2.75@$3.65 ₱ cwt, Colorados at $2.85@$3.80, common to prime native steers at $3.05@$5, 11 tops at $5.25@$5.30, scrubs at $3, oxen and stags at $1.90@$3.60, bulls at $2.50, and cows at $1.25@$2.50. *SALES.*—D. M'PHERSON & CO.—8 Virginia steers, 1,200 lb average, at $5.30 ₱ 100 lb; 2 do, 1,535 lb, at $5.25; 7 do, 1,553 lb, at $5; 1 Kentucky do, 1,500 lb, at $5.25; 2 do, 1,410 lb, at $5; 4 do, 1,392 lb, at $4.75; 6 do, 1,386 lb, at $4.70; 12 do, 1,316 lb, at $4.60; 1 do, 1,230 lb, at $4.25; 18 West Virginia do, 1,584 lb, at $4.65; 11 Kentucky scrubs, 1,093 lb, at $3; 19 Texans, 1,097 lb, at $3.30; 20 do, 1,035 lb, at $3.25; 20 do, 1,048 lb, at $3.15; 30 do, 1,125 lb, at $3; 16 Virginia oxen, 1,349 lb, at $3.35; 13 Kentucky do, 1,225 lb, at $2.95; 5 do, 1,230 lb, at $2.50. SHERMAN & CULVER—13 Kentucky steers, 1,398 lb, at $4.80; 10 do, 1,396 lb, at $4.75; 5 do, 1,314 lb, at $4.40; 3 do, 1,300 lb, at $4.12½; 12 Virginia do, 1,343 lb, at $4.80; 15 do, 1,290 lb, at $4.70; 20 do, 1,215 lb, at $4.30; 2 do, 1,290 lb, at $4; 2 do, 1,375 lb, at $4; 1 oxen, 1,500 lb, at $3.50. NEWTON & GILLETT—17 Virginia steers, 1,277 lb, at $4.65; 17 do, 1,264 lb, at $4.20; 24 do, 1,369 lb, at $4.60; 16 Pennsylvania do, 1,062 lb, at $3.75; 7 do, 1,114 lb, at $3.20; 22 do, 1,126 lb, at $3.05; 10 do, 1,245 lb, at $3.65; 15 Pennsylvania cows, 884 lb, at $1.90; 1 do, 670 lb, at $1.25; 17 do, 850 lb, at $1.40; 1 heifer, 800 lb, at $2.50. S. SANDERS—19 Texans 1,215 lb, at $3.10; 19 do, 1,254 lb, at $3.22½; 20 do, 1,000 lb, at $3.30; 20 do, 1,056 lb, at $3.50; 18 do, 1,278 lb, at $3.60; 18 do, 1,222 lb, at $3.65; 20 Virginia do, 1,354 lb, at $4.70; 1 ox, 1,430 lb, at $2.60; 1 do, 1,540 lb, at $1.90; 6 cows, 750 lb, at $1.30. J. SHAMBERG & SON—21 Colorados, 1,270 lb, at $3.80; 36 do, 1,190 lb, at $2.85; 4 Chicago steers, 1,177 lb, at $4.45. A. KATZ—40 Texans, (poor,) 1,153 lb, at $2.75. WILKERSON & SHERMAN—17 Kentucky steers, 1,349 lb, at $4.75.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Receipts were 50 cars: 25 cars at Jersey City for the market, 22 cars at Sixtieth Street, of which 2 cars, with 3 cars at Hoboken, were consigned to slaughterers. The market showed more activity on light receipts, and advanced ⅛c ₱ lb on sheep, and ¼@⅜c on lambs; 6 cars unsold at the close. Sheep sold at $2.25@$4.12½ ₱ cwt for poor to good; few selected at $4.50; lambs at $3.75@$5.25; for common to prime; culls at $3.25; mixed sheep and lambs at $2.90@$4. *SALES.*—D. BARRINGTON—120 State lambs, 70 lb average, at $5.20 ₱ 100 lb; 170 do, 71 lb, at $5; 208 do, 66 lb, at $4.75; 310 do, 64 lb, at $4.25; 135 Pennsylvania do, 65 lb, at $4.50; 20 do, 52 lb, at $3.25; 243 Michigan do, 65 lb, at $4.75; 245 do, 64 lb, at $4.12½; 679 do, 68 lb, at $4.50; 47 State sheep and lambs, 79 lb, at $4; 213 Western sheep, 94 lb, at $3.87½; 148 State do, 101 lb, at $3.50; 26 do, 79 lb, at $3. HALLENBECK & HOLLIS—75 State lambs, 71 lb, at $5.25; 90 do, 66 lb, at $5.12½; 198 do, 66 lb, at $5; 99 do, 66 lb, at $4.75; 118 do, 65 lb, at $4.50; 56 Vermont do, 71 lb, at $5; 196 Northern Canada do, 76 lb, at $4.62½; 236 Western sheep, 90 lb, at $3.75; 12 State do, 107 lb, at $3.12½; 136 do, 83 lb, at $3. HUME & MULLEN—73 State lambs, 66 lb, at $4.75; 39 do, 76 lb, at $5.25; 145 do, 59 lb, at $4.12½; 228 Western do, 65 lb, at $4.62½; 228 do, 69 lb, at $4; 219 Western sheep, 99 lb, at $3.87½; 10 do, 98 lb, at $3.50; 8 do, 91 lb, at $2.50. G. DILLENBACK—177 Pennsylvania lambs, 68 lb, at $4.87½; 225 Ohio do, 74 lb, at $4.75; 100 State do, 68 lb, at $4.75; 18 do, 65 lb, at $4.25; 222 Western sheep, 86 lb, at $3.50; 42 Pennsylvania do, 64 lb, at $3.12½. M. COLLINS—170 State lambs, 75 lb, at $5.25; 133 do, 62 lb, at $4.50; 330 Indiana do, 72 lb, at $5.25; 169 Virginia do, 65 lb, at $5; 172 Indiana sheep, 97 lb, at $4.12½; 56 State do, 89 lb, at $3.50; 6 do, 133 lb, at $4.50; 7 do, 84 lb, at $3; 227 Ohio do, 84 lb, at $3. S. JUDD & CO.—220 State lambs, 68 lb, at $5.25; 96 do, 69 lb, at $4.87½; 258 West Virginia do, 64 lb, at $4.75; 144 do, 57 lb, at $4.25; 10 State sheep, 71 lb, at $3.50; 24 do, 82 lb, at $3. D. M'PHERSON & CO.—213 Virginia lambs, 67 lb, at $5; 205 do, 62 lb, at $4.56¼; 232 Indiana do, 68 lb, at $4.50; 248 Kentucky do, 64 lb, at $4.25; 129 do, 64 lb, at $4.25; 186 Indiana sheep, 91 lb, at $3.37½; 191 Kentucky do, 83 lb, at $2.25; 99 do, 86 lb, at $3.50; 4 Virginia do, 82 lb, at $3; 239 sheep and lambs, 63 lb, at $2.90. WILKERSON & SHERMAN—16 Indiana lambs, 75 lb, at $5.25; 199 Kentucky do, 64 lb, at $4.50; 703 do, 56 lb, at $3.75; 16 Indiana sheep, 104 lb, at $4.50; 220 do, 108 lb, at $3.87½; 214 do, 105 lb, at $3.80; 188 do, 96 lb, at $3.40. NEWTON & GILLETT—124 Virginia lambs, 66 lb, at $5; 279 do, 64 lb, at $4.62½; 169 Kentucky do, 65 lb, at $4; 50 State do, 58 lb, at $4; 212 West Virginia do, 59 lb, at $3.80; 66 Kentucky sheep, 99 lb, at $3.40; 1 Virginia do, 100 lb, at $4. J. F. PIDCOCK—122 State lambs, 68 lb, at $5.25.

VEALS AND CALVES—Market active and firm for veals, grassers and buttermilks in good demand and advanced ¼c ₱ lb; 148 head consigned direct to butchers. Grassers and buttermilks sold at $2.25@$3 ₱ cwt; fed calves at $2.50@$4.50; mixed do at $3.70; common to choice veals at $5@$7.75; few selected at $8. *SALES.*—HALLENBECK & HOLLIS—15 veals, 132 lb average, at $7.50 ₱ 100 lb; 25 do, 161 lb, at $7; 12 do, 139 lb, at $6.50; 28 do, 177 lb, at $6; 7 do, 159 lb, at $5; 85 Vermont calves, 222 lb, at $3.70; 15 fed do, 192 lb, at $4.50; 10 do, 232 lb, at $3; 6 do, 153 lb, at $2.50; 61 grassers, 248 lb, at $2.80; 55 do, 215 lb, at $2.75. HALLENBECK & HOLLIS—38 veals, 145 lb, at $7.75; 58 do, 152 lb, at $7.50; 11 do, 154 lb, at $7; 2 do, 165 lb, at $6; 7 do, 206 lb, at $5; 5 do, 94 lb, at $4; 4 fed calves, 268 lb, at $4; 9 do, 242 lb, at $3.25; 42 grassers, 210 lb, at $3; 21 do, 355 lb, at $2.50; 49 do, 195 lb, at $2.25. J. P. NELSON—8 veals, 152 lb, at $8; 7 do, 166 lb, at $7.75; 4 do, 186 lb, at $7; 3 do, 133 lb, at $5; 3 fed calves, 203 lb, at $4; 10 grassers, 316 lb, at $3; 10 do, 231 lb, at $2.75. G. DILLENBACK—15 veals, 145 lb, at $7.75; 7 do, 151 lb, at $7.50; 2 do, 135 lb, at $7.50; 5 do, 190 lb, at $5; 3 fed calves, 180 lb, at $4; 59 grassers, 194 lb, at $2.62½. S. JUDD & CO.—29 veals, 148 lb, at $7.50; 23 do, 155 lb, at $7.25; 3 do, 107 lb, at $7; 21 mixed calves, 175 lb, at $5; 4 veals, 305 lb, at $5; 16 fed calves, 213 lb, at $4; 2 do, 290 lb, at $3. M. COLLINS—26 veals, 159 lb, at $8; 15 grassers, 198 lb, at $2.50; 12 do, 226 lb, at $2.25. NEWTON & GILLETT—2 veals, 115 lb, at $5.50; 9 grassers, 222 lb, at $2.50; 2 do, 450 lb, at $2.25. J. F. PIDCOCK—Grassers, 185 lb, at $2.50; 3 veals, various weights, at $5@$7.

MILCH COWS—No trading, but dealers quote the market fairly active at $20@$50 ₱ head for inferior to choice cows.

HOGS—The arrivals were 62 cars: 14 cars at Jersey City, 2 cars at Sixtieth Street, and 46 cars at Fortieth Street; 4 cars for sale. Market active and higher at $6.50@$7.25 ₱ cwt. *SALES.*—J. F. PIDCOCK—48 State hogs, 204 lb average, at $7 ₱ 100 lb; 3 roughs, 366 lb, at $6; 1 stag, 560 lb, at $3.50. NEWTON & GILLETT—10 State hogs, 230 lb, at $6.75; 6 pigs, 96 lb, at $7.25; 1 rough, 290 lb, at $5. S. JUDD & CO.—163 State hogs, 148 lb, at $7.25; 16 do, 277 lb, at $6.50; 4 roughs, 345 lb, at $6.25; 4 do, 410 lb, at $5.75; 6 stags, 311 lb, at $5. M. COLLINS—56 State hogs, 160 lb, at $6.90; 44 do, 227 lb, at $6.50; 1 rough, 370 lb, at $5.50. HALLENBECK & HOLLIS—13 State hogs, 95 lb, at $7.10; 106 do, 237 lb, at $6.75; 9 do, 390 lb, at $6.65; 15 roughs, 331 lb, at $5.75; 1 stag, 520 lb, at $4. HUME & MULLEN—14 State hogs, 201 lb, at $7.10; 30 do, 226 lb, at $7.

BUFFALO, Sept. 25.—Cattle—Receipts for past 24 hours, 3,690 head; total for week thus far, 7,880 head; for same time last week, 7,120 head; consigned through, 3,280 head; to New-York, 3,380 head; on sale, 4,600 head; market irregular, but generally stronger for good to choice; common dull and lower; closed steady; extra 1,820 lb steers, $5.50; choice export, $4.90@$5.25; fair to good heavy shipping, $4.50@$4.80; medium, 1,150 to 1,300 lb, $4.20@$4.45; light and others, $3.60@$4.10; fat cows and heifers, $2.75@$3.40; light heifers, $2.25@$2.50; feeders, $2.85@$3.25; stockers, $2.25@$2.65; fresh cows, $20@$48 lower; veals, $6@$7; heavy fed calves, $2@$2.50. Hogs—Receipts for past 24 hours, 7,850 head; total for week thus far, 19,800 head; for same time last week, 22,050 head; consigned through, 10,800 head; to New-York, 9,150 head; on sale, 9,000 head; market about steady; closed firm; all sold except a few greasy lots; Yorkers, $6.80@$6.90; grassy lots, $6.65@$6.75; good mediums, $6.90@$7; choice heavy, $6.95@$7; pigs, $6@$6.60. Sheep and Lambs—Receipts for past 24 hours, 2,800 head; total for week thus far, 6,400 head; for same time last week, 12,400 head; consigned through, 2,400 head; to New-York, 2,800 head; on sale, 4,000 head; market fully 25@50c higher; closed steady; all sold; good to choice sheep, $4@$4.25; fair, $3.25@$3.75; extra export wethers, $4.50@$4.80; fair to good native lambs, $4.25@$4.75; extra, $5@$5.25; Canada lambs, $5.25@$5.40.

EAST LIBERTY, Sept. 25.—Receipts, 124 cars; demand fair; market steady on good grades; prime, $4.60@$4.80; good, $4@$4.40; good butchers', $3.60@$4; rough fat, $3.10@$3.25; fair light steers, $2.75@$3; good fat cows and heifers, $2.65@$3.10; bulls, $1.65@$2.90. Hogs—Receipts, 20 loads, mostly common; no prime heavy on sale; demand good; market firm; prime Philadelphias, $6.90@$7; best mixed, $6.85@$6.90; best heavy Yorkers, $6.90@$7; best light Yorkers, $6.90@$7; common to best pigs, $6.50@$6.85; roughs, $5@$6.25. Sheep—15 cars for sale; demand light; market slow; no improvement in prices; extra, $3.20@$3.50; good, $2.80@$3.10; fair, $2@$2.60; common, 50c@$1; yearlings, $2@$3.80; shipping lambs, 3@4c; veal calves, $5.50@$6.25; heavy and thin calves, 3@4c.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 25, (National Stockyards.)—Cattle—Receipts, 2,900 head, mostly Texans; market active and firm on Texans; slow on others. Hogs—Receipts, 1,800 head; market 5c higher; light, $6.50@$6.90; mixed, $6.10@$6.80; heavy, $6.20@$6.70. Sheep—Receipts, 900 head; market slow.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

CHICAGO, Sept. 25.—Cattle—Receipts, 20,000 head; strong for good; easier; Westerns—Common to extra steers, $3@$5.75; stockers and feeders, $2@$3.50; cows and bulls, $1.10@$3.25; calves, $3.25@$5.50.

Hogs—Receipts, 27,000 head; very strong; heavy, $6.30@$6.85; common to choice mixed, $6.85@$7; choice assorted, $7@$7.10; light, $5.75@$6.85; pigs, $6.15@$6.60.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

Beef in Fair and Pork in Moderate Demand—London Wool Sales.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 25—3:45 P. M.—Beef in fair demand. Pork in moderate demand. Hams in fair demand. Bacon in fair demand; Cumberland cut, about 28 to 30 lb, firm at 51s; long clear middles, about 45 lb, firm at 56s 6d; long and short clear middles, about 55 lb, firm at 53s 6d. Cheese in poor demand; American finest white firm at 47s. Tallow—The demand is improving; prime city firm at 26s 6d. Spirits of turpentine in moderate demand; steady at 21s 3d. Resin in moderate demand. Lard—Spot in poor demand; futures in no demand; prime Western, spot, steady at 50s. Wheat in poor demand. Flour in moderate demand. Corn—Spot in moderate demand; futures in poor demand; mixed Western, spot, steady at 4s 1¾d; October steady at 4s 2d; November steady at 4s 3d. Hops at London—Pacific coast in no demand. Receipts of wheat for the past week from Atlantic ports, 39,900 quarters; from Pacific ports, none; from other sources, 35,000 quarters. Receipts of American corn for the past week, 11,900 quarters.

4 P. M.—Cotton—Futures closed easy; American middling, low middling clause, September delivery, 4 32-64@4 33-64d; September and October delivery, 4 31-64d@4 32-64d; October and November delivery, 4 31-64d, sellers; November and December delivery, 4 31-64d, buyers; December and January delivery, 4 32-64@4 33-64d; January and February delivery, 4 34-64d, buyers; February and March delivery, 4 36-64d, buyers; March and April delivery, 4 38-64@4 39-64d; April and May delivery, 4 40-64@4 41-64d.

LONDON, Sept. 25.—At the wool sales to-day 6,500 bales were offered. There was a large attendance and the bidding was animated. Prices were occasionally in sellers' favor. Buyers from Bradford and France purchased largely of merinos. German purchasers took a few of the offerings, mainly Queensland wools. Crossbreds sold freely. German buyers paying the most for them. Following are the sales and the prices obtained for greasies: New South Wales, 2,500 bales, 5½@10d; Queensland, 1,200 bales, 5¾@9d; Victoria, 1,000 bales, 5@11d; Tasmania, 500 bales, 6¾d@1s; New-Zealand, 1,200 bales, 5¼@10d; Cape of Good Hope and Natal, 100 bales, 6@6½d.

LONDON, Sept. 25—4 P. M.—Produce—Calcutta linseed, spot delivery, 41s 6d ₱ quarter. Linseed oil, 21s@21s 1½d ₱ cwt. Spirits of turpentine, 21s 3d ₱ cwt. Beet Sugar—September, 15s ¾d; November and December, 15s 2¼d.

HAVANA, Sept. 25.—Sugar quiet. Exchange firm.

STATE OF TRADE.

BUFFALO, Sept. 25.—Spring wheat quiet; limits firmer; sales, 24,000 bushels No. 1 Northern, new, in lots, spot, 70c; 5,000 bushels do, cost, insurance, and freight, 66¾c; 16,000 bushels do, old, 70½c; 2,700 bushels No. 1 hard, new, 71½@71¾c; closing, No. 1 hard, new, 71¼c; No. 1 Northern, new, 69½@69¾c; do, old, 73@73½c, spot; No. 1 Northern, new, cost, insurance, and freight, 68¼c; Winter wheat weak; lower; sales, 2 cars No. 2 red, 70c; closing, 69¼@69½c asked; 2 cars No. 1 white, 70c. Corn opened weak; sales, 16,000 bushels No. 2 yellow, 45¾c; 5 cars do, 46c; 21,000 bushels No. 2 corn, 45c; 8 cars do, 45¼c; closing strong; No. 2 yellow, 46¼c; No. 2 corn, 45¼@45½c; No. 3 corn, 45¼c, store. Oats quiet; firm; sales, 4 cars No. 2 white, 35c; 1 car clipped, 36c; 3 cars No. 2 mixed, 32¾@33c, track; No. 2 white, store, 35c asked. Barley—No spot offered; Western, to arrive, quoted 50@65c. Rye quiet; No. 2, 52c asked, in store. Flour quiet; easy; best Spring, $4.20@$4.30; Winter straights, $3.35@$3.45. Rye flour, $3@$3.30. Millfeed steady; unchanged. Canal freights quiet; wheat, 4⅛@4¼c; corn, 4@4¼c; oats, 3c; seed, 4½c, to New-York. Receipts—Flour, 77,500 bbls; wheat, 430,000 bushels; corn, 339,000 bushels; oats, 163,000 bushels. Shipments—Canal—Wheat, 290,000 bushels; corn, 57,000 bushels; oats, 11,400 bushels; barley, 10,000 bushels; seed, 49,200 bushels. Rail—Flour, 63,000 bbls; wheat, 86,000 bushels; corn, 118,000 bushels; oats, 90,000 bushels.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 25.—Flour—The weak wheat market is having a depressing effect on flour and there is little doing; receipts, 5,350 bbls; shipments, 8,098 bbls; patent, $3.10@$3.25; extra fancy, $2.75@$2.85; fancy, $2.50@$2.60; choice, $2.25@$2.35; family, $2@$2.10; rye flour, $3.10@$3.25. Bran steady, but quiet; sacked was saleable for eastern shipment on basis of 60c, east track, but not much offered. Wheat weak; lower; receipts, 106,030 bushels; shipments, 14,017 bushels; September, 62c; October, 62⅛c; December, 66⅜@66⅝c; May, 74⅜c. Corn lower; receipts, 144,305 bushels; shipments, 59,799 bushels; September, 36¼c; October, 37c; December, 36⅜@36¼c; year, 36¼c; May, 40⅝c. Oats nominal; receipts, 37,425 bushels; shipments, 12,249 bushels; September, 27c; October, 26½c; May, 31⅝c. Pork—New selling at $17; on order, $17.25@$17.50. Lard—Prime steam, 9¾c, nominal. Dry-Salt Meats—Shoulders, 7¼c; longs and ribs, 10⅛c; shorts, 11c. Bacon—Boxed shoulders, 8½c; longs, 11¾c; ribs, 11¾c; shorts, 12c. High wines steady at $1.12. Wool market quiet; Missouri and Illinois—Medium combing, 16½@17c; medium short, 15½@16c; light fine, 13@14c; heavy, 11@12c. Kansas and Nebraska—Medium, 14@14½c; coarse, 12@13c; light fine, 11@12c; heavy, 9@12c. Texas and Indian Territory and Arkansas—Medium, 15@15½c; coarse, 13@13½c.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 25.—Flour strong; sales are lively, 1,180 bbls being sold to-day. Spring patents, $4@$4.25; fancy, $3.25@$3.70; family, $2.75@$3. Wheat market very firm at 64c for No. 2; sample red, 63c. Corn—No. 2 white, 46c; No. 3 white, 45c; yellow ear, 48c. Oats—No. 2 white at 33½c; No. 2 mixed light at 33c. Rye—Market steady at 51c for No. 2. Pork—Mess at $16.50; clear mess, $18; family pork, $18; clear family, $20. Kettle lard—Steam leaf at 9¼@9½c; kettle-dried, 9½@9¾c; leaf lard, 9¾c; bakers' lard, 9½c. Bacon steady; sales, shoulders, 9¼c; short rib sides sell at 11¾c; short clear sides at 12¼c; sales boxed short clear sides at 12⅞c. Butter—Fancy Elgin sells at 30c, prime to choice Ohio and Indiana creamery at 24@27c, gathered cream at 25c, dairy quotable at 20@22c, for fancy lots, to consumers and bakers, 16@18c. Eggs—The market is firm; fresh near-by, 15½@16c, loss off. Whisky—Market remains steady; sales of distillers' goods on a basis of $1.12 ₱ gallon were 475 bbls.

PEORIA, Sept. 25.—Corn steady; No. 2, 40½c; No. 3, 39½c; receipts, 30,550 bushels; shipments, 9,150 bushels. Oats irregular; easier; No. 2 white, 28½@29c; No. 3 white, 27¾@28¼c; receipts, 70,400 bushels; shipments, 127,600 bushels. Rye firm; No. 2, 48c; receipts none; shipments, 700 bushels. Whisky—Steady on the basis of $1.12 for high wines; receipts, 65 bbls; shipments, 1,300 bbls.

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

(Should be read DAILY by all interested, as changes may occur at any time.)

Letters for foreign countries need not be specially addressed for dispatch by any particular steamer, except when it is desired to send duplicates of banking and commercial documents, letters not specially addressed being sent by the fastest vessels available.

Foreign mails for the week ending Sept. 30 will close (PROMPTLY in all cases) at this office, as follows:

TUESDAY.—At 6 A. M. for EUROPE, per steamship Havel, via Southampton and Bremen, (letters for Ireland must be directed "per Havel";) at 11 A. M. (supplementary 12 M.) for VENEZUELA and CURACAO, per steamship Philadelphia, (letters for Colombia, via Curacao, must be directed "per Philadelphia.")

WEDNESDAY.—At 3:30 A. M. for EUROPE, per steamship Paris, via Southampton, (letters for Ireland must be directed "per Paris";) at 4 A. M. for IRELAND, per steamship Teutonic, via Queenstown, (letters for other parts of Europe must be directed "per Teutonic";) at 4:30 A. M. for BELGIUM direct per steamship Westernland, via Antwerp, (letters must be directed "per Westernland";) at 11 A. M. for FORTUNE ISLAND, HAITI, and SAVANILLA, &c.; per steamship Andes, (letters for Costa Rica via Limon must be directed "per Andes";) at 1 P. M. for CUBA, per steamship City of Washington, via Havana; at 1 P. M. for LA PLATA COUNTRIES direct, per steamship Merida; at *3 P. M. for PUERTO CORTEZ, per steamship City of Dallas, from New-Orleans; at *3 P. M. for BLUEFIELDS, per steamship Gussie, from New-Orleans; at *3 P. M. for TRUXILLO, per steamship Franklin, from New-Orleans; at 8:30 P. M. for Newfoundland, per steamer from Halifax.

THURSDAY.—At 4:30 A. M. for EUROPE, per steamship Columbia, via Southampton and Hamburg; at 1 P. M. (supplementary 1:30 P. M.) for BERMUDA, per steamship Orinoco; at 1 P. M. (supplementary 1:30 P. M.) for NASSAU, N. P., and SANTIAGO, CUBA, per steamship Cienfuegos.

FRIDAY.—At 4 A. M. for JAMAICA and GREYTOWN per steamship Alert, (letters for Belize, Guatemala, Puerto Cortez, and Truxillo must be directed "per Alert;") at 1 P. M. (supplementary 1:30 P. M.) for WINDWARD ISLANDS, per steamship Muriel, (letters for Grenada, Trinidad, and Tobago must be directed "per Muriel.")

SATURDAY.—At 3:30 A. M. for FRANCE, SWITZERLAND, ITALY, SPAIN, PORTUGAL, and TURKEY, per steamship La Bourgogne, via Havre; at 5 A. M. for EUROPE, per steamship Campania, via Queenstown, (letters for Germany, France, Switzerland, Italy, Spain, Portugal, and Turkey must be directed "per Campania";) at 5:30 A. M. for GERMANY direct, per steamship Elbe, via Bremen, (letters for other parts of Europe, via Southampton and Bremen, must be directed "per Elbe";) at 7:30 A. M. for SCOTLAND direct, per steamship Devonia, via Glasgow, (letters must be directed "per Devonia";) at 7:30 A. M. for NETHERLANDS direct, per steamship Amsterdam, via Rotterdam, (letters must be directed "per Amsterdam";) at 10 A. M. (supplementary 11 A. M.) for CENTRAL AMERICA (except Costa Rica) and SOUTH PACIFIC PORTS per steamship City of Para, via Colon, (letters for Guatemala must be directed "per City of Para";) at 10:30 A. M. for BRAZIL and LA PLATA COUNTRIES, per steamship Maskelyne, via Pernambuco, Bahia, and Rio Janeiro, (letters for Para and Ceara must be directed "per Maskelyne";) at 11 A. M. for SANTIAGO CUBA, per steamship Mexico, (letters for Venezuela and Savanilla, &c., must be directed "per Mexico";) at 11 A. M. for Campeachy, Chiapas, Tabasco, and Yucatan, per steamship Yumuri, (letters for other Mexican States and Cuba must be directed "per Yumuri";) at 11 A. M. for HAITI, CUMANA, and CARUPANO, per steamship Prins Willem I., (letters for other Venezuela ports and for Curacao, Trinidad, British and Dutch Guiana must be directed "per Prins Willem I.")

Mails for China and Japan, per steamship Oceanic (from San Francisco) close here daily up to Oct. *4 at 6:30 P. M. Mails for the Hawaiian Islands, per steamship Australia (from San Francisco) close here daily up to Sept. *24 at 6:30 P. M. Mails for the Society Islands, per ship Tropic Bird, (from San Francisco,) close here daily up to Sept. *24 at 6:30 P. M. Mails for Australia, New-Zealand, Hawaiian, Fiji, and Samoan Islands, per steamship Mariposa, (from San Francisco,) close here daily up to Oct. *14 at 6:30 P. M., (or on arrival at New-York of steamship Etruria with British mails for Australia.) Mails for China, Japan, Hawaii, and Australia via Vancouver (specially addressed only) close at this office daily at 8:30 P. M. Mails for Newfoundland, by rail to Halifax, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 8:30 P. M. Mails for Miquelon, by rail to Boston, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 8:30 P. M. Mails for Cuba, by rail to Tampa, Fla., and thence by steamer, (sailing Mondays and Thursdays,) close at this office daily at 2:30 A. M. Mails for Mexico, overland, unless specially addressed for dispatch by steamer, close at this office daily at 3:00 A. M.

Transpacific mails are forwarded to San Francisco daily and the schedule of closing is arranged on the presumption of their uninterrupted overland transit to San Francisco. Mails from the East arriving ON TIME at San Francisco on the day of sailing of steamers are dispatched thence the same day.

*Registered mail closes at 6 P. M. previous day.

Extra supplementary transatlantic mails are opened on the piers of the American, English, French, and German steamers at the hour of closing of supplementary mails at the Post Office, which remain open until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing of steamer.

CHARLES W. DAYTON, Postmaster.

POST OFFICE, NEW-YORK, N. Y., Sept. 22, 1893.

COTTON MARKETS.

NEW-ORLEANS, Sept. 25.—Cotton opened easy; closed steady; good middling, 8¼c; middling, 7 15-16c; low middling, 7 11-16c; good ordinary, 7 5-16c; net receipts, 5,854 bales; gross, 7,031 bales; sales, 3,000 bales; stock, 56,146 bales.

GALVESTON, Sept. 25.—Cotton quiet; middling, 8 3-16c; low middling, 7⅞c; good ordinary, 7 9-16c; net and gross receipts, 11,702 bales; exports, to Great Britain, 3,916 bales; to France, 4,485 bales; sales, 187 bales; stock, 55,914 bales.

SAVANNAH, Sept. 25.—Cotton quiet; middling, 7¾c; low middling, 7⅜c; good ordinary, 7c; net and gross receipts, 8,223 bales; exports, coastwise, 1,859 bales; sales, 1,225 bales; stock, 55,695 bales.

Travelers' Guide—Shipping.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD S. S. CO.
SHORT ROUTE TO LONDON.

NEW-YORK, SOUTHAMPTON, BREMEN.
FAST EXPRESS STEAMERS.

I. cabin, $70 and upward; II. cabin, $45 and $50, a berth. Steamers sail from foot of 2d St., Hoboken.

Havel, Tu., Sept. 26, 9 A. M.	Spree, Tu., Oct. 10, 11 A. M.
Trave, W., Sept. 27, 9 A. M.	Lahn, Tu., Oct. 17, 10 A. M.
Elbe, Sat., Sept. 30, 9 A. M.	Ems, Sat., Oct. 21, 7 A. M.
Aller, Tu., Oct. 3, 11 A. M.	Havel, Tu., Oct. 24, 9 A. M.
Saale, Sat., Oct. 7, 7 A. M.	Elbe, Sat., Oct. 28, 9 A. M.

MEDITERRANEAN LINE.

New-York to Genoa less than eleven days.

Werra, Oct. 14	Kaiser, Nov. 25	Spree, Jan. 16
Kaiser, Oct. 21	Fulda, Dec. 9	Fulda, Jan. 27
Fulda, Nov. 4	Werra, Dec. 30	Kaiser, Feb. 10
Werra, Nov. 18	Kaiser, Jan. 6	Spree, Feb. 17

Passage, $100, $125, or $150 a berth, first cabin.

OELRICHS & CO., 2 Bowling Green.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN PACKET COMPANY.
FAST LINE TO LONDON.

NEW-YORK, SOUTHAMPTON, HAMBURG.

Twin-screw express steamers.

Columbia, S. 28, 7:30 A. M.	Columbia, Oct. 26, 7 A. M.
A. Victoria, Oct. 5, 1:30 P. M.	A. Victoria, Nov. 2, 12 noon
F. Bismarck, Oct. 19, 12 M.	

First cabin, $75 and upward; second cabin, $50 and upward.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN PACKET CO., 37 B'way, N. Y.

AMERICAN LINE.

NEW-YORK, SOUTHAMPTON, LONDON.

Paris, Sept. 27, 7 A. M.	New-York, Oct. 11, 7 A. M.
Berlin, Oct. 4, 10 A. M.	Paris, Oct. 18, 11:30 A. M.

From Pier 43 N. R., foot of Christopher St.

Shortest and most convenient route to London.

Passengers land at Empress Dock, avoiding inconvenience and exposure of transfer by tender.

First cabin passage to Southampton, London, or Havre, $60 and upward, according to steamer. Second cabin, $35 to $60. Steerage at low rates.

INTERNATIONAL NAVIGATION COMPANY, 6 Bowling Green, New-York.

CUNARD LINE.

TO LIVERPOOL, VIA QUEENSTOWN.

Campania, Sep. 30, 8½ A. M.	Etruria, Oct. 21, 2 P. M.
Umbria, Oct. 7, 4 A. M.	Campania, Oct. 28, 7 A. M.
Lucania, Oct. 14, 8 A. M.	Servia, Oct. 31, 10 A. M.
Aurania, Oct. 17, 10 A. M.	Umbria, Nov. 4, 2 P. M.

From Pier 40 North River, foot of Clarkson St.

Cabin passage, $50 and upward; second cabin, $35 and upward, according to steamer and location. Steerage tickets to and from all parts of Europe at very low rates. For freight and passage apply at company's offices, 4 Bowling Green.

VERNON H. BROWN and CO., General Agents.

ANCHOR LINE.

UNITED STATES MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

FOR GLASGOW VIA LONDONDERRY.

From Pier 54 N. R., foot of West 24th St.

S. S. CITY OF ROME, Saturday, Oct. 14, 8 A. M.

Saloon, $50 and upward. Second cabin, $30.

Devonia, Sept. 30, 9 A. M.	Circassia, Oct. 21, 2 P. M.
Ethiopia, Oct. 7, 3 P. M.	Furnessia, Oct. 28, 8 A. M.

Cabin, $45 and upward. Second cabin, $30. Steerage, outward, $23; prepaid, $24. Cabin excursion tickets at reduced rates. For drafts, tours, &c., apply to HENDERSON BROTHERS, 7 Bowling Green.

WHITE STAR LINE.

*Teutonic, Sept. 27, 7½ A. M.	*Teutonic, Oct. 25, 4 P. M.
Germanic, Oct. 4, noon	Germanic, Nov. 1, 11 A. M.
*Majestic, Oct. 11, 7:30 A. M.	*Majestic, Nov. 8, 6:30 A. M.
Britannic, Oct. 18, 11 A. M.	Britannic, Nov. 15, 9 A. M.

From White Star Dock, foot of 10th St.

Saloon rates, $50 upward, according to steamer and location of berth. *Second cabin on these steamers, $40 and $45. Steerage to or from the old country, $25. 29 Broadway, New-York. Philadelphia office, 406 Walnut St.

H. MAITLAND KERSEY, Agent.

GUION LINE.
FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.

From Pier B, foot of Grand St., Jersey City.

ALASKA..........Saturday, Sept. 30, 9 A. M.
ARIZONA..........Saturday, Oct. 14, 8:30 A. M.
ALASKA..........Saturday, Oct. 28, 8 A. M.

Cabin passage, $50 and upward; second cabin, $35; steerage, $25. A. M. UNDERHILL & CO.,
Telephone, 3,095 Cortlandt. 35 Broadway.

COMPAGNIE GENERALE TRANSATLANTIQUE.

FRENCH LINE TO HAVRE every Saturday.

LA BOURGOGNE, Leboeuf....Sat., Sept. 30, 7 A. M.
LA BRETAGNE, Collier....Sat., Oct. 7, 2 P. M.
LA GASCOGNE, Santelli....Sat., Oct. 14, 6 A. M.
A. FORGET, General Agent, No. 3 Bowling Green.

HEARN. West 14th St.

Trunks, Satchels, Bags, Steamer Chairs, Rugs, &c.

Largest stock and best values in New-York.

COLUMBIAN LINE.
NEW-YORK—COLON.

Panama, South Pacific, Central America, Mexico, and California.

VIA PANAMA RAILROAD.

Sailings from Pier 34, foot Canal St.:

S. S. City of Para..........Saturday, 30th Sept., noon
S. S. Newport..........Tuesday, 10th Oct., noon
S. S. Colombia..........Friday, 20th Oct., noon

For freight, passenger, and general information, apply to the General Agents,

STAMFORD PARRY, HERRON & CO.,
35 Broadway, or pier foot Canal St., N. R.

CANADIAN PACIFIC STEAMSHIPS TO JAPAN AND CHINA.

NEW-YORK TO JAPAN IN 17 DAYS.

Intended sailings from Vancouver:

EMPRESS OF INDIA..........Oct. 16.
EMPRESS OF JAPAN..........Nov. 13.
EMPRESS OF CHINA..........Dec. 11.

E. V. SKINNER, Gen'l East'n Agent, 353 Broadway, N. Y.
EVERETT FRAZAR, China and Japan, Frt. Agt., 69 Wall St., N. Y.

SAVANNAH LINE.—THREE STEAMERS

Weekly from New Pier 35 N. R., foot of Spring St.

S. S. Kansas City..........Tuesday, Sept. 26, 3 P. M.
S. S. Nacoochee..........Thursday, Sept. 28, 3 P. M.
S. S. City of Augusta..........Saturday, Sept. 30, 3 P. M.

Connecting with C. R. R. of Georgia and S. F. and W. R'y for all points in GEORGIA and FLORIDA, SOUTH CAROLINA, ALABAMA, and LOUISIANA. Unsurpassed accommodations. First-class table d'hôte. For freight and passage apply to

J. D. HASHAGEN, E. Agt, S.F. & W. R'y, 261 B'way.
W. H. RHETT, Gen'l Agt Central R. R., 317 B'way.
R. L. WALKER, Agent Ocean Steamship Co.
G. M. SORRELL, Manager, New Pier 35 North River.

CLYDE LINE.

CHARLESTON, S. C., the South and Southwest.
JACKSONVILLE and all Florida Points.

From Pier 29 E. R., (foot of Roosevelt St.,) 3 P. M.
SEMINOLE, Chas. & Jacksonville, Tues., Sept. 26
YEMASSEE, Charleston only, Wednesday, Sept. 27
CHEROKEE, Chas. & Jacksonville, Fri., Sept. 29
ALGONQUIN, Chas. & Jacksonville, Tues., Oct. 3

All steamers have first class passenger accommodations. WM. P. CLYDE & CO., Gen. Agents, 5 Bowling Green, New-York.

FLA. CENT. & PEN. FAST F. & P. LINE via JACKS.
GRT. SO. FRT. & PASS. LINE via CHARLESTON.
T. G. EGER, Gen'l Agt., 379 B'way, N. Y.

OLD DOMINION LINE.

Steamers for NORFOLK, PORTSMOUTH, OLD POINT COMFORT, and NEWPORT NEWS, connecting for VIRGINIA BEACH, PETERSBURG, and RICHMOND, Va., and WASHINGTON, D. C.—Tues., Wed., Thurs., and Sat. For RICHMOND via JAMES RIVER—Wed. and Sat. For WEST POINT, Va.—Tues., Thurs., and Sat. From Pier 26 N. R., foot Beach St., 3 P. M. Through tickets and freight rates to all points South and West. Apply at general office of company, on pier, or at 5, 11, 229, 239, 261, 287, 317A, 362, 849, 944, and 1,225 Broadway.

W. L. GUILLAUDEU, Traffic Manager.

Travelers' Guide—Railroads.

N. Y., ONTARIO & WESTERN R. R.

Excursion Tickets, New-York to Chicago and Return, $28.00.

SPECIAL COACH EXCURSION ON THURSDAY, SEPT. 28, MONDAY, OCT. 2, WEDNESDAY, OCT. 11, TUESDAY, OCT. 17, SATURDAY, OCT. 21, AT $17.00.

Through trains for Chicago and the World's Fair leave foot of West 42d St. as follows, 15 minutes earlier from Franklin St.:

9:45 A. M. daily, via Niagara Falls. Through Pullman sleepers New-York to Chicago. Reclining-chair cars free to Niagara Falls. Arrives Detroit 1:45 P. M., Chicago 8:30 P. M., St. Louis 7:45 A. M.

7:45 P. M. daily, via Niagara Falls. Reclining-chair car (seats free) New-York to Niagara Falls. Through Pullman sleepers New-York to Chicago. Arrives Detroit 9:40 P. M., Chicago 7:32 A. M., St. Louis 8:00 P. M.

9:45 A. M. (daily) for Middletown, Fallsburgh, Monticello, Liberty, White Lake, Carbondale, Scranton, Walton, Delhi, Sidney, Norwich, Utica, Rome, Oneida, Fulton, Oswego, and Niagara Falls.

3:15 P. M. (except Sunday) Vestibule Limited for Lake Mohonk, Lake Minnewaska, and Wallkill Valley railroad stations, Campbell Hall, Middletown, Ellenville, Mountain Dale, Centreville, Fallsburgh, Monticello, Hurleyville, Liberty Falls, Liberty, Parksville, and Livingston Manor.

7:45 P. M. (daily) for Middletown, Summitville, Fallsburgh, Liberty, Livingston Manor, Rockland, Walton, Sidney, Norwich, Oneida, Fulton, Oswego, and Niagara Falls.

Tickets and Pullman accommodations: 371 Broadway. New-York Transfer Company calls for and checks baggage to destination.

J. C. ANDERSON, G. P. A., 56 Beaver St., New-York.

ERIE LINES.

Through trains for Chicago and the West leave New-York, foot of Chambers St., daily as follows, and five minutes earlier from West 23d St.:

10:00 A. M.—Solid train to Chicago. Pullman sleeper via Chautauqua Lake. Parlor car New-York to Buffalo and Niagara Falls. Dining car.

3:00 P. M.—Vestibule Limited. Solid train for Chicago, via Chautauqua Lake. Sleepers to Chicago, Cleveland, and Cincinnati. Dining car.

6:30 P. M.—Solid train to Chicago via Niagara Falls. Sleepers to Buffalo and Chicago.

8:30 P. M.—Via Chautauqua Lake and Niagara Falls. Solid train to Chicago. Sleepers to Hornellsville, Chicago, and Cincinnati.

Tickets and Pullman accommodations at 261, 291, 401, 849, and 957 Broadway, 156 West St., 156 East 125th St., Chambers and West 23d St. Ferries, New-York; 333 Fulton St., Brooklyn; 200 Hudson St., Hoboken, and Jersey City Station. Erie Transfer Company calls for and checks baggage from hotels and residences to destination.

WORLD'S FAIR WEEKLY EXCURSIONS, $80, including six days' hotel, with board. Holy Land Excursions, Jan. 16, Feb. 17, and Round the World, Oct. 19 and Nov. 24.
H. GAZE & SONS, 113 B'dway, N. Y. (Est. 1844.)
Official Ticket Agents for the chief Trunk Lines.

Travelers' Guide—Railroads.

"AMERICA'S GREATEST RAILROAD."

NEW YORK CENTRAL & HUDSON RIVER R. R.

DIRECT LINE TO NIAGARA FALLS

All trains arrive at and depart from Grand Central Station, 42d Street; the only railroad station in the City. Trains leave as follows:

VERY LOW RATE EXCURSIONS TO WORLD'S FAIR EVERY WEEK.

FOR PARTICULARS SEE TICKET AGENT.

EMPIRE STATE EXPRESS.
8:30 A. M.—Except Sunday. Fastest train in the world. No extra fare.

CHICAGO FAST MAIL.
9:10 A. M.—Daily for Buffalo, Niagara Falls, and Chicago. No extra fare.

NEW-YORK AND CHICAGO LIMITED.
10:00 A. M.—Daily for Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Detroit, Cleveland, and Chicago. Wagner Service.

DAY EXPRESS.
10:30 A. M.—Except Sunday. Saturday train runs to Cleveland and Detroit only.

WORLD'S FAIR SPECIAL.
1:00 P. M.—Daily. Due Chicago 1:45 P. M. next day. Wagner Service.

SOUTHWESTERN LIMITED.
1:00 P. M.—Daily. Due Cincinnati 10:45 A. M., St. Louis 7:30 P. M. No extra fare.

EXPOSITION FLYER, (LIMITED.)
GREAT 20-HOUR TRAIN TO CHICAGO.
FOR THROUGH PASSENGERS ONLY.
3:00 P. M.—Daily. Due Chicago 10 A. M. next day. Complete Wagner Service.

ALBANY, TROY, & SARATOGA SPECIAL.
3:30 P. M.—Except Sunday. Wagner Drawing-room Cars.

NORTH SHORE LIMITED.
4:30 P. M.—Daily. Due Detroit 8:55 A. M., Chicago 4:30 P. M. Wagner Service.

FAST WESTERN EXPRESS.
6:00 P. M.—Daily. Due Chicago 9:00 P. M., St. Louis 7:45 A. M. Wagner Service.

NORTHERN EXPRESS.
6:25 P. M.—Daily. Due Burlington 4:45 A. M., Plattsburg 5:08, Montreal 7:30 A. M.

BUFFALO AND NIAGARA FALLS.
7:30 P. M.—Daily. Due Buffalo 7:30, Niagara Falls 8:50 A. M. Wagner Service.

LIMITED FAST MAIL.
9:00 P. M.—Daily. Sleeping Car Passengers for Rochester only carried on this train.

CHICAGO NIGHT EXPRESS.
9:15 P. M.—Daily for Chicago; except Sunday for Clayton, (Thousand Islands.) Wagner Service.

PITTSFIELD, LENOX, NORTH ADAMS, AND THE BERKSHIRE HILLS, VIA HARLEM DIVISION.

Two through trains, with Drawing-room Cars, to Pittsfield daily, except Sunday: 9:01 A. M., due Pittsfield 1:35, North Adams 2:30 P. M.; 3:50 P. M., due Pittsfield 8:10, North Adams 9:10 P. M.

For time of local trains, tickets, and space in Sleeping Cars apply at Grand Central Station or at 113, 261, 413, 785, 942 Broadway, 235 Columbus Av., 53 West 125th St., and 138th St. Station, New-York; 333 Washington St., 726 Fulton St., and 74 Broadway, E. D., Brooklyn.

Above trains, except those leaving at 8:30, 9:10 A. M., 3:00, 3:30, 4:30, and 9:00 P. M., stop at 138th St.

Westcott's Express calls for and checks baggage from hotels and residences through to destination.

JOHN M. TOUCEY, General Manager. GEORGE H. DANIELS, General Pass. Agent.

WEST SHORE RAILROAD.

(N. Y. C. and H. R. R. R. Co., Lessee.)

Excursion Tickets to World's Fair, good for Ten Days, $17; also Round Trip Tickets, good until Nov. 15, $28.00.

Trains leave West 42d St. Station, New-York, as follows, and 15 minutes earlier from foot of Franklin St.:

3:30 A. M. Daily local to Suspension Bridge, except Sundays, west of Coeymans Junction.

7:30 A. M. Daily local to Albany and Saratoga. Parlor car to Albany Sundays only.

10:10 A. M. Daily for Albany, Utica, Syracuse, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Detroit, Chicago, except Saturday for Toronto.

11:35 A. M. Daily, except Sunday, to Catskill Mountains, New-Paltz, Lakes Mohonk and Minnewaska, Albany, Saratoga, Caldwell, Lake George. Parlor cars to Bloomville, Saratoga, and Caldwell.

4:00 P. M. Daily, except Sunday, for Catskill Mountains and Albany.

5:15 P. M. Daily for Albany, Montreal, Utica, Syracuse, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Toronto, Detroit, Cleveland, and Chicago.

6:30 P. M. Daily, except Sunday, for Newburg, Albany, Saratoga, and Montreal. Parlor car to Kingston.

8:15 P. M. Daily for Albany, Utica, Syracuse, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Toronto, Detroit, Cleveland, and Chicago.

Haverstraw Locals, 7:00 A. M., 2:45, *5:35, 7:45 P. M. Newburg Locals, 8:25, *10:10 A. M., *1:15, 4:30, 5:15, *6:30, *11:45 P. M. *Daily.

Wagner Sleeping Cars for Albany, Utica, Syracuse, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Toronto, Detroit, Cleveland, and Chicago on all through trains.

For tickets, time tables, parlor and sleeping car accommodations, or information, apply offices: Brooklyn, 333 Washington St., 726 Fulton St., Annex Office, foot Fulton St.; New-York City, 113, 291, 363, 785, and 942 Broadway, 143 Bowery, 31 East 14th St., 53 West 125th St., and at stations.

C. E. LAMBERT, General Passenger Agent, 5 Vanderbilt Av., New-York.

COOK'S TOURS TO THE WORLD'S FAIR.

INTENDING TRAVELERS TO CHICAGO ARE INVITED TO CALL UPON US FOR INFORMATION REGARDING CHICAGO AND HOW TO GET THERE.

Tickets at existing rates on sale over the following trunk lines:

Baltimore and Ohio R. R.
Erie Lines.
Lehigh Valley R. R.
New-York Central and Hudson River R. R.
Pennsylvania R. R.

Also sleeping-car accommodations. We have every facility for all classes of travelers.

SELECT PARTIES TO CHICAGO BI-WEEKLY,

including all necessary traveling expenses, visiting WASHINGTON, NIAGARA FALLS, TORONTO, MONTREAL, the ST. LAWRENCE, BOSTON, &c.

California.

A special party will leave New-York on Oct. 23 for the principal resorts of California, spending ONE WEEK AT THE WORLD'S FAIR.

On Nov. 9 a select party, under personal escort, will leave San Francisco for the

Grand Tour of the World.

A few members can still be received. Programmes and full information free from

THOS. COOK & SON,
261 and 1,225 Broadway, New-York.

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN R. R.

Stations in New-York foot of Barclay and Christopher Sts.

VESTIBULED TRAINS, PULLMAN COACHES, SPECIAL COACH EXCURSIONS TO WORLD'S FAIR. TICKETS GOOD 10 DAYS, $17.00. SEPT. 27, OCT. 3, 7, 12, 16, AND 24. EXCURSION TICKETS $28.00, GOOD UNTIL NOV. 15.

Direct route to NEWARK, BLOOMFIELD, MONTCLAIR, THE ORANGES, Summit, Bernardsville, Basking Ridge, Madison, Morristown, Passaic, Paterson, Boonton, Dover, Stanhope, BUDD'S LAKE, LAKE HOPATCONG, Hackettstown, SCHOOLEY'S MOUNTAIN, Washington, PHILLIPSBURG, EASTON, WATER GAP, STROUDSBURG, Pocono Mountains, SCRANTON, PITTSTON, WILKESBARRE, NANTICOKE, DANVILLE, NORTHUMBERLAND, Montrose, BINGHAMTON, OXFORD, NORWICH, Waterville, UTICA, RICHFIELD SPRINGS, Cortland, SYRACUSE, OSWEGO, ITHACA, OWEGO, ELMIRA, CORNING, BATH, DANSVILLE, BUFFALO, and all points WEST, NORTHWEST, and SOUTHWEST.

9:00 A. M.—BUFFALO, RICHFIELD SPRINGS, and OSWEGO EXPRESS. Pullman parlor cars. Connects at Buffalo with train for CHICAGO, arriving at 9:45 next morning.

7:30 A. M.—BINGHAMTON MAIL. Stops at principal stations.

1:00 P. M.—SCRANTON, BINGHAMTON, and ELMIRA EXPRESS. Pullman parlor cars.

4:10 P. M.—SCRANTON, WILKESBARRE, and PLYMOUTH EXPRESS. Pullman parlor cars.

7:30 P. M. (daily)—BUFFALO LIMITED EXPRESS. Pullman sleepers. Arrives at 7:15 A. M.

9:00 P. M. (daily)—BUFFALO, RICHFIELD SPRINGS, and OSWEGO EXPRESS. Pullman sleepers.

TICKETS AND PULLMAN ACCOMMODATIONS at 73 Murray St. and 429 Broadway. Tickets at Ferry Stations, 785 and 942 Broadway, 53 West 125th St., 285 Columbus Av., New-York; 333 Washington St., 726 Fulton St., and 74 Broadway, Brooklyn. Time tables, giving full information, at all stations.

WESTCOTT EXPRESS COMPANY will call for and check baggage from hotel or residence to destination.

New-York and Boston All Rail.

N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. and connections.
From Grand Central Station.

Leave.	By way of	Due.
9:02 A. M.,	Springfield and Worcester,	3:30 P. M.
10:00 A. M.,	**New-London & Providence,	3:00 P. M.
10:03 A. M.,	New-London & Providence,	5:30 P. M.
11:00 A. M.,	Springfield and Worcester,	5:30 P. M.
12:00 M.,	‡Springfield and Worcester,	5:40 P. M.
12:03 P. M.,	Hartford and N. Y. & N. E.,	6:30 P. M.
1:00 P. M.,	New-London and Providence,	7:00 P. M.
2:00 P. M.,	‡New-London & Providence,	7:40 P. M.
3:00 P. M.,	*Willimantic & N. Y. & N. E.,	†8:40 P. M.
4:00 P. M.,	*Springfield and Worcester,	10:00 P. M.
5:00 P. M.,	*New-London & Providence,	11:00 P. M.
11:00 P. M.,	*Springfield and Worcester,	6:15 A. M.
12:00 P. M.,	*New-London & Providence,	7:00 A. M.

*Runs daily, including Sundays.
**Five-hour limited, all parlor cars. Fare, $7, including parlor-car seat.
†Arrival on Sunday twenty minutes later.
‡All parlor cars.
Return service same hours and by same route.
Through parlor or sleeping cars by each train.

C. T. HEMPSTEAD, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

Travelers' Guide—Railroads.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

STATIONS foot of Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets.

In Effect Sept. 11, 1893.

9:00 A. M. COLUMBIAN EXPRESS.—Pullman Sleeping and Dining Cars to Chicago, Cincinnati and Indianapolis. Arrives Cincinnati 6:35 A. M., Indianapolis 7:55 A. M., Chicago 10:00 A. M. next day.

9:00 A. M. FAST LINE.—For Pittsburg and Chicago, Parlor and Sleeping Cars.

12:00 NOON. PENNSYLVANIA LIMITED.—Pullman Drawing and State Room, Sleeping, Dining, Smoking, and Observation Cars. Arrives Chicago 12:00 noon.

2:00 P. M. ST. LOUIS, CINCINNATI, AND CHICAGO EXPRESS.—Pullman Sleeping and Dining Cars to St. Louis, Louisville, and Chicago. Arrives Cincinnati 10:50 A. M., St. Louis 7:30 P. M., Chicago 5:30 P. M.

6:30 P. M. WESTERN EXPRESS.—Pullman Sleeping Cars to Pittsburg, Chicago, and Cleveland. Dining Car to Chicago. Arrives Cleveland 11:40 A. M., Chicago 9:30 P. M. next day.

7:50 P. M. SOUTHWESTERN EXPRESS week days, 7:45 P. M. Sundays—Pullman Sleeping and Dining Cars to Cincinnati and St. Louis. Arrives Cincinnati 6:00 P. M., St. Louis 7:00 A. M. second morning.

8:00 P. M. PACIFIC EXPRESS.—Pullman Buffet Sleeping Car New-York to Chicago. Arrives Chicago 7:30 A. M., (second morning,) Toledo 11:20 P. M., Columbus 7:15 P. M., Cleveland 6:10 P. M., (week days.)

2:00 P. M. SHENANDOAH VALLEY ROUTE daily, with Sleeper to New-Orleans.

BALTIMORE, WASHINGTON, AND THE SOUTH.

10:00 A. M.—"Washington Limited" week days. Pullman Parlor Cars and Dining Car.

3:20 P. M.—"Congressional Limited" daily. Pullman Parlor Cars and Dining Car, arriving Washington 8:25 P. M.

ADDITIONAL EXPRESS TRAINS: 8, 8:30, 9:30, 11 A. M., 2:10, 4:30, 5, 9 P. M., 12:15 night. Sunday, 8:30, 9:30 A. M., 4:30, 5, 9 P. M., 12:15 night.

9:30 A. M.—Atlantic Coast Line Express, daily. Sleepers to Charleston, Columbia, Jacksonville, and Port Tampa; 9 P. M. daily, Sleeper to Jacksonville.

4:30 P. M.—Richmond and Danville Express, daily. Sleepers to Augusta and New-Orleans.

5:00 P. M.—Daily for Chesapeake & Ohio Railway. Through Sleeping and Dining Cars.

FOR OLD POINT COMFORT and NORFOLK via Cape Charles Route, 8 A. M. week days, and with Through Sleeper, 8 P. M. daily.

FOR ATLANTIC CITY, 1 P. M. week days, with Through Buffet Parlor Car.

FOR CAPE MAY, 1 P. M. week days.

For Long Branch, Asbury Park, Ocean Grove, and Point Pleasant, 9:10 A. M., 12:10, (1:20 Saturday only,) 2:30, 3:40, 4:20, 5:10, and 11:45 P. M. week days. Sundays, 9:45 A. M., 5:15 P. M. (Do not stop at Asbury Park and Ocean Grove on Sundays.)

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

Express: 6:20, 7:20, 8, 8:30, 9, 9:30, 10, 11 A. M., (12 noon, Penn's Limited,) 12:20, 1, 2:10, 3, 4, 4:30, 5, 6, 6:30, 7, 7:50, 8, 9 P. M., 12:15 night. Sundays, Express, 6:15, 8:30, 9, 9:30, 10 A. M., (12 noon Limited,) 2, 4, 4:30, 5, 6:30, 7:45, 8, 9 P. M., 12:15 night.

Ticket offices: Nos. 433, 944, 1,196, 1,323, 113, and 261 Broadway, 1 Astor House, 134 East 125th Street, 264 West 125th Street, 251 Columbus Avenue, 737 Sixth Avenue, and foot of Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets; 4 Court Street, 860 Fulton Street, 98 Broadway, and Brooklyn Annex Station, foot of Fulton Street, Brooklyn; 12½ Hudson Street, Hoboken; Station, Jersey City.

The New-York Transfer Company will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences through to destination.

S. M. PREVOST, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, General Pass'r Agent.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW JERSEY

(Anthracite Coal used exclusively, insuring cleanliness and comfort.)

Four tracks. Protected by Automatic Block Signal System. Trains leave Station foot of Liberty St.

Time Table in Effect Sept. 26, 1893.

ROYAL BLUE LINE TO PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE, AND WASHINGTON.

For Philadelphia, week days, 4:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:30 (Dining Car) A. M., 1:30, 2:15, 3:30, (Dining Car,) 4:00, (Buffet Parlor Car,) 5:00, 6:00, 7:30, 8:45 P. M., 12:15 night. Sunday, 9:00, 10:30, 11:30 (Dining Car) A. M., 3:30, (Dining Car,) 5:00, 6:00 P. M., 12:15 night.

For Baltimore and Washington, week days and Sundays, 9:00, 11:30 (Dining Car) A. M., 1:30, 3:30, (Dining Car,) 5:00, 6:00 P. M., 12:15 night.

For Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, &c., 4:00, 7:15, 8:45 A. M., 1:00, 4:30, 5:45, 7:30 to Allentown, P. M. Sundays, 4:30, 7:15 A. M., 1:00, 5:30 P. M.

For Wilkesbarre, Pittston, and Scranton, 8:45 A. M., 4:30 P. M. Sundays, 4:30 A. M.

For Reading at 4:00, 8:00, 8:45, 10:00, 11:30 A. M., 1:00, 1:30, 2:15, 4:00, 5:00, 5:45, 7:30 P. M., 12:15 night, except Saturday night. Sundays, 1:00, 1:30, 3:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00 P. M., 12:15 night.

For Harrisburg at 4:00, 8:00, 8:45 A. M., 1:00, 1:30, 4:00, 5:00, 5:45 P. M., 12:15 night, excepting Saturday night. Sundays, 1:00, 1:30, 5:00, 5:30 P. M., 12:15 night.

For Pottsville at 4:00, 8:00, 8:45, 11:30 A. M., 1:00, 1:30, 4:00, 7:30 P. M., 12:15 night, except Saturday night. Sundays, 1:00, 1:30, 3:30, 6:00 P. M., 12:15 night.

For Sunbury, Lewisburg, and Williamsport at 4:00, 8:00, 8:45 A. M., 1:00, 1:30, 7:30 P. M., 12:15 night, except Saturday night. Sundays, 7:15 A. M., 6:00 P. M., 12:15 night.

ALL-RAIL ROUTE.

For Red Bank, Long Branch, and points south of Point Pleasant, 4:30, 5:50, to Red Bank, 8:15, 11:30 A. M., 1:30, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:30, 6:15 P. M. Sundays, except Ocean Grove and Asbury Park, 9:00 A. M., 4:00 P. M.

For LAKEWOOD, Toms River, Barnegat Park, and Barnegat, 4:30, 8:15 A. M., 1:30, 4:30 P. M.

For Atlantic City, Vineland, and Bridgeton, 4:20 A. M., 1:30 P. M.

For Monmouth Beach, Seabright, and Highland Beach, 4:30, 8:15 A. M., 1:30, 4:30, 6:15 P. M.

SANDY HOOK ROUTE.

FOR LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, &c.
From Pier 8 N. R., foot Rector St.

For Atlantic Highlands, Highland Beach, Seabright, Monmouth Beach, and Long Branch at 10:15 A. M., 3:45 P. M. Sundays, 9:30 A. M.

For Elberon, Ocean Grove, Asbury Park, and Point Pleasant, 3:45 P. M. Sundays, (except Ocean Grove and Asbury Park,) 9:30 A. M.

For Lakewood, Toms River, and Barnegat, 3:45 P. M.

Baltimore & Ohio R. R.

Fast Express Trains to BALTIMORE, WASHINGTON, CHICAGO, CINCINNATI, ST. LOUIS, and all points West.

PULLMAN CAR SERVICE ON ALL TRAINS.

Leave New-York foot of Liberty St.

FOR CHICAGO, 11:30 A. M., 1:30, 6:00 P. M., 12:15 night.

For PITTSBURG, 1:30 P. M., 12:15 night.

For CINCINNATI, ST. LOUIS, 9 A. M., 6 P. M.

For WASHINGTON, BALTIMORE, 9:00 A. M., (11:30 A. M., Dining Car,) 1:30, 3:30 P. M., (Dining Car,) 5:00, 6:00 P. M., 12:15 night. All trains run daily.

For Norfolk, Bay Line, 1:30 P. M., except Sunday.

Ticket offices: 172, 261, 415, 849, and 1,140 Broadway, 31 East 14th St., 400 Grand St., New-York; 344 Fulton St., Brooklyn. STATION FOOT OF LIBERTY ST., C. R. R. of N. J.

New-York Transfer Co. will call for and check baggage from hotel or residence to destination.

Travelers' Guide—Steamboats.

PROVIDENCE LINE,

FOR BOSTON, WORCESTER, PROVIDENCE, WHITE MTS., AND ALL POINTS EAST. Steamers CONNECTICUT and RHODE ISLAND leave Pier 29 (old No.) North River, foot of Warren St., at 5:30 P. M. daily, except Sunday, connecting with trains due Boston 7:15 A. M., Worcester, except Sunday, 8:00 A. M.

STONINGTON LINE,

inside route for BOSTON, PROVIDENCE, and the East. New steel steamers MAINE and NEW HAMPSHIRE leave new Pier 36 N. R., one block above Canal St., at 5:30 P. M. daily, except Sunday.

NORWICH LINE.

FOR BOSTON, WORCESTER, NEW-LONDON, NORWICH, AND ALL POINTS EAST. Leave Pier 40 (old number) North River (next pier above Desbrosses St. Ferry) daily, except Sundays, at 6 P. M., connecting with new express train leaving New-London at 3:35 A. M., reaching Boston 9 A. M., Worcester 7:56 A. M.

NEW-HAVEN.—Fare, $1. Magnificent new twin-screw steel steamer RICHARD PECK, the flier, fastest steamer on Long Island Sound, and palatial steamer C. H. NORTHAM leave Pier 25 E. R. daily (Sundays excepted) at 3 P. M. and 11:30 P. M., connecting with trains for Meriden, Hartford, Springfield, and the North. These steamers are equipped with electric lights and call bells and furnished luxuriously throughout. Through tickets and baggage checked at 944 Broadway, New-York, and 4 Court St., Brooklyn.

HARTFORD LINE.—Steamer HARTFORD leaves Pier 24 East River Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays at 5 P. M. No steamer leaving on opposite days until further notice.

HUDSON RIVER BY DAYLIGHT.

Day Line Steamers,

NEW-YORK or ALBANY.

Daily except Sundays.

Leave Brooklyn, Fulton St., (by Annex,) 8:00 A. M.
" New-York, Desbrosses St., Pier, 8:40 "
" " West 22d St. " 9:00 "

for Albany, landing at West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Rhinebeck, Catskill, and Hudson. Returning leave Albany 8:30 A. M.

MORNING AND AFTERNOON CONCERTS.

ALBANY BOATS.

PEOPLE'S LINE.

Steamers DREW and DEAN RICHMOND leave Old Pier 41 N. R., foot Canal St., at 6 P. M., daily, (Sundays excepted.) Direct connection with trains to points North, East, and West.

HUDSON RIVER STEAMER MARY POWELL.

(DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAYS.)

Leaves Desbrosses St. 3:15 P. M.; Saturdays, 1:45.
Do. West 22d St. 3:30 P. M.; Saturdays, 2.

For CRANSTONS, CORNWALL, NEWBURGH, NEW-HAMBURGH, MILTON, POUGHKEEPSIE, RONDOUT, and KINGSTON.

A.—TROY BOATS.—Steamer City of Troy or Saratoga leaves Pier 46, West 10th St., daily, except Saturday, 6 P. M. Sunday steamer touches at Albany.

CATSKILL, HUDSON, AND COXSACKIE boats leave every week day from Pier 48, foot of West 11th St., N. R., at 6 P. M., connecting at Hudson with Boston and Albany R. R. for all points East.